

Keep reading!

Reading for enjoyment doesn't have to end when reading clubs take a break! Holiday programmes can provide spaces for children to continue enjoying and exploring stories during the school holidays.

In reading-for-enjoyment holiday programmes the emphasis is always on reading for pleasure! The activities that make up the programmes have one aim: to spark and sustain children's love of reading and stories.



There are many benefits to holiday programmes that focus on reading for enjoyment. Here are some of them.

- ★ Holiday programmes help children to see reading as something you do in your free time. Seeing reading as an enjoyable leisure time activity is an important step in helping children to become lifelong readers.
- ★ Holidays are usually less busy times. This means that there is more time available for reading-for-enjoyment activities than there is during the school term. So, holiday programmes can be relaxed and they can run for longer each day than reading-club sessions do during term times.
- ★ Children who aren't already members of a reading club can be included in holiday programmes. This introduces them to how satisfying stories, books and reading can be. It encourages them

to become regular readers and even to join a reading club!

- ★ Holiday programmes keep children busy and entertained in relaxed and safe environments. They are especially important if the children's parents are working, and in communities where there are not a lot of things for children to do during the school holidays.

Children attend reading-for-enjoyment holiday programmes not because someone has told them that they have to, nor because they are rewarded for doing so. They attend simply because it is a fun and satisfying thing to do!

Find out more about running a reading-for-enjoyment holiday programme on page 3 of this supplement and in our Story Power Guide 5, which is available for free at www.nalibali.org.

INSIDE:
Fun holiday activities on
pages 2, 15 and 16!

KA GARE:
Mešongwana ya maikhutšo
ya boipshino matlakaleng
a 2, 15 le 16!

We will be taking a break until the
week of 22 July 2018. Join us
then for more Nalibali reading magic!

Re tla ba maikhutšong go fihla ka
beke ya di 22 Julae 2018. E ba le
rena morago ga fao go hwetša maleatlana
a go bala a Nalibali a mantši!

Tšwela pele o bale!

Go-balela-boipshino ga se gwa swanelo go ema ge dihlopha tša go bala di eya maikhutšong! Mananeo a maikhutšo a ka fa bana dikgoba tša go tšwela pele go ipshina le go hlohlomiša dikanegelo ka maikhutšo a dikolo.

Mananeong a go-balela-boipshino go gatelelwga go balela boipshino! Mešongwana ya go hlama lenaneo le e na le maikemisetšo a tee: go tanya le gore bana ba be le lerato la go bala le dikanegelo go ya go ile.

Go na le dikholo tše dintši mananeong a maikhutšo a go nepiša go balela boipshino. Tše dingwe tša tšona ke tše.

★ Mananeo a maikhutšo a dira gore bana ba be le seo ba se dirago gape ba ipshine ditikologong tša go bolokega tša go iketla. Go bona go bala e

le mošongwana wa nako ya boiketlo ke kgato ya bohlokwa ya go thuša bana gore e be babadi ba bophelo ka moka.

- ★ Nako ya maikhutšo ganši ga se nako ya go emaema. Se se ra gore go na le nako ye ntši ya mešongwana ya go-balela-boipshino go feta ka nako ya kotara ya sekolo. Gomme, mananeo a maikhutšo a ka ba a go iketla, gomme nako ya ona ya oketšwa gannyane letšatši ka letšatši go feta ditulo tša sehlopha sa go bala ka dinako tša kotara.
- ★ Bana ba e sego maloko a sehlopha sa go bala ba ka akaretšwa mananeong a maikhutšo. Se se ba lemoša ka fao dikanegelo, dipuku le go bala di ka go kgotsafatšago ka gona. Se ba hlohlaletša go ba babadi ba ka mehla le go tsenela sehlopha sa go bala!

★ Mananeo a maikhutšo a dira gore bana ba be le seo ba se dirago gape ba ipshine ditikologong tše go bolokega tša go iketla. A bohlokwa kudu ge batswadi ba bana ba eya mešomong, le mo ditšhabeng tše e lego gore bana ga ba na dilo tše dintši tše ba ka di dirago ka maikhutšo.

Ge bana ba tsenela mananeo a maikhutšo a go-balela-boipshino ga se gore ba boditšwe ke motho yo mongwe gore ba dire seo goba ba a putswa. Ba a tsenela fela ka gobane ke selo sa boithabišo gape sa go kgotsafatša!

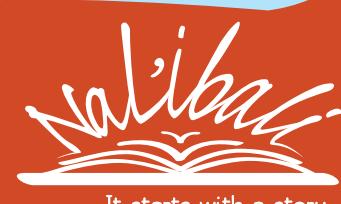
Hwetša tše dintši ka ga go sepetša lenaneo la maikhutšo la go-balela-boipshino letlakaleng la 3 la tlaleletšo ye le ka go Tlhahli ya 5 ya Story Power, ye e hwetšwago mahala go www.nalibali.org.



