

NAL'IBALI

Dira gore go bala e be karolo ya bophelo bja lapa la gago ya tšatši ka tšatši

Naa lapa la gago le bala ka mehla? Naa dikanegelo ke karolo ya bophelo bja lapa la gago ya tšatši ka tšatši? Dikarolong ka moka tša lefase, batswadi le batho bao ba bonwago bjalo ka batswadi ba tšewa e le bahlokemedi ba mathomo le barutiši ba bana ba bona. Ba šireletša bana ba bona gomme ba šoma ka maatla go kgonthišetša tlhabollo ya bona ye botse. Go abelana dipuku le dikanegelo ka mehla le bana ke ye nngwe ya ditsela tše bohlokwa kudu tša go godiša tlhabollo ye botse ya bana.

Nka dira bjang gore go bala e be ga boipshino?

Ge eba bana ba gago ba bala feela sekolong le ge ba dira mošomo wa gae, gona ba tla ithuta go tswalanya go bala le mošomo e sego ka lethabo. Re swanetše go balela bana ba rena ge eba re nyaka gore ba ithute gore go bala e ka ba ga boipshino le go thabiša. Se se tla ba hlohleletše go nyaka go bala – le go bala le go feta. Ge o balela bana ba gago, o ba thuša go aga dikamano tša bophelo ka moka le dipuku le go bala. Gape go na le dinyakišo tše dintši tše di bontšago gore ge bana ba bala kudu ka gae, ba šoma gabotse sekolong.

Nka dira bjang gore go bala e be karolo ya bophelo bja lapa lešo bja tšatšia ka tšatši?

- **E ba mohlala.** Ge bana ba gago ba go bona o bala ka mehla le mehla, ba ithuta gore go bala go bohlokwa! Boledišana le bana ba gago ka seo o se balago gomme o ba hlohleletše go botšisa dipotišo ka sona.
- **Ba balele.** Dula fase le bana ba gago gomme le ipshine ka puku mmogo – gomme o dire se letšatši le lengwe le lengwe! Go fetša nako ya go homola le ya go iketla mmogo mola o bala go go thuša go kgokagana le bana ba gago.
- **Hlabolla boitshepo bja bana.** Leboga maiteko a bana ba gago a go bala, go no swana le ge o ile wa leboga mantšu a bona a mathomo! Ba fe thekgo ye ntši go hlabolla boitshepo bja bona– seo ke seripagare sa ntwa ya go ithuta. A ba kgethe selo seo ba nyakago go se bala le ge se le bothatanyana go bona. Theeletša go bala ga bona gomme o ipshine feela ka go ba theeletša, ntle le go ba phosolla, ntle le ge ba kgopela thušo ya gago.

Phato ke Kgwedi ya Basadi!

Ke ka baka laeng o sa hlohleletše lapa la gago go bala dipuku le dikanegelo tše di ngwadilwego ke basadi goba tše di bontšago basadi bao ba nago le tutuetšo e le baanegwa ba bagolo?



Drive your
imagination

Make reading a part of your family's daily life

Does your family read regularly? Are stories part of your family's daily life? In all parts of the world, parents and parental figures are seen as the primary caregivers and teachers of their children. They protect their children and work hard to ensure their positive development. Regularly sharing books and stories with children is one of the most important ways to boost children's positive development.

How do I make reading enjoyable?

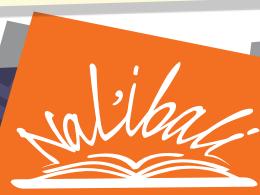
If your children only read at school and when they do homework, then they will learn to link reading with work and not with pleasure. We need to read to our children if we want them to learn that reading can be enjoyable and entertaining. This will inspire them to *want* to read – and then to read more and more. When you read to your children, you help them to build a lifelong relationship with books and reading. There are also lots of research studies to show that the more children read at home, the better they do at school.

How do I make reading part of my family's daily life?

- ★ **Be a role model.** When your children see you reading on a regular basis, they learn that reading is important! Talk to your children about what you are reading and encourage them to ask questions about it.
- ★ **Read to them.** Sit with your children and enjoy a book together – and then do this every day! Spending quiet, relaxing times together while you read helps you connect with your children.
- ★ **Develop children's confidence.** Value your children's attempts to read, just like you valued their first words! Give them lots of support to develop their confidence – that's half the battle with learning. Let them choose something that they want to read even if it is a little difficult for them. Listen to their reading and just enjoy listening to them, without correcting them, unless they ask for your help.

August is Women's Month!

Why not encourage your family to read books and stories written by women or that feature inspiring women as main characters?



IT STARTS WITH
A STORY.
GO THOMA KA
KANEKOLO.

Dipeu tša tsebo ya go Ithuta ya go Bala le go Ngwala!

Ge botate ba thuša go hlokomela bana
ba bona, bobedi bja bona ba a fenza!

Literacy Seeds!

When fathers help care for their children, both win!

Kamano ye botse magareng ga tate le ngwana wa gagwe e na le khuetšo ye kgolo le ya go ya go ile kgolong yeo e phetšego gabotse ya ngwana. Ge botate ba fepa, ba hlapiša, ba hlokomela le go bapala le bana ba bona ka mehla, bana ba feleletša ba itshepa kudu le go aga ditswalano tše di tiilego le ba bangwe. Le gona ba feleletša ba šoma bokaone sekolong le yunibesithing gomme ba bopa bogwera le ba bangwe gabonolo.



A good relationship between a father and his child has a deep and lasting impact on the positive development of a child. When fathers feed, bathe, care for and play with their children regularly, these children tend to be more confident and build stronger relationships with others. They also tend to do better at school and university and form friendships with others more easily.



E botse go bona!

Khuetšo ye mpe ya botate ya go se dirišane ka mehla le bana ba bona e bonagala ka nako yeo bana ba tsenago sekolong sa bomapimpane. Bana ba, kudu bašemane, ba feleletša ba eba bogale go ba bangwe ba mengwaga ya bona, go sa šešwe kamano ya bona le bommago bona.



Bana bao ba nago le botate bao ba tšeago karolo ka mafolofolo kgodišong ya bona:

1. ba ba le mabokgoni a makaone a polelo, temogo, le go rarolla mathata. Ge botate ba fetša nako ye ntši ba bapala le bana ba bona, dintlha tša bana tša mmetse le tša go bala di a kaonefala.
2. ba ba le boitaolo bjo bokaone le go laola maikutlo le boitshwaro bja bona ka ditsela tše di amogelegago leagong. Botate gantsi ba feleletša ba hlotla mellwane ya bana ba bona ka go ba hloholetša go ipea kotsing tikologong ye e bolokegilego, go swana le go leka papadi ye mpsha, go sepela– le go wa– godimo ga pimo goba go dira segwera le motho yo moswa.
3. ba feleletša ba eba le kgotlelelo kudu le go se fele pelo. Ba kgona go šomana le maitemogelo a go gatelela monagano le ao a šarakanyago bokaone, ga se gantsi ba tsena mathateng ka gae, sekolong le setšhabeng, ebole ga se gantsi mo ba nyamago go fetiša le go ba le kgatelelo ya monagano.



Children with fathers who are actively engaged in their upbringing:

1. have better language, cognitive and problem-solving skills. The more time fathers spend playing with their children, the better the children's math and reading scores are.
2. have better self-control and manage their feelings and behaviour in socially acceptable ways. Fathers tend to challenge their children's boundaries by encouraging them to take risks in a safe environment, like trying a new sport, walking on – and falling off – a balance beam or making friends with someone new.
3. tend to be more resilient and patient. They are better able to deal with stressful and frustrating experiences, are less likely to get in trouble at home, in school and in the community, and are less likely to become overly sad and depressed.



Drive your imagination



Seo ke selo se sebotse go tate!

Botate bo fetola bophelo, go botate le masea. Le ge go ba tate go lapiša ka dinako tše dingwe, go a swanelā mabapi le boithabišo bjo o bo hwetšago go tšwa kamanong ya lerato le ngwana wa gago.



1. Go fetša nako le ngwana wa gago go hlohlleletša dikarolo tše di swanago tša bjoko bja gago tše di šomago ge o ratana. Go kgomagana ga ka letlalo le ngwana wa gago go dira gore bjoko bja gago le bja ngwana wa gago bo lokolle oxytocin, e lego khemikhale ya tlhago yeo e oketšago maikutlo a lerato le go bontšha lerato.
2. Dilo tše di tlago pele go banna di a fetoga ge ba na le bana. Botate bao ba amegago go hlokomeleng ga bana ba bona ba itemogela lethabo le kgotsofalo ge ba dirišana le bana ba bona.



Dikgopoloo tša go dira gore botate ba amege

1. **Bolela, balela le go opelela lesea la gago.**
Masea a šetše a kgona go kwa le go lemoga mantšu dikgweding tše 3 tša mafelelo tša boimana, ka fao thoma ka pela gomme o tšwele pele ka morago ga ge ngwana a belegwe!
2. **Tsenela diketelo tša ngaka ge o kgona.** O tla kgona go bona kgolo le tlhabollo ya lesea la gago gomme wa ikwa o kgokagane kudu le leseana la gago pele ga pelego.
3. **Thekga mekgwa ye mebotse ya phela.** Bjalo ka batswadi, ejang dijо tša phepo gomme le efoge go kgoga le go nwa nakong ya boimana. Se se tla dira gore go be bonolo go thoma le go thabela mokgwa wa bophelo bjo bobotse bjalo ka lapa.
4. **Eba gona lebakeng la go šokwa le pelego.**
Botate ba bantsi ba hwetša gore go kopana le masea a bona ka pejana ka morago ga ge a belegwe go ba thuša go kgokagana bokaone le masea a bona.



Ka moo o ka dirišago dikanegelo tša rena ka ditsela tša go fapanā

1. **Anegele ngwana wa gago kanegelo.** Bala kanegelo gomme o itwaetše go e anega. Ke moka diriša lentšu la gago, sefahlego le mmele go phediša kanegelo.
2. **Balela ngwana wa gago kanegelo.** Boledisanang ka diswantšho. Mmotšise go re, "O nagana gore go tlo direga eng ka morago?" goba "O nagana gore ke ka lebaka la eng manegwa yo a boletše selo se goba a dirile selo se?"
3. **Bala kanegelo le ngwana wa gago.** Šiedisanang ka go bala kanegelo le le mmogo. O se ke wa mo phošolla mo a dirago diphošo, mo thuše feela ge a kgopela thušo.
4. **Theeletša ngwana wa gago ge a bala.** Mo theeletše ntle le go mo tsena ganong. Mmotše gore o thabela go mo kwa a go balela.
5. **Dirang mešongwana ya Dira gore kanegelo e be le bophelo!**
Se se swanetše go thabiša wena le ngwana wa gago.

It's good for the dad!

Fatherhood is life-changing, for dads and for babies. As tiring as being a dad is at times, it is worth the enjoyment you will get from a loving relationship with your child.



1. Spending time with your baby stimulates the same parts of your brain that are activated when falling in love. Having skin-to-skin contact with your baby makes your and your baby's brain release oxytocin, which is a natural chemical that increases feelings of love and affection.
2. Men's priorities change when they have children. Fathers who are involved with the care of their children regularly, experience happiness and satisfaction when they interact with their children.



Ideas to get dads involved

1. **Talk, read and sing to your baby.**
Babies can already hear and recognise voices during the last three months of pregnancy, so start early and continue after the baby is born!
2. **Attend doctor's visits if you can.** You will be able to see your baby's growth and development and feel more connected to your little one before birth.
3. **Support healthy habits.** As parents, eat healthy foods and avoid smoking and drinking during pregnancy. This will make it easier to begin and enjoy a healthy lifestyle as a family.
4. **Be there for labour and delivery.**
Many dads find that meeting their baby right after birth helps them bond with their babies.



How to use our stories in different ways

1. **Tell the story to your child.** Read and practise telling the story. Then use your voice, face and body to bring the story to life.
2. **Read the story to your child.** Talk about the pictures. Ask, "What do you think happens next?" or "Why do you think the character said or did that?"
3. **Read the story with your child.** Take turns to read the story together. Don't correct their mistakes, and only help if they ask for it.
4. **Listen to your child read.** Listen without interrupting. Say that you enjoy hearing them read aloud to you.
5. **Do the Get story active! activities.**
This should be fun for you and your child.



Drive your imagination

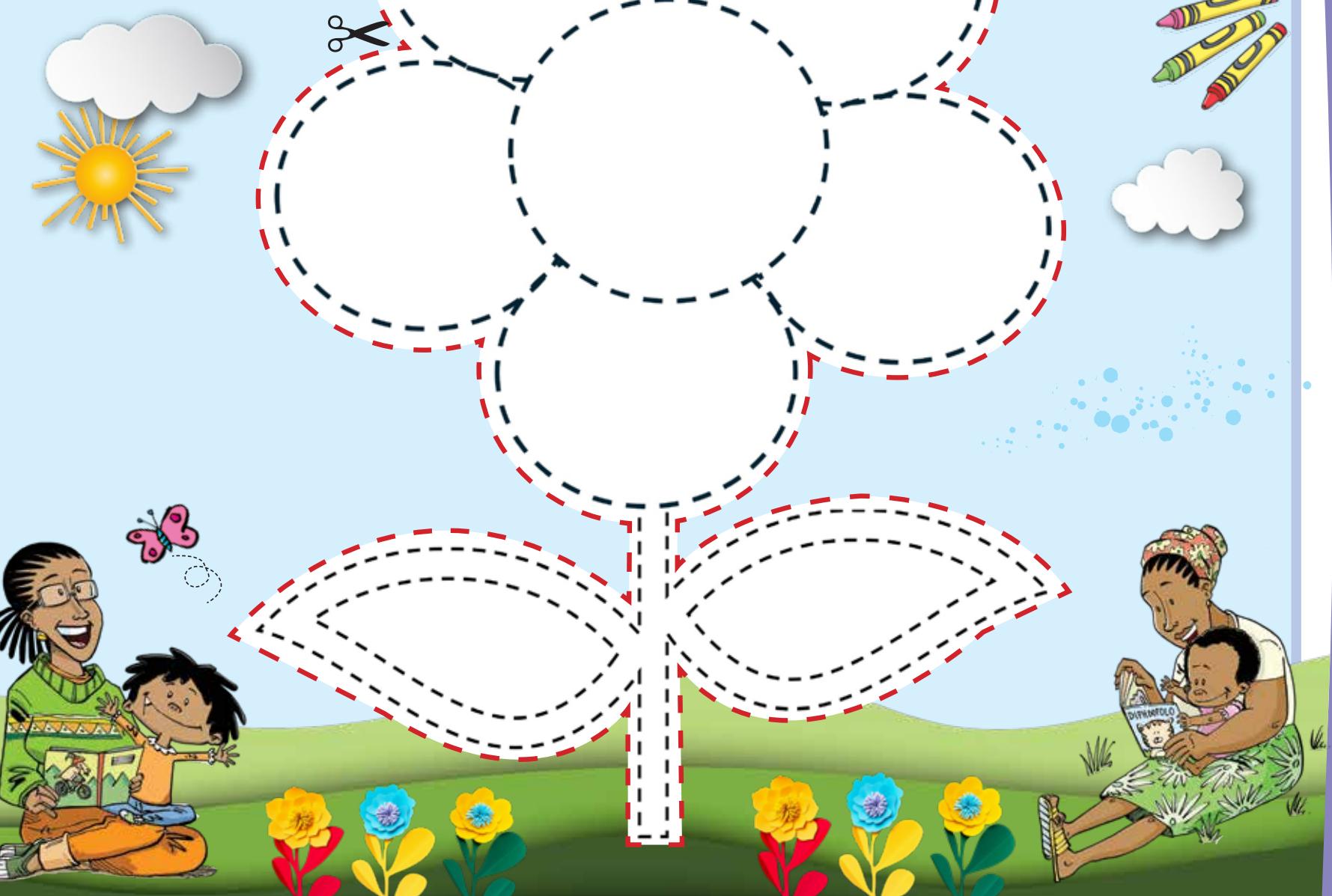


E ba le boitlhamele!

Phato ke Kgwedi ya Basadi!

 Latela dikgato tša moo tlase go direla mosadi yo o mo ratago karata ya Letšatši la Basadi.