Drive your
imagination

Join us. Be a literacy role model.

E bang le rena. Ebang mehlala ya
botse ya tsebo ya go bala le go ngwala.



10 fun holiday ideas

Whether you are at home with your own children or running a holiday programme, here are some activities that incorporate reading and writing to keep your children entertained during the holidays. The idea is to enjoy yourselves, so use the language/s you and your children feel most comfortable with.

1 Try something old and new. Together read stories by authors you have not tried before. Also encourage your children to introduce their favourite books to their friends and/or siblings.

2 Write the story's words. Together look at a picture book that does not have any words. Then challenge everyone to write their own words for the story on separate sheets of paper. (Remember to write down the page numbers too so that you know where the words go!) Help younger children do this by writing down the words they tell you. When you have all finished, take turns reading your story words aloud while someone turns the pages of the book. Notice the ways in which each of your stories is similar and/or different.

3 Keep it short. Challenge your children to write a 50-word story set in the winter.

4 Play a game. Here is a game that stimulates your children's imagination and encourages critical thinking. Write some "Would you rather ...?" questions linked to winter on separate strips of paper. (For example: Would you rather sleep in a house made of large blocks of ice or one made of large cardboard boxes? Would you rather be stuck on top of a mountain in the winter or in the summer? If you could only wear one thing to keep warm, would you rather wear a scarf around your neck or socks on your feet? Would you rather walk barefoot across some snow or on the hot tar of a road?) Fold up the questions and put them in a container. Let everyone have a turn to take out a question and be the first to answer it. Then let everyone else answer the question too. Remember to encourage everyone to give a reason or reasons for their answer.

5 Create a story wall. Find some space on a wall and stick up large sheets of blank paper. Give your children crayons and pencils and ask them to write and draw about the stories they enjoy.

6 Record your memories. Invite your children to draw pictures, use photographs, cut out words from newspapers and magazines, and use their own words to create posters or books called: My memories.

7 Host a talk show. Choose a story that you have all read. Then choose one person to be the TV talk show host and others to be the characters from the book. Let the host interview the characters from the book.

8 Tell a story. Ask your children to find something that is small enough to fit into a pocket, and then to tell a story about it.

9 Create a letter without writing. Let your children cut out words from old newspapers or magazines and then paste them on paper to make a letter to a friend or family member.

10 Be an inventor. Ask your children to invent a machine to help do chores at home more easily. Let them draw a picture of their machine and label it to show how it works. They could even try to make a model of the machine using recycled materials.

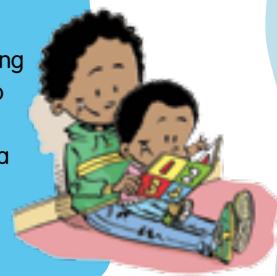


Dikgopolole tša maikhutšo tša boipshino tše 10

O ka be o le gae le bana ba gago goba o sepetša lenaneo la maikhutšo, fa ke mešongwana ya go akaretša go bala le go ngwala gore bana ba gago ba dule ba le boipshinong ka maikhutšo a dikolo. Kgopolokgolo ke gore le ipshine, gomme dirišang di/polelo yeo wena le bana ba gago le ikwago le lokologile kudu ka yona.

1 Lekang selo sa kgale le se seswa. Mmogo balang dikanegelo tša bangwadi bao le sa kago le bala dipuku tša bona. Gape hlohleletša bana ba gago go tsebiša bagwera le bana ba gabo bona pu/dipuku tša bona tša mmamoratwa.

2 Ngwala mantšu a kanegelo. Mmogo lebelang puku ya diswantšo ya go se be le mantšu. Ka morago hlotla bohle go ngwala mantšu a bona ka ga kanegelo ka thoko mo matlakaleng a pmapiri. (Gopola go ngwala le dinomoro tša matlakala gore o tsebe gore mantšu ao a ya kae!) Thusa bana ba bannyane go dira se ka go ngwala mantšu ao o ba botšago ona. Ge ka moka le feditše, šiedišanang ka go bala mantšu le hlaboša mantšu mola yo mongwe a phetla matlakala a puku. Lemoga ka fao dikanegelo tša lena di swanago le/goba fapanago.



3 E be e kopana. Hlotla bana ba gago go ngwala sete ya kanegelo ya mantšu a 50 ka marega.



4 Bapala moraloko. Fa ke moraloko wa go hlotla dikgopolole tša bana ba gago le go hlohleletša go nagana ka go sekaseka. Ngwala dipotšišo tša "O ka upša ...?" tša go amana le marega ka thoko mo mesetong ya pampiri. (Mohlala: O ka upša o robale ka ntlong ya go dirwa ka dipoloko tše dikgopolole tša aese goba ya go dirwa ka mapokisi a khatepokisi a magolo? O ka upša o šarelwe thabeng ka marega goba ka selemo? Ge go na le selo se tee seo o ka se aparago gore o kwe borutho, o ka upša o apare sekhafo molaleng goba disokisi maotong? O ka upša o sepele ka maoto lehlweng goba sekontiring sa go fiša mo tseleng?) Mena dipotšišo o di tsenye ka gare ga seswari. Bohle ba šiedišane ka go ntsha potšišo gomme e be yena wa mathomo wa go e araba. Ka morago ba bangwe le bona ba ka araba. Gopola go hlohleletša bohle go fa le/mabaka a dikarabo tša bona.