1. Seg a bapela le mothaladi wa marontho a mahubedu go sega karata.
2. Seg a seripa se se sesane sa khatebote sa bogolo bja seswantšho sa letšoba, mohlala, go tšwa lepokising la serele.
3. Šomiša sekgomaretši go kgomaretša seswantšho godimo ga khatebote.
4. Thala go bapela le methaladi ya marontho a letšoba, kutu le matlakala.
5. Thala sefahlego sa mosadi yo a tlago amogela karata bogareng bja letšoba.
6. Go phethale ye nngwe le ye nngwe, ngwala lentšu letee leo le mo hlalošago.
7. Ngwala leina la gagwe mo matlakaleng.
8. Balafatša seswantšho.
9. O ka tsenya dikonopi gape, diphetha, diripana tša leise goba dikgadimši go kgabiša karata ya gago.



Godiša bokgobapuku bja gago. Itlhamele dipuku tša ripa-o-boloke tše PEDI

1. Ntšha matlakala a **5** go fihla ka **12** a tlaleletšo ye.
2. Letlakala la pampiri la go ba le matlakala a **5**, **6**, **11** le **12** le dira puku e tee. Letlakala la pampiri la matlakala a **7**, **8**, **9** le **10** a dira puku ye nngwe.
3. Diriša letlakala la pampiri le lengwe le le lengwe go dira puku. Latela ditaelo tša ka tlase go dira puku ye nngwe le ye nngwe.
 - a) Mena letlakala ka bogare go bapela le mothaladi wa marontho a maso.
 - b) Le mene ka bogare gape go bapela le mothaladi wa marontho a matalamorogo.
 - c) Ripa go bapela le methaladi ya marontho a mahubedu.



Get creative!

August is Women's Month!

 Follow the steps below to make a Women's Day card for a woman that you love.

1. Cut along the red dotted line to cut out the card.
2. Cut some thin cardboard the same size as the flower picture, for example, from a cereal box.
3. Use glue to paste the picture onto the cardboard.
4. Draw along the dotted lines of the flower, stem and leaves.
5. Draw the face of the woman that will receive the card in the centre of the flower.
6. In each petal, write one word that describes her.
7. Write her name in the leaves.
8. Colour in the picture.
9. You can also add buttons, beads, pieces of lace or glitter to decorate your card.



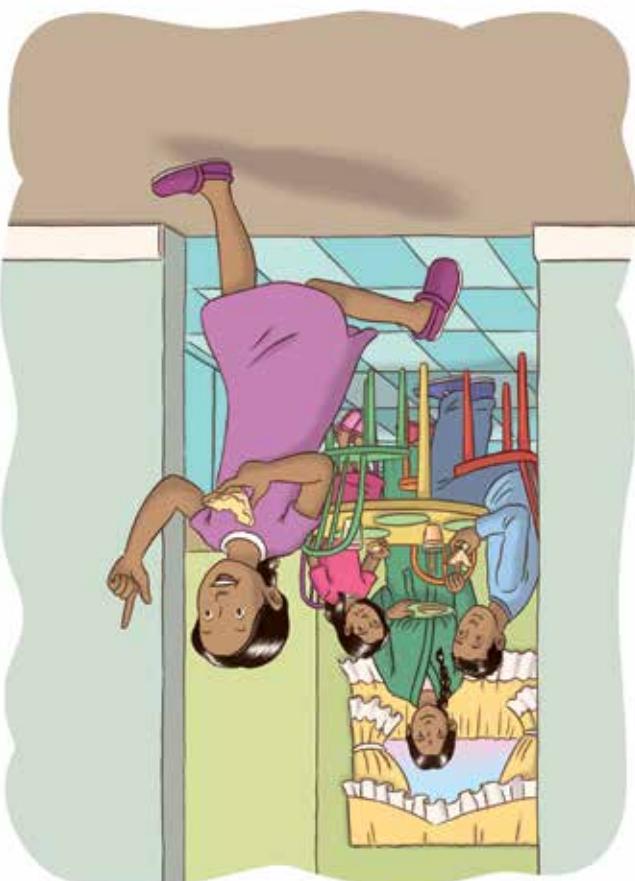
Grow your own library. Create TWO cut-out-and-keep books

1. Take out pages **5** to **12** of this supplement.
2. The sheet with pages **5**, **6**, **11** and **12** on it makes up one book. The sheet with pages **7**, **8**, **9** and **10** on it makes up the other book.
3. Use each of the sheets to make a book. Follow the instructions below to make each book.
 - a) Fold the sheet in half along the black dotted line.
 - b) Fold it in half again along the green dotted line.
 - c) Cut along the red dotted lines.



Drive your
imagination

Amyber o ile a myemylea. O tsebile gaboutse seo a bego a nyaka go se dira. O be a do ya go hwetsa nito yeo e nago le mafasetera a gauta.



Amyber smiled. She knew exactly what she wanted to do. She was going to go and find the house with the golden windows.

This story is an adaptation of *The Golden Windows* by Laura E. Richards. This story was specially created for Nal'ibali to spark children's potential through storytelling and reading for enjoyment.



Kanegelo ye ke photošo ya *The Golden Windows* ka Laura E. Richards. Kanegelo ye e hlamilwe ka go kgethega bakeng sa Nal'ibali go hlohlleletša bana go dirisa dikanegelo le go balela boipshino.

Get story active!

- ★ What do you love most about your home? Write a few sentences about the people or things in your home that you love.
- ★ If you could change one thing about your home, what would it be?
- ★ Draw a picture of your dream home.

Dira gore kanegelo e be le bophelo!

- ★ Ke eng seo o se ratago kudu ka legae la geno? Ngwala mafoko a mmalwa ka ga batho goba dilo tseo o di ratago ka legae la geno.
- ★ Ge eba o be o ka fotoša selo setee ka legae la geno, e be e tla ba eng?
- ★ Thala seswantšho sa legae la gago la ditoro.

Nal'ibali is a national reading-for-enjoyment campaign to spark and embed a culture of reading across South Africa. For more information, visit www.nalibali.org.



Nal'ibali ke lesolo la go-balela-boipshino la bosetšhaba la go utolla le go tsenyeletša setšo sa go bala go selaganya Afrika Borwa ka bophara. Go hwetsa tshedimošo ye nngwe, etela www.nalibali.org.



Drive your imagination

8
Kitimela ka nthe ga moral. go kgechha seo ke nyakago go se dira pelé, gomme a tše dimtsi kudu tše ke nyakago go di dira pelé. Ga ke kgone Sei wa Amyber o ile a goelétsa ka lethabo. "Co na le dillo gomme le le somile gaboutse."

"E, a realo tatago bona, "Iphshinenge ka letšati la Lena sengewe seo le se ratago! "A realo tatago bono. Sepelang le dire se sengewe le se makuthuso lehono. Sepelang le dire se sengewe le ra nagaana gore bobedi bja lena le swaneteše go ba le mattala kudu, "A realo mago bona, "ka fao re ile moraleng, "Lena basetsana ka bobedi le somile ka ba jéle diyihlo momego tafoleng ye nnyane ya ka mesong yeo e latelago, Amyber le sesi wa gagwe ba

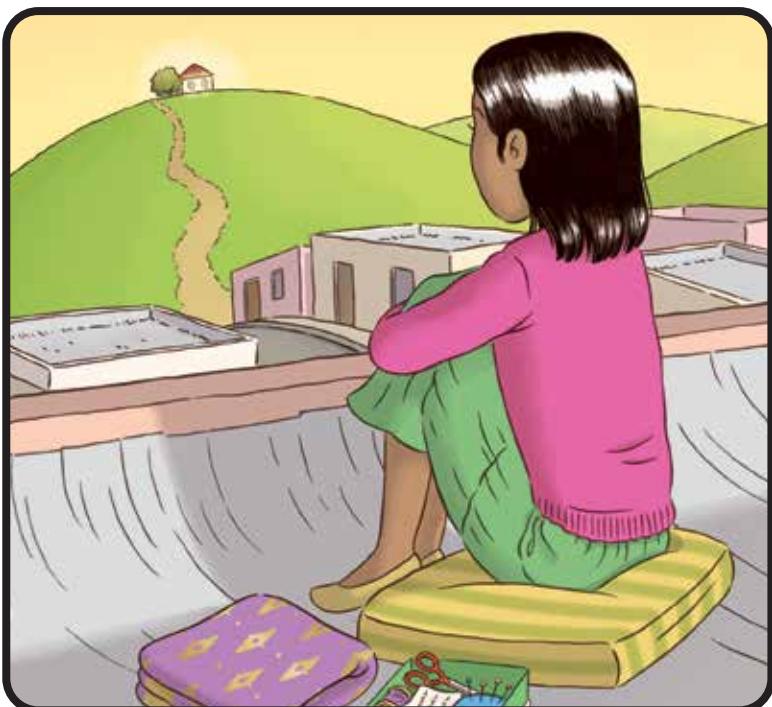
I want to do first! and she rushed out of the kitchen. so many things that I want to do! I can't choose what Amyber's sister shrieked with excitement. "There are it well." "Yes," said their father. "Enjoy your day and use have a holiday today. Go and do whatever you wish!" mother, "so we thought that the two of you should "You girls have both worked very hard," said their breakfast together at the tiny kitchen table. The next morning, Amyber and her sister had

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The house with the golden windows



Ntlo yeo e nago le mafasetera a gauta

Kirstin Hartmann • Natalie Hinrichsen
• Tamsin Hinrichsen

Ideas to talk about: What do you think the story is about when you read the title? Why do you think the house has golden windows? Who or what do you think lives in the house?

Dikgopollo tše le ka bolelagoo ka tšona: O nagana gore kanegelo e bolela ka eng ge o bala thaetle? Ke ka lebaka la eng o nagana gore ntlo e na le mafasetera a gauta? Ke mang goba ke eng yeo o naganago gore e dula ka ntlong?

Gomme bɔ̄səgong b̄oo Amber o ilie a lora ka ntido yeo e
yela. E swanet̄e go ba e le kaaone kudu go feta ya rena.
diphaposi t̄se dlikgolo le sekgoba se segolo ka ntido ng
ntidong ya go swana le yeo. Ke a likana goré ba na le
“Oo”, a realo Amber. Ke du ma ge nkabé ke dula ka



dreamed of the house with the golden windows.
must be so much better than ours.” And that night Amber
they have big rooms and lots of space in that house. It
“Oh,” said Amber. “I wish I lived in a house like that. I bet

Amber lived in a small, square house on a narrow street on the side of a hill. Her family all worked very hard. Her mother made beautiful dresses for women, and her father made smart suits for men.

Amber o be a dula ka ntlóng ye nnyane, ya sekwere mmileng wo mosesane sesane ka lehlakoreng la mmoto. Lapa la gabó ka moka le šomile ka maatla kudu. Mmagwe o roka diroko t̄se dibotse t̄sa basadi, gomme tatagwe o roka disutu t̄sa maemo a godimo t̄sa banna.

na gauta le gatee.
nagna. O ilie a fihla lebabing la ka Pele efela go be go se
“Molhomongwe ke swanet̄e go dlikololela ka Pele.” a
gabo... ebile o be a sa kgone go bona mafasetera a gauta.
a bona goré ntido yeo e be e se ye kgolo kudu go feta ya
go fihela a fihla nthene ya mmoto. O ilie a makala ge
gauta ya makgonthe Pele. O be a se a ka a bona
da lebeléega biang ka bokgauswi. O be a se a nagna goré ntido e
Ge a sepeka go bapeka le tsela, o ilie a nagna goré ntido e

She got to the front door but there was no gold at all.
“Perhaps I should walk around the front,” she thought
windows.

her own home ... and she could not see any golden
to see that the house was not much bigger than
finally arrived at the top of the hill. She was surprised
real gold before. She walked for a long time until she
house would look like up close. She had never seen
As she walked along the road, she imagined what the



Diboko le tšona di rata matlakala.



Some children love bugs. But do they love all kinds of bugs?
This story was specially created for Nal'ibali to spark children's potential through storytelling and reading for enjoyment.

Bana ba bangwe ba rata dikhunkhwane. Efela ba rata mehuta ka moka ya dikhunkhwane?
Kanegelo ye e hlamilwe ka go kgethega bakeng sa Nal'ibali go hlohlaleletša bana go diriša dikanegelo le go balela boipshino.

Get story active!

- ★ Which bug in this story is your favourite one? Why?
- ★ Draw a picture of any bug that you like. Write a caption under your picture. Start like this: I love ...
- ★ Are you afraid of spiders? What important work do spiders do in our environment?
- ★ What can you say or do to teach your family and friends not to kill bugs unnecessarily.

Dira gore kanegelo e be le bophelo!

- ★ Ke khunkhwane efe ka kanegelong ye yeo o e ratago? Ka lebaka la eng?
- ★ Thala seswantšo sa khunkhwane efe goba efe yeo o e ratago. Ngwala khephšene ka fase ga seswantšo sa gago. Thoma ka tsela ye: Ke rata...
- ★ Naa o tshaba digokgo? Ke mošomo ofe wa bohlakwa woo digokgo di o kgathago tikologong ya rena?
- ★ Ke eng seo o ka se bolelagoo goba wa se dira go ruta ba lapa le bagwera gore ba se ke ba bolaya dikhunkhwane ntle le lebaka?

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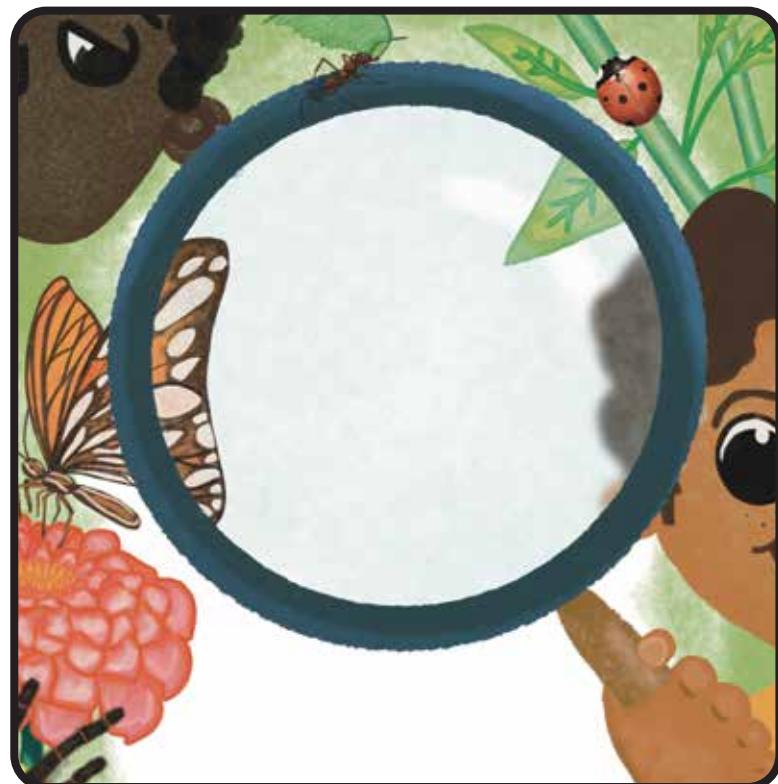


Drive your imagination



Caterpillars love leaves too.