5 Hlama leboto la dikanegelo. Hwetša sekgoba lebotong gomme o kgomaretše matlakala a magolo a pampiri ya go se ngwalwe selo. Efa bana ba gago dikherayone le diphensele o ba kgopele go ngwala le go thala ka ga dikanegelo tše ba di ipshinago ka tšona.



6 Rekhota digopotšo tša gago. Laletša bana ba gago go thala diswantšo, ba diriše dinepe, ba ripe mantšu dikuranteng le dimakasineng, ba be ba diriše mantšu a bona go hlama diphousefara le dipuku tša go bitšwa: Digopotšo tša ka.

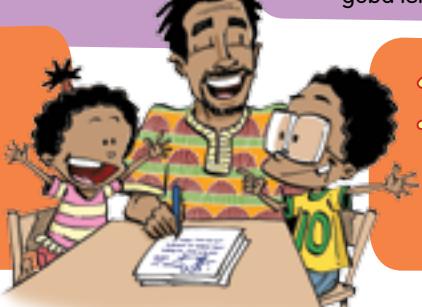
7 E ba le pontšo ya poledišano. Kgetha kanegelo ye le e badilego ka moka ga lena. Gomme le kgethe motho o tee go ba monggae wa pontšo ya poledišano ya TV mola ba bangwe e le baanegwa ba ka pukung. E re monggae a botšise baanegwa ba ka pukung dipotšišo.



8 Anega kanegelo. Kgopela bana ba gago gore ba hwetše selo se sennyane sa go lekana ka potleng, gomme ba anege kanegelo ka sona.



9 Hlama lengwalo ntle le go ngwala. E re bana ba gago ba ripe mantšu dikuranteng tša kgale goba dimakasineng gomme ba di kgomaretše pampiring go dira lengwalo la go ya go mogwera goba leloko la lapa.



10 Eba mohlami. Kgopela bana ba gago go hlama motšene wa go thuša gore mošomo wa ka gae o be bonolo. E re ba thale seswantšo sa motšene wa bona ba ngwale go laetša gore o šoma bjang. Ba ka leka go dira motlele wa motšene ba diriša didirišwa tša go dirišwa leswa.



Drive your
imagination

Plan a holiday programme

Use what excites you about stories and books to help you create a fun and inspiring programme. But whatever activities you choose, proper planning is important. Here are some ideas to guide you.

- ➊ Draw up a programme of activities for each day. Choose different types of activities to keep the programme interesting. Many of the activities can relate to the stories you have chosen, but include other reading or writing activities too. Remember that many of the children will come back day after day so you will need different stories, songs and games. Practise doing the stories and activities you've chosen so that you know how much time they'll take to complete.
- ➋ Advertise your holiday programme at school parent meetings, in newsletters and on notice boards at libraries, clinics and schools.
- ➌ Organise a sign-up day so that you know how many children will be taking part in the programme. This will help you decide what resources you need. Invite parents and other caregivers to come and register their children for the programme about two weeks before it starts.
- ➍ Plan how you will make the venue attractive. Think about how to set up quieter areas where children will be able to look at or read books on their own, and other areas suitable for the activities you're planning.



Make reading for enjoyment part of your school! For more information and guidance on how to do this, go to www.storypoweredschools.org.



Dira gore go balela boipshino e be karolo ya sekolo sa geno! Go hwetša tshedimošo ye nngwe le tlhahlo ya ka mo o ka dirago se, eya go www.storypoweredschools.org.

Putting stories at the heart of your school



Go dira gore dikanegelo e be selo se bohlokwa sekolong sa geno

NAL'IBALI ON RADIO!

Tune into the following radio stations to enjoy listening to stories on Nal'ibali's radio show!

- Ikwekwezi FM** on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9.45 a.m.
- Lesedi FM** on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday at 9.45 a.m.
- Ligwalagwala FM** on Monday to Wednesday at 9.10 a.m.
- Munghana Lonene FM** on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9.35 a.m.
- Phalaphala FM** on Monday to Wednesday at 11.15 a.m.
- RSG** on Monday to Wednesday at 9.10 a.m.
- SAfm** on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 1.50 p.m.
- Thobela FM** on Tuesday and Thursday at 2.50 p.m., on Saturday at 9.20 a.m. and on Sunday at 7.50 a.m.
- Ukhozi FM** on Wednesday at 9.20 a.m. and on Saturday at 8.50 a.m.
- Umhlobo Wenene FM** on Monday to Wednesday at 9.30 a.m.
- X-K FM** on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9.00 a.m.
- Motsweding FM** on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9.30 a.m.