Some children love bugs



Bana ba bangwe ba rata dikhunkhwane

Brigotte Naicker • Saskia Rezelman

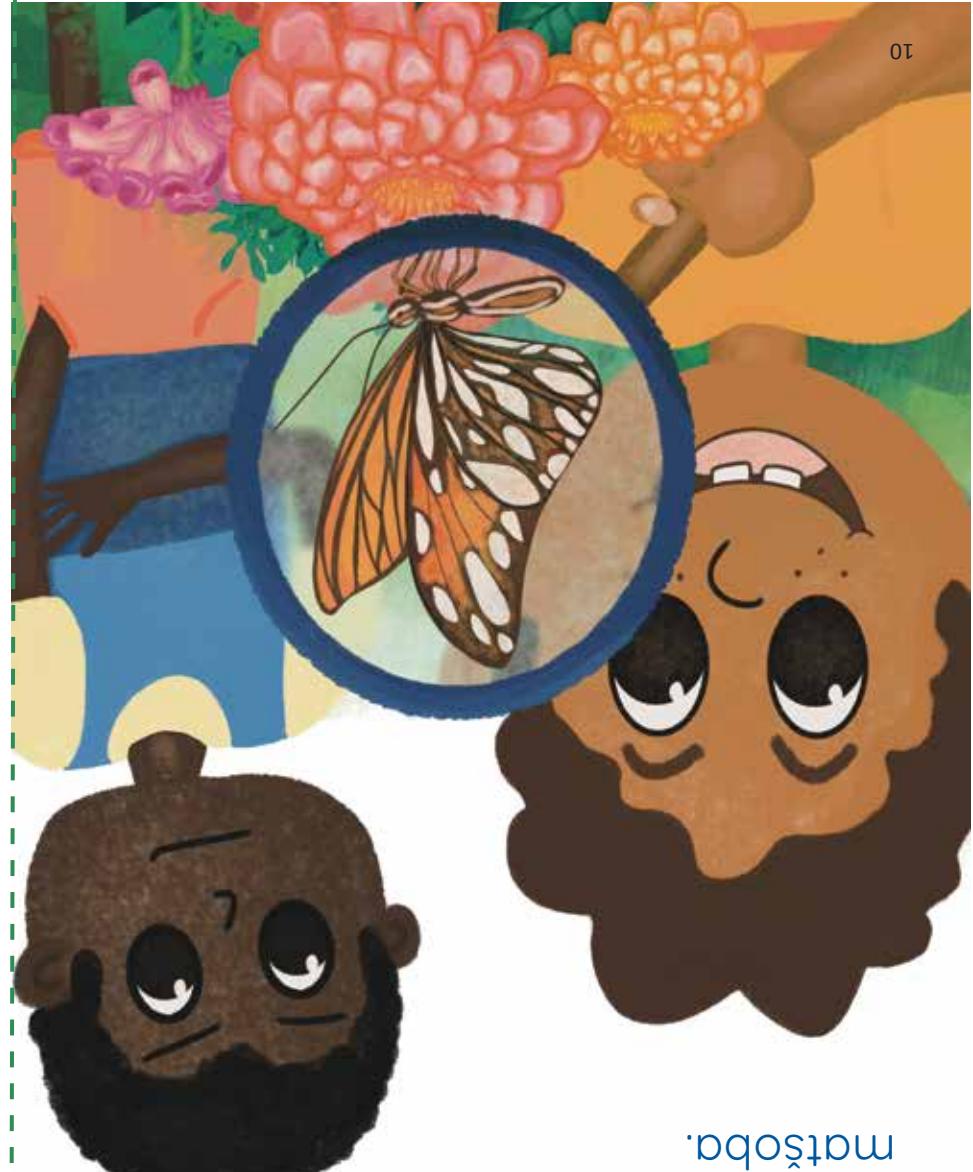
Ideas to talk about: Do you love bugs? Why or why not? What important role do bugs play in our environment? What can we do to protect bugs in our environment?

Dikgopololo tše le ka bolelagoo ka tšona: Naa o rata dikhunkhwane? Ke ka baka la eng goba ke ka baka la eng go se bjalo? Ke temba efe ye bohlakwa yeo dikhunkhwane di e kgathago tikologong ya geno? Re ka dira eng go šireletša dikhunkhwane tikologong ya rena?



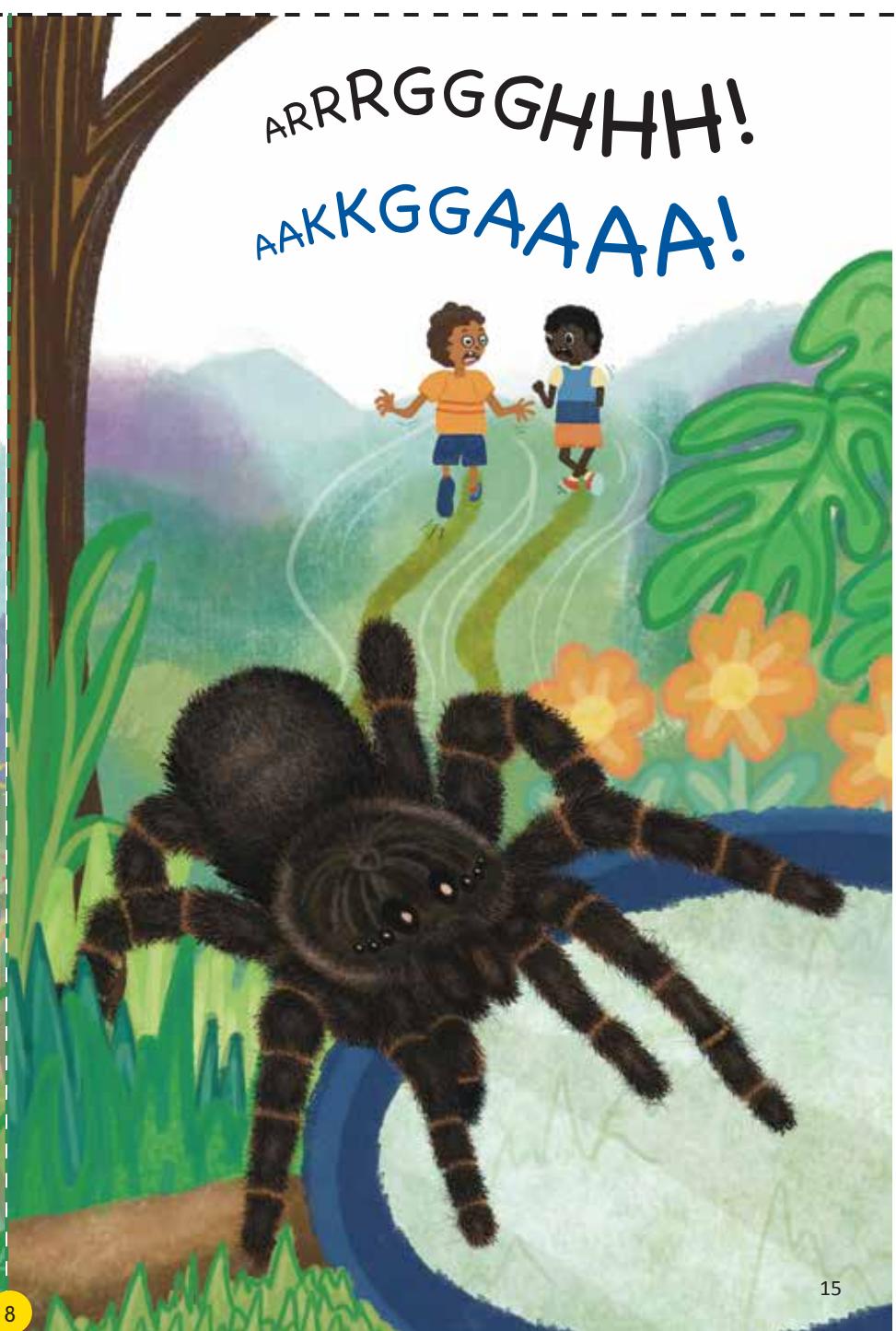
Some children love bugs ...

Bana ba bangwe ba rata
dikhunkhwane ...



Butterflies love flowers.

Dirurubele di rata
matsoba.





Ditschosane di rata
matlakala.

Ants love leaves.



And others do not!

... gomme ba bangwe
ga ba di rate!

Spiders love ...

Digokgo di rata ...





Ladybirds love stems.

Dipodilekgwana di
rata makala.



Dinose le tšona di
rata matšobá.



Bees love flowers too.



Ka yona nako yeo mosémane yo monyane o ile a bula lebat. Amber o ile a botša mosémane ka moo a bonego gabo. O ile a mmotšia ge eba a tséba gore ndo yeo e kae.



Just then a small boy opened the door. Amber told the boy how she had seen the house with the golden windows from her rooftop. She asked him if he knew where the house was.

Ge letšati le dutsi le sobela gomme Amber a feditsé bijalo ka gauta. Gomme e be e le ye botse. Mafasetere a be a phadima gagwe. E be e le ye botse. Mafasetere a be a phadima mosomo wa gagwe, setša sa gauta se ile sa goga mahlö base gape, le kgole kua mmotong. Efela nde le gore go Godimo kua hakenge o be a kgona go bona mote kua ya phaphathi ya ndo ya gabo ye nnyane sekware. E be e le mantšiba a mabotsé a selemo, gomme o ile ka letšati le lengwe, Amber o ile a telwa ke kgopolo.

shining like gold. As the sun went down and Amber finished her work, the hilltop, and it was beautiful. It was the house on a golden light caught her eye. It was the house on the hill. But instead of lots of houses on that hillside, there she could see the town below and, in the distance, a flat roof of their small, square house. Up on the roof evening, and she decided to take her sewing up to the One day, Amber had an idea. It was a lovely summer was only one house built right on the top.

It was nearly dark when she got home. She could hear the happy voices of her mother, father and sister coming from inside. She felt happy to be home.

"Did you have a good day?" asked her father. Amber nodded.

"And did you enjoy your day?" asked her mother.

Amber smiled. "Oh yes!" she said. "And I learnt that we have such a lovely house," she said, "and sometimes it has golden windows."

Then they all sat down at the kitchen table, and Amber told them about her day and how happy she was to live in their small, square house on the side of the hill.

Go be go nyakile go fifala ge a fihla gae. O be a kgona go kwa mantšu a lethabo a mmagwe, tatagwe le sesi wa gagwe a etšwa ka gare. O ile a ikwa a thabile go ba gae.

"O bile le letšati le lebotse?" gwa botšia tatagwe. Amber o ile a dumela ka hlogo.

"Gomme o ipshinne ka letšati la gago?" gwa botšia mmagwe.

Amber o ile a myemyela. "Oo, ee!" a realo. "Gomme ke ile ka ithuta gore re na le ntlo ye botse gakaakaang," a realo, "gomme ka dinako tše dingwe e na le mafasetere a gauta."

Ke moka bohle ba ile ba dula tafoleng ya ka moraleng, gomme Amber a ba botša ka letšati la gagwe le ka fao a bego a thabile ka gona go phela ka ntlong ya bona ye nnyane ya sekwere ya ka thoko ga mmoto.

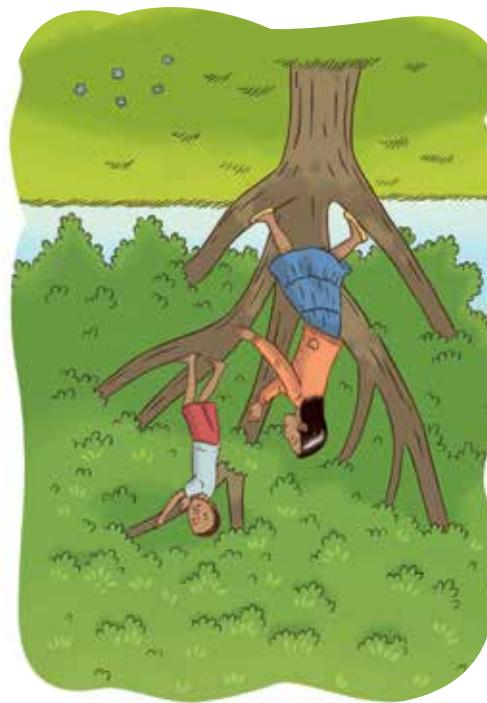




Because her mother and father were very good at what they did, many people asked them to make clothes. There was always a lot of work to do, so Amber and her sister helped their parents with the sewing. The two girls sat in the tiny bedroom they shared and worked together. But sometimes there was just not enough space for both of them AND the sewing, and they would start to argue.

Ka gobane mmagwe le tatagwe ba be ba na le bokgoni kudu ka seo ba se dirago, batho ba bantsi ba ile ba ba kgopela gore ba rokele diaparo. Ka mehla go be go na le mošomo wo montši woo o swanetšego go dirwa, ka gona Amber le sesi wa gagwe ba ile ba thuša batswadi ba bona ka go roka. Basetsana ba babedi ba be ba dula ka phapošing ya go robala ye nnyane yeo ba bego ba e abelana le go šoma mmogo. Efela ka nako ye nngwe go be go se na sekgoba seo se lekanego sa bobedi bja bona LE go roka, gomme ba be ba tla thoma go ngangisana.

"Aowa," a realo ka manyami.
Amber o be a Lebeleše ka tsistinkelo ntlo ya bomosémane.
"O a bona?" a botisia.
mohlare.
"O ka e bona go tšwa kua godimo." O ile a ſupa lekala
la godimodimo. Mlomo go ba ile ba namela godimo ga
wa mamaratwa.
"Ee, ke a e tseba!" a realo ka lethabo. "O Lebeleše lefelong le
le fošagešego. Ntalele! O ile a mo iša mohlareng wa gagwe
"No," she said sadly.
hard for the boy's house.
Amber was looking
he asked.
"Can you see it?"
to the top of the tree.
Together they climbed
to the highest branch.
up there." He pointed
took her to his favorite
tree. "You can see it from
place. Follow me!" He
looking in the wrong
excitedly. "You are
"Yes, I do!" he said



The boy laughed. "Why are you looking at my house? Look over there ..." and he pointed to the hill in the distance. It was the hill that Amber lived on.

She could see all the small, square houses on the side of the hill, and she could see her own house. The light of the setting sun had made the windows of her house shine a beautiful, bright gold.

"I see it!" she laughed.

"It looks like such a special place," said the boy.

"It is," she smiled, and they both climbed down from tree.

Mošemane o ile a sega. "Ke ka lebaka la eng o nyakana le ntlo ya gešo? Lebelela kua ..." gomme a ſupa mmoto wo o lego kgole. E be e le mmoto wo Amber a bego a dula go wona.

O be a kgora go bona dintlo ka moka tša sekwere ka thoko ga mmoto, gomme o be a kgora go bona ntlo ya gab. Seetša sa letšatši leo le sobelago se be se dirile gore mafasetere a ntlo ya gab a phadime ka gauta ye botse yeo e phadimago.

"Ke a e bona!" a sega.

"E bonala e le lefelo leo le kgethegilego gakaakaang," a realo mošemane.

"Ke nnete," a myemyela, gomme bobedi bja bona ba folegela tlase go tšwa mohlareng.

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IT STARTS WITH
A STORY.



Mahodu a dipanana

Ka Thembinkosi Mabaso ■ Diswantsho ka Jiggs Snaddon-Wood

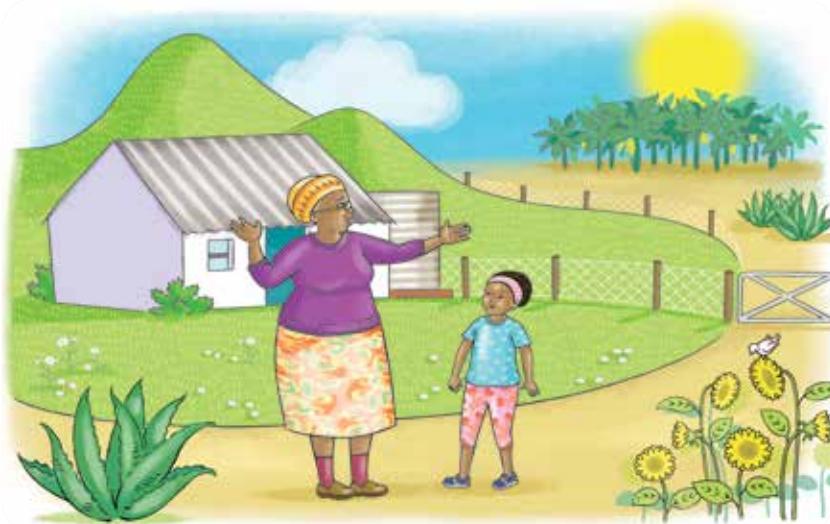


"Mahodu!" gwa lla Gogo Matheni ge a kitima a lebile go Thembi, morwedi wa moagisani wa gagwe. "Ba tshemong ya ka, ba utswa dipanana tsha ka! Ke tla rekiša eng mmarakeng gosasa?"

"Naa o bone mahodu, Gogo?" Thembi o ile a botšisa ka go tshwenyega.

"Ee, Ke a bone ka mahlo a ka," Gogo a araba "Ba sa le ka tshemong ya ka!"

"Ke mahodu a makae?" gwa botšisa Thembi.



"Go na le a mantši kudu! Sehlopha ka moka," Gogo a realo ka tlabego.