NAL'IBALI DIYALEMOYENG!

Theeletša diteišene tše di latelago tša seyalemoya gore o ipshine ka go theeletša dikanegelo lenaneong la seyalemoya la Nal'ibali!

- Ikwekwezi FM** ka Mošupologo, Laboraro le Labohlano ka 9.45 a.m.
- Lesedi FM** ka Mošupologo, Labobedi le Labone ka 9.45 a.m.
- Ligwalagwala FM** ka Mošupologo le Laboraro ka 9.10 a.m.
- Munghana Lonene FM** ka Mošupologo, Laboraro le Labohlano ka 9.35 a.m.
- Phalaphala FM** ka Mošupologo go fihla ka Laboraro ka 11.15 a.m.
- RSG** ka Mošupologo go fihla ka Laboraro ka 9.10 a.m.
- SAfm** ka Mošupologo, Laboraro le Labohlano ka 1.50 p.m.
- Thobela FM** ka Labobedi le Labone ka 2.50 p.m., Mokibelo ka 9.20 a.m. le Sontaga ka 7.50 a.m.
- Ukhozi FM** ka Laboraro ka 9.20 a.m. le ka Mokibelo ka 8.50 a.m.
- Umhlobo Wenene FM** ka Mošupologo go fihla ka Laboraro ka 9.30 a.m.
- X-K FM** ka Mošupologo, Laboraro le Labohlano ka 9.00 a.m.
- Motsweding FM** ka Mošupologo, Laboraro le Labohlano ka 9.30 a.m.

Get story active!

Here are some ideas for using the two cut-out-and-keep picture books, *Thuli, Special and the secret* (pages 5, 6, 11 and 12) and *I am the man* (pages 7, 8, 9 and 10), as well as the Story Corner story, *Crocodile's funeral* (page 13).



Thuli, Special and the secret

Thuli and her grandmother have a cow called Special. Thuli loves Special very much. She also loves biscuits. One day, Thuli makes a secret plan to share a treat with Special.

Write a review of this story and stand a chance of winning some books! See page 15 for details.

- ★ As you read the story, draw your children's attention to the pictures and text by asking questions and making comments. For example:
 - ♥ **page 6:** Look at Thuli's face! What kind of story do you think Grandmother is telling?
 - ♥ **pages 8 and 9:** Why do you think Thuli wants to share her biscuits with Special?
 - ♥ **page 15:** Why do you think Special licks Thuli? What do you think her tongue feels like?
- ★ Have a discussion about secrets. Here are some questions you could talk about together.
 - ♥ What is the secret in the story?
 - ♥ Can some secrets be good while other secrets are bad?
 - ♥ How do you know if a secret is bad?
 - ♥ Do you think Thuli and Special's secret was a good one or a bad one?
- ★ Give your children paper plates, cardboard, glue and paint or crayons, and suggest that they use these materials to make a cow.
- ★ Encourage your children to draw a picture of an animal or treat that is special to them, and then to write about why it is so special.

I am the man

This is a story for children aged about 10 years and older. It is about honesty, having the courage to do the right thing and second chances.

- ★ After you have read the story, spend some time discussing these questions together.
 - ♥ Why do you think the boy steals?
 - ♥ What do you think made him behave differently this time?
 - ♥ Is it always easy to do the right thing? Explain your opinion.
- ★ Ask your children to imagine that the boy from the story keeps a diary in which he records what happens each day, as well as his thoughts and his feelings. Suggest that your children write his diary entry for the day in the story. They could start like this:

Dear Diary
Today I was ...



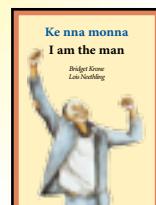
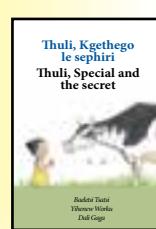
Crocodile's funeral

All the animals in the bushveld were afraid of Crocodile, so they kept away from her. But at her funeral, they all claim to be her relative so that they can inherit her large pile of gold. What will it take to prove who her real relatives are?

- ★ Encourage your children to use the following materials to make a crocodile: a long egg carton or egg tray, cardboard, scissors, glue, green paint and kokis.
- ★ After you have finished reading the story, discuss some of these questions.
 - ♥ If you were Crocodile and you had woken up at your own funeral, what would you have said or done?
 - ♥ Do you think the lizards were Crocodile's real relatives?
 - ♥ What do you think would have happened if Crocodile had really been dead? How would it have been decided who her relatives are?
 - ♥ Who are your relatives? What do you have in common with them? Can we have things in common with people who are not our relatives?

Create TWO cut-out-and-keep books

1. Take out pages 5 to 12 of this supplement.
2. The sheet with pages 5, 6, 11 and 12 on it makes up one book. The sheet with pages 7, 8, 9 and 10 on it makes up the other book.
3. Use each of the sheets to make a book. Follow the instructions below to make each book.
 - a) Fold the sheet in half along the black dotted line.
 - b) Fold it in half again along the green dotted line.
 - c) Cut along the red dotted lines.



Dira gore kanegelo e be le bophelo!

Fa ke dikeletšo tše dingwe tsa go dirisa dipuku tše pedi tsa ripa-o-boloke, *Thuli, Kgethego le sephiri* (matlakala a 5, 6, 11 le 12) le *Ke nna monna* (matlakala a 7, 8, 9 le 10), gape le kanegelo ya Sekhutwana sa kanegelo, *Poloko ya Kwena* (letlakala la 14).

Thuli, Kgethego le sephiri

Thuli le koko wa gagwe ba na le kgomo ya go bitsha Kgethego. Thuli o rata Kgethego kudukudu. O rata le dipisikit. Ka letšatši le lengwe, Thuli o loga leano la sephiri la go abelana mabose le Kgethego.

Ngwala tshekatsheko ya kanegelo ye gomme o be le monyetla wa go thopa dipuku tše dingwel Bona dintlha letlakaleng la 15.

Ge o bala kanegelo, lebiša šedi diswantshong le sengwalweng ka go botšisa dipotšiso le go dira ditshwayatshwayo. Mohlala:

- ♥ **letlakala la 6:** Lebelela sefahlego sa Thuli! O nagana gore Koko o anega kanegelo ya mohuta ofe?
- ♥ **matlakala a 8 le 9:** Ke ka lebaka la eng o nagana gore o nyaka go abelana dipisikit tsa gagwe le Kgethego?
- ♥ **letlakala la 15:** O nagana gore ke ka lebaka la eng Kgethego a latswa Thuli? O nagana gore leleme la gagwe le kwagala bjang?

Boledisanng ka diphiri. Fa ke dipotšiso tše le ka bolelago ka tšona mmogo.

- ♥ Sephiri sa ka kanegelong ke sefe?
- ♥ Diphiri tše dingwe e ka ba tše di botse mola tše dingwe e le tše dibe?
- ♥ O tseba bjang gore sephiri ke se sebe?
- ♥ O nagana gore Sephiri sa Thuli le Kgethego ke se sebotse goba se sebe?

Efa bana ba gago dipoleiti tše pampiri, khatepote, sekgomaretši, le pente goba dikherayone gomme o šišinye gore ba diriša didirišwa tše go dira kgomo.

Hloholetša bana ba gago go thala seswantsho sa phoofolo goba selo sa go kgethega go bona gomme ba ngwale gore ke ka lebaka la eng se kgethegile go bona gakaaka.

Ke nna monna

Ye ke kanegelo ya bana ba e ka bago ba mengwaga ye 10 goba go feta. E bolela ka tshepagalo, go ba le maatla a go dira se lokilego le dibaka tsa bobedi.

Morago ga go bala kanegelo, tšeang nakonyana le ahlahla ka dipotšiso tše mmogo.

- ♥ O nagana gore ke ka lebaka la eng mošemane a utswa?
- ♥ O nagana gore ke eng sa go dira gore a itshware ka tsela ye e fapanego gabjale?
- ♥ Go phela go le bonolo go dira se lokilego? Hlaloša kgopolu ya gago.

Botša bana ba gago go nagana eke mošemane wa ka kanelong o na le pukutšatši yeo go yona a rekhotago tše diregago letšatši le lengwe le le lengwe gape le dikgopolu tsa gagwe le maikuloo a gagwe. Šišinya gore bana ba gago ba ngwale setsenywa sa pukutšatši sa letšatši le letee ka kanegelong. Ba ka thoma ka tsela ye:

Dumela Pukutšatši
Lehono ke be ke ...

Poloko ya Kwena

Diphoofo ka moka tsa lešokeng di be di tshaba Kwena, gomme di be di phela kgole le yena. Efela polokong ya gagwe, ka moka ba be ba re ke bona meloko ya gagwe gore ba hweše mokgobo o mogolo wa gauta. Go tlo dirwa bjang go konthiša gore meloko ya gagwe ya nnete ke bomang?

Hloholetša bana ba gago go dirisa didirišwa tše go dira Kwena: khathune ye telele ya mae goba therei ya mae, khatepote, sekero, sekgomaretši, pente ye talamorogo le dikoki.

Morago ga go fetša go bala kanegelo, boledisanng ka tše dingwe tsa dipotšiso tše.