"Sehlopha?" gwa botšisa Thembi. O be a hlakahlakane kudu.

"Ee, sehlopha sa dikgabo, di utswa dipanana tsha ka ge re bolela," a realo Gogo.

Thembi o ile a nagana motsotswana. Ke moka a re, "Ge mahodu e le dikgabo, nna le bagwera ba ka re ka thuša go di raka ka bjako."

Seo e tla ba se se kgahlišago! a realo Gogo. Ge o ka kcona go di raka, ke tla go pakela borotho bjo bobose kudu bja dipanana.

Thembi o ile a nagana gore taba ye ke ye botse kudu gomme a kitima go yo tsea bagwera ba gagwe. Ka pela a ba botša ka mahodu a dipanana le tumelelano yeo a e dirilego le Gogo Matheni.

"Go kitimiša dikgabo bakeng sa borotho bja dipanana! Seo ke taba ye botse kudu!" a realo Tholi.

"Ke itokišitše," a realo Zozo, a otlolla matsogo a gagwe a masesane.

"Ke tla ba moetapele," a ikgantšha Dumi, yo maatla go feta tshohle.

Ka fao ba ile ba tloga ba ya polaseng ya tshemong ya Gogo.

Ge ba batamela, Dumi o ile a ba šupetša gore ba homole. O ile a lebelela gohole gomme a šupa sehlopha sa dihlare tsha dipanana. "Di gona kua," a hebehebetša. "A re topeng maswika a mmalwa. Re tla a beletša dikgabong go di tshoša."

"Ga ke nagane gore yeo ke kgopoloye botse," a realo Thembi. "Ga re nyake go kweša dikgabo bohloko. Re nyaka fela gore di tlogelago go utswa dipanana. Ga se ra swanela go betša maswika."

Efela Dumi o ile a gana go theeleša. O ile a topa maswika a mmalwa a manyane gomme a beletša dikgabong. Maswika a ile a fofa moyeng, efela ka mahlatse Dumi ga se a lebantšha gabotse gomme bontši bja maswika a wela fase mabung goba a thula mehlare ya dipanana. Le ge go le bjalo, se se ile sa tshoša dikgabo gomme tsha thoma go itwela ka go beletša dipanana tseo di butšvitšego go bana!

Ditebanya tsha dikgabo di be di le kaone kudu go feta tsha Dumi gomme go

se go ye kae bana ba ile ba aparetšwa ka dipanana tseo di butšvitšego. "Kitimang!" gwa goleša Zozo.

Ge bana ba bane ba le kgole ka moo go lekanego kgole le tshemo, ba ile ba ema gore ba goge moyo.

"Ke go boditše gore yeo e be e se kgopoloye botse," a realo Thembi.

"Ke be ke nagana gore dikgabo di tla tshaba," a realo Dumi.

"Naa seo se ra gore re ka se hwetše borotho bja dipanana?" Tholi a botšisa. Bagwera ba Thembi ba be ba bonala ba tshwenyegile kudu ka kgopoloye.

"Tumelelano e tla tswela pele ge re ka raka dikgabo," Thembi a ba kgonthišetša. "A re lekeng kgopoloye ka."

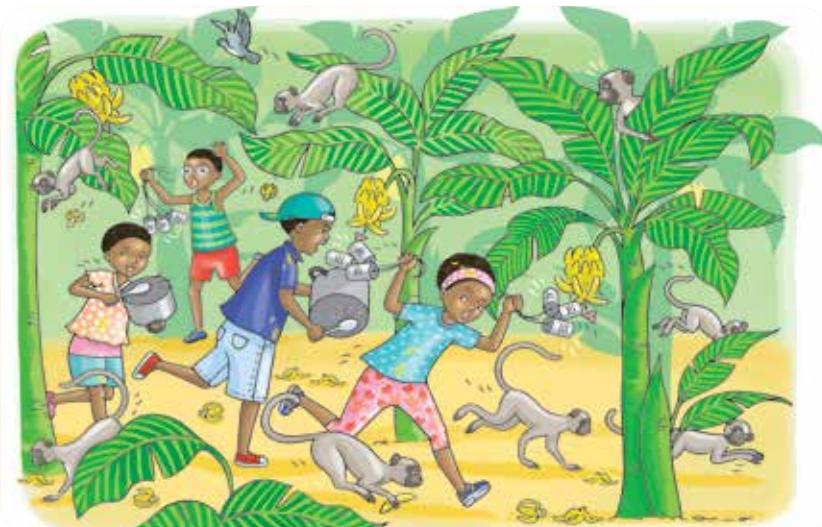
Thembi o ile a hhaloša ka pela, "Ke nagana gore re swanetše go dira lešata ka fao re ka kgonago. Dikgabo di tla tshaba gomme tsha tshaba."

Ka moka ba ile ba dumelana gomme ba kitimela gae go yo tsea dipitša tsha kgale, malepola, dikotikoti le metato. Ba ile ba dira mešoba ye mennyane ka gare ga dikotikoti gomme ba tlemelela diripana tsha metato go ye nngwe le ye nngwe. Ke moka ba tloga.

Gateetee ge ba fihla tshemong, ba ile ba dira lešata ka fao ba ka kgonago.

PONG, PONG, PONG! e ile ya tlogelago ge Tholi le Dumi ba betha dipitša ka malepola a bona. KONG, PSHAA, KONG! ya tlogelago ge Thembi le Zozo ba bethantšha dikotikoti.

Dihlare di ile tsha šikinyega ge dikgabo di leka go tshaba. Dillo tsha bona di ile tsha



dira gore lešata le be le legolo le go feta! Dikgabo di ile tsha tshaba tshemong gomme go se go ye kae tsha fetoga maronitho a mennyane kgole.

"Re kgonne!" Bagwera ba bane ba ile ba goleša. Ka moka ba be ba ikgantšha kudu ka bona beng.

Ke moka Dumi a re, "Efela go tla ba bjang ge dikgabo di ka boa gosasa?"

"Re tla tlema dikotikoti mehlareng ya dipanana," a realo Thembi. Ke moka ge dikgabo di leka go namela mehlare goba ge phefo e foka, dikotikoti di tla lla gomme tsha tshoša dikgabo.

Ka fao ke seo ba se dirilego. Ge bagwera ba bane ba tloga tshemong, ba ile ba kwa go lla ga dikotikoti ge phefo e be e foka ka gare ga dihlare.

Gogo Matheni o ile a thaba kudu gore mahodu a tlogile, gomme go se go ye kae moralwa wa gagwe wa nkga bose. Ge a tswela ntša ka poleiti yeo e hlophelitšwego godimo ka borotho bja dipanana, o ile a bona difahlego tše nne tseo di thabilego di mo myemyelela. Ruri bana ba be ba itokišeleditše moputso wa bona ka nnete!

Dira gore kanegelo e be le bophelo!

★ Naa o kile wa ja borotho bja dipanana? Naa o a bo rata goba o nagana gore bo tla latswega bose? Ke dienywa dife tše dingwe tseo di ka pakwago go ba dikuku?

★ Ngwala motswako wa sejo seo se šomišago seenywa. Thala

seswantšho sa sejo sa gago. Mohlomongwe motho yo mongwe o tla o dira!

★ Naa o nagana gore dikgabo di botsana? Go bonagala di rata go seleka le goja dipanana! Ke ka baka la eng o sa leke go dira mmotlolo wa letsopa goba wa tege wa go go bapala wa kgabo e swere panana?