- ♥ Ge nkabe o le Kwena gomme wa phapharega o le polokong ya gago, o be o tlo dira eng goba wa reng?
- ♥ O nagana gore megaditswane ke meloko ya Kwena ya nnete?
- ♥ O nagana gore nkabe go diregile eng ge nkabe Kwena a hlokofetše ka nnete? Go be go tlo akanywa bjang gore meloko ya gagwe ke bomang?
- ♥ Meloko ya gago ke bomang? Le swana ka eng? Go na le dilo tše re ka swanago ka tšona le batho ba e sego meloko ya ren?



Special always looks at Thuli as she eats her biscuits. Thuli wants to share her biscuits with Special, but Grandmother gives her only enough for herself.

Koko o mo fa ts'a go lekana yena fela. dipisikit'i ts'a gagwe le Kgethego, efela dipisikit'i ts'a gagwe. Thuli o rata go abelana Kgechego e phela e lebelak Thuli ge a eja



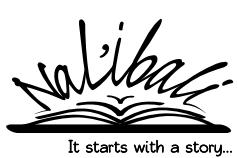
Thuli, Kgethego le sephiri

Thuli, Special and the secret



Lots more free books at bookdash.org

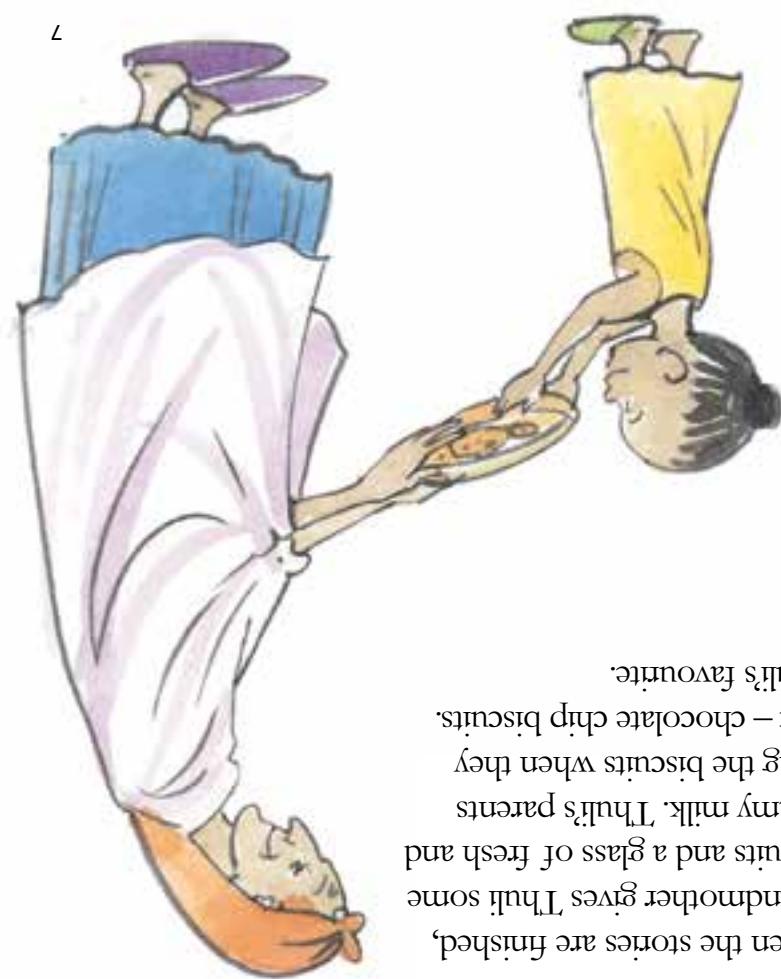
Nal'ibali is a national reading-for-enjoyment campaign to spark and embed a culture of reading across South Africa. For more information, visit www.nalibali.org or www.nalibali.mobi



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Baeletsi Tsatsi
Yihenew Worku
Dali Gaga



When the stories are finished,
Grandmother gives Thuli some
biscuits and a glass of fresh and
creamy milk. Thuli's parents
bring the biscuits when they
visit — chocolate chip biscuits.
Thuli's favorite.

Ge dilkanegele di felá, Koko o fa Thuli dipisikitá
le galase ya maswi a maswa gape a lebebe.
Batswadi ba Thuli ba ta le dipisikitá ge ba etá
go etela — dipisikitá tsa go hukurega tsa go ba le
tschokolate. Ke tsa mamoratwa go Thuli.

Thuli o dula le koko wa gagwe le kgomo
ya bona, Kgethego. Batswadi ba gagwe ba
šoma toropongkgolo.

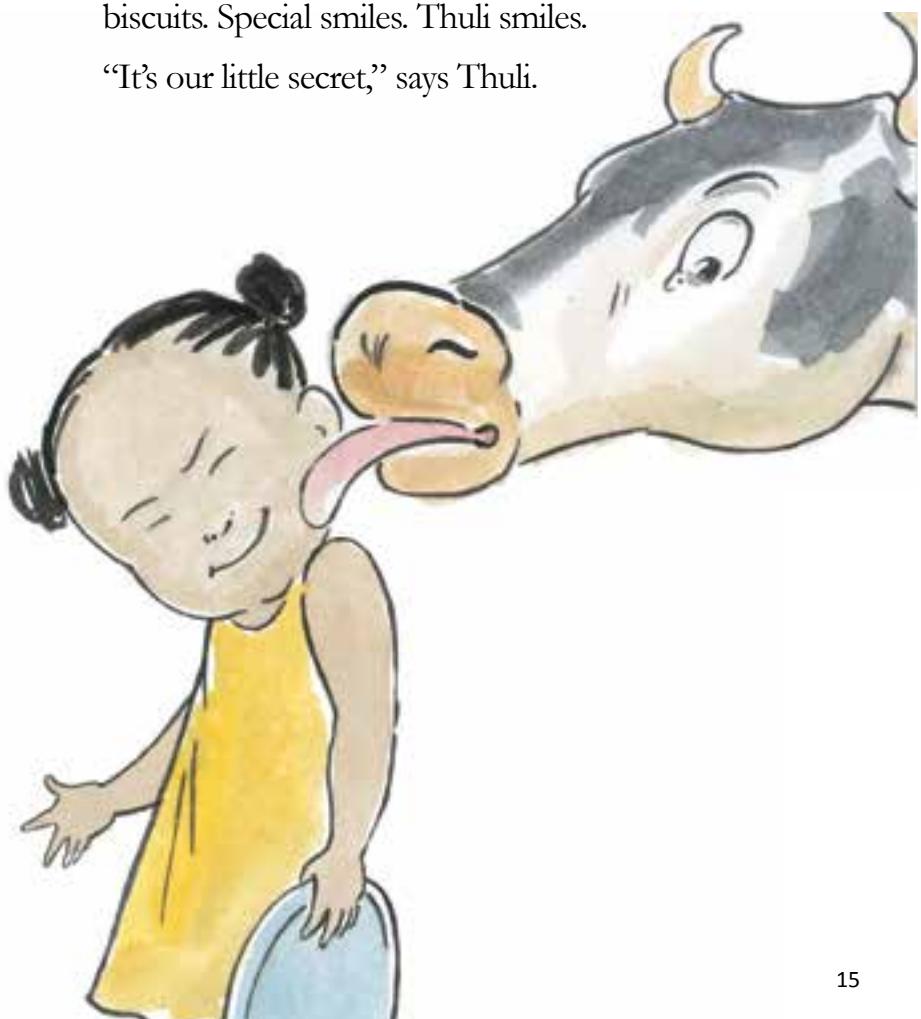
One day, after listening to stories, Thuli follows
Grandmother into the house, forgetting so
that Grandmother won't hear her. Thuli sees
Grandmother take some biscuits out of the oven.