Drive your
imagination

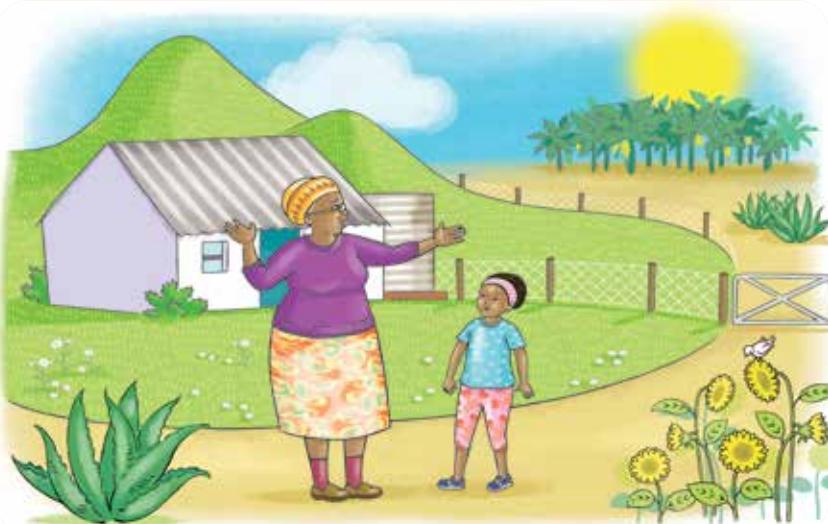
The banana thieves

By Thembinkosi Mabaso Illustrations by Jiggs Snaddon-Wood

"Thieves!" cried Gogo Matheni as she ran towards Thembi, her neighbour's daughter. "They are in my plantation, stealing my bananas! What am I going to sell at the market tomorrow?"

"Did you see the thieves, Gogo?" Thembi asked concerned.

"Yes, I saw them with my own eyes," answered Gogo. "They are still in my plantation!"



"How many thieves are there?" asked Thembi.

"Many! A whole troop," Gogo said in despair.

"A troop?" asked Thembi. She was very confused.

"Yes, a troop of monkeys. They are stealing my bananas as we speak," said Gogo.

Thembi thought for a moment. Then she said, "Well, if the thieves are monkeys, then my friends and I can help chase them away. There are four of us and we'll chase the monkeys away in no time."

"That would be wonderful!" said Gogo. "If you chase them away, I will bake you the most delicious banana bread."

Thembi thought this was a great deal and ran to fetch her friends. She quickly told them about the banana thieves and the deal she had made with Gogo Matheni.

"Chasing monkeys in return for banana bread! What a great deal!" Tholi said.

"I'm ready," said Zozo, flexing his thin arms.

"I will be the leader," boasted Dumi, the strongest of them all.

So off they went to Gogo's banana plantation.

As they drew near, Dumi signaled for them to be quiet. He looked around and then pointed to a clump of banana trees. "There they are," he whispered. "Let's all pick up a few stones. We'll throw them at the monkeys to chase them away."

"I don't think that's a good idea," said Thembi. "We don't want to hurt the monkeys. We just want them to stop stealing the bananas. We shouldn't be throwing stones."

But Dumi would not listen. He picked up a few small stones and hurled them at the monkeys. The stones zipped through the air, but luckily Dumi did not aim very well and most of the stones fell on the ground or hit the banana trees. This did, however, give the monkeys a fright, and they started to fight back by throwing ripe bananas at the children!

The monkeys' aim was much better than Dumi's, and soon the children were covered in ripe banana. "Run!" shouted Zozo.

When the four children were far enough away from the plantation, they stopped to catch their breath.

"I told you that wasn't a good idea," said Thembi.

"I thought the monkeys would run away," said Dumi.

"Does that mean we won't get any banana bread?" Tholi asked. Thembi's friends looked quite concerned at this thought.

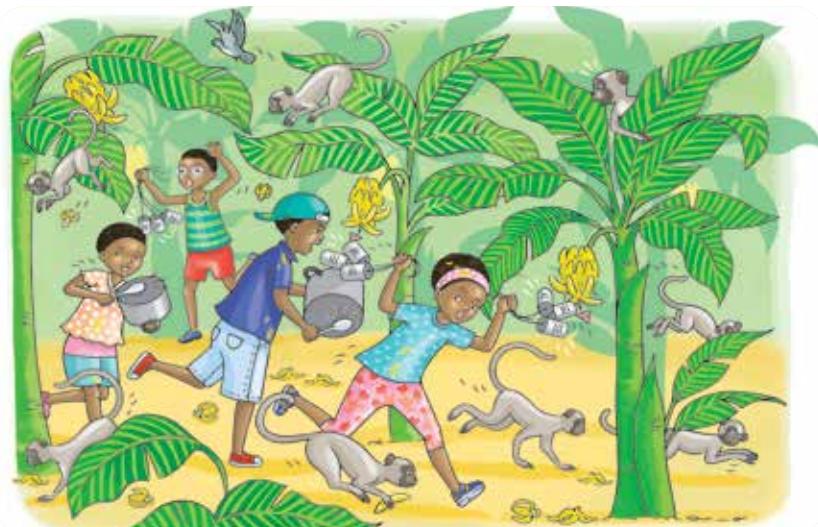
"The deal is on if we chase the monkeys away," Thembi reassured them. "Let's try my idea."

Thembi quickly explained, "I think we should make as much noise as possible. The monkeys will get a fright and run away."

Everyone agreed and they rushed home to fetch old pots, spoons, tins and string. They made small holes in the tins and tied bits of string to each one. Then they set off.

As soon as they reached the plantation, they made as much noise as they could.

BAM, BANG, BAM! it went as Tholi and Dumi beat the pots with their spoons. *CLANG, CRASH, CLANG!* it went as Thembi and Zozo rattled the tins.



The trees shook as the monkeys tried to get away. Their screeching made the noise even worse! The monkeys fled the plantation and were soon little dots in the distance.

"We did it!" the four friends shouted. They were all very proud of themselves.

Then Dumi said, "But what if the monkeys come back tomorrow?"

"We'll tie the tins to the banana trees," said Thembi. "Then when the monkeys try to climb the trees or if the wind blows, the tins will rattle and scare the monkeys away."

So that is exactly what they did. As the four friends left the plantation, they could hear the tins rattling as the wind blew through the trees.

Gogo Matheni was very happy that the thieves were gone and soon her kitchen smelt delicious. As she walked outside with a plate stacked high with banana bread, she saw four happy faces smiling up at her. The children were definitely ready for their reward!

Get story active!

- ★ Have you ever eaten banana bread? Do you like it or think it would taste good? What other fruits can be baked into cakes?
- ★ Write a recipe for a dish that uses fruit. Draw a picture of your dish. Maybe someone will make it!

- ★ Do you think monkeys are cute? They seem to like getting up to mischief and eating bananas! Why not try to make a clay or playdough model of a monkey holding a banana?

Boipshino bja Nal'ibali

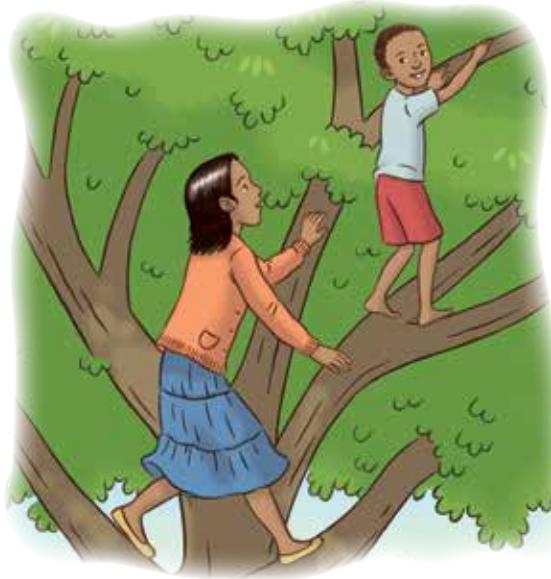
Nal'ibali fun



1.

Kanegelong ya *Ntlo yeo e nago le mafasetere a gauta*
Amber le mošemane yo monnyane e ba bagwera. O nagana gore ba dira eng mo seswantšhong se? Oketša ka dilo tše dingwe seswantšhong go bontšha seo o naganago gore ba a se dira. Gape o oketša ka dipudula tša polelo. Ke moka o ngwale mafoko a mmalwa ka ga seswantšho sa gago.

In the story *The house with the golden windows* Amber and a little boy become friends. What do you think they are doing in this picture? Add other things to the picture to show what you think they are doing. Also add some speech bubbles. Then write a few sentences about your picture.



2.

★ Naa o tseba maina a dikhunkwane tše?
Hlahlamolla dithhaka go hwetša gore ke eng.

★ Do you know the names of these bugs?
Unscramble the letters to find out what they are.

'A.



enos ● ebe

'B.



okseob ● tacerllpiar

'C.



resurueleb ● tertubylif

'D.



hoštšaen ● nta

'E.



egoskog ● sderpi



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