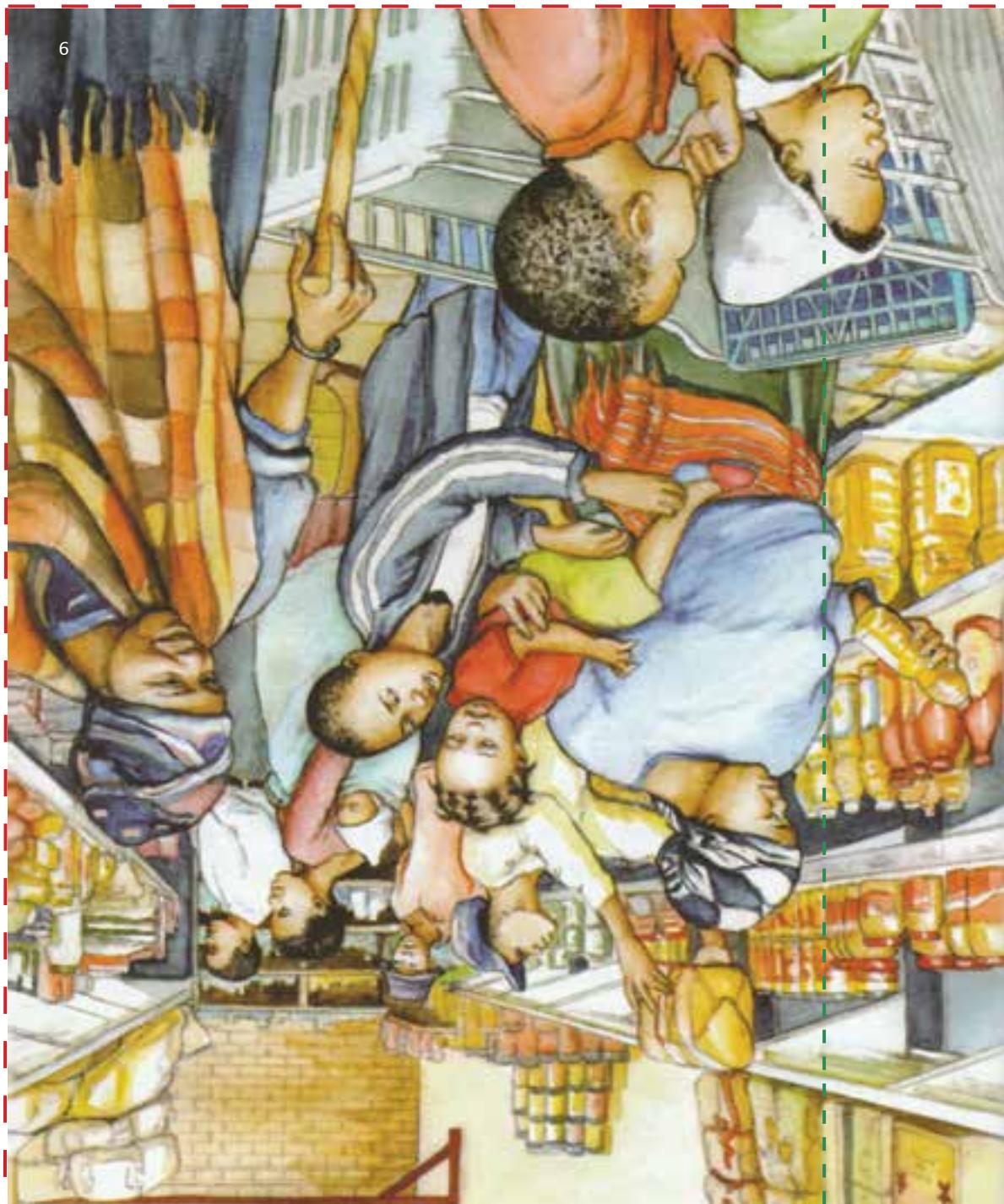


Koko a ntsáha dipisikitá ka ontong
nanabéla góre Koko a se mó kwé. Thuli o bone
kanegele, Thuli o ile a latela Koko ka ntodong a
ka letasti le lengwe, morago ga go theelesta

Kgethego oilé a latswa Thuli ge a mofa dipisikiti.
Kgethego o ile a myemyela. Thuli le yena a myemyela.
“Ke sephirinyana sa rena,” a realo Thuli.

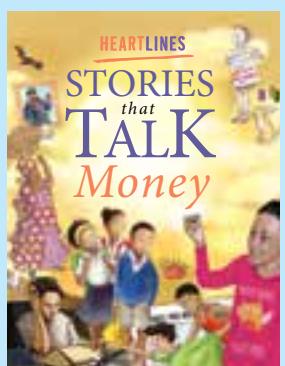
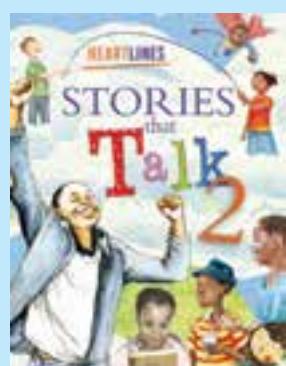
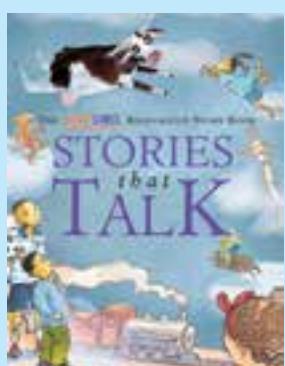
Special licks Thuli when she gives her the
biscuits. Special smiles. Thuli smiles.
“It’s our little secret,” says Thuli.





I moved like a snake and slipped in
beside her in the crowd. I smiled at
the little girl and tickled her leg and
she giggled happily on her mother's
hip. My hand slid easily into the folds
of her mother's skirt. I found the
small bundle of money. One quick
movement and it was in my pocket.

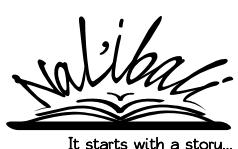
Ke sepetše bijalo ka nogaga gomme
ka swamela kgauswi le yena ka
gatse ga lesaba. Ka myemylela
mosestamanaya ka ba ka mo tiskidila
leto gomme a sega ka lethabo
ile sa thlela gابونولو ka mameenong
lethkenge la magwwe. Sedata sa ka se
mokgobjana wa tschlete. Ke ge e le ka
sekheche sa magwwe. Ke hwedite
podceng ya ka ka mospele o tee fela
ka bako.



This story comes from
Stories that Talk 2,
Heartlines' second
collection of stories
about values.
For more information
please email
info@heartlines.org.za
or phone (011) 771 2540.

HEARTLINES
The Centre for Values Promotion

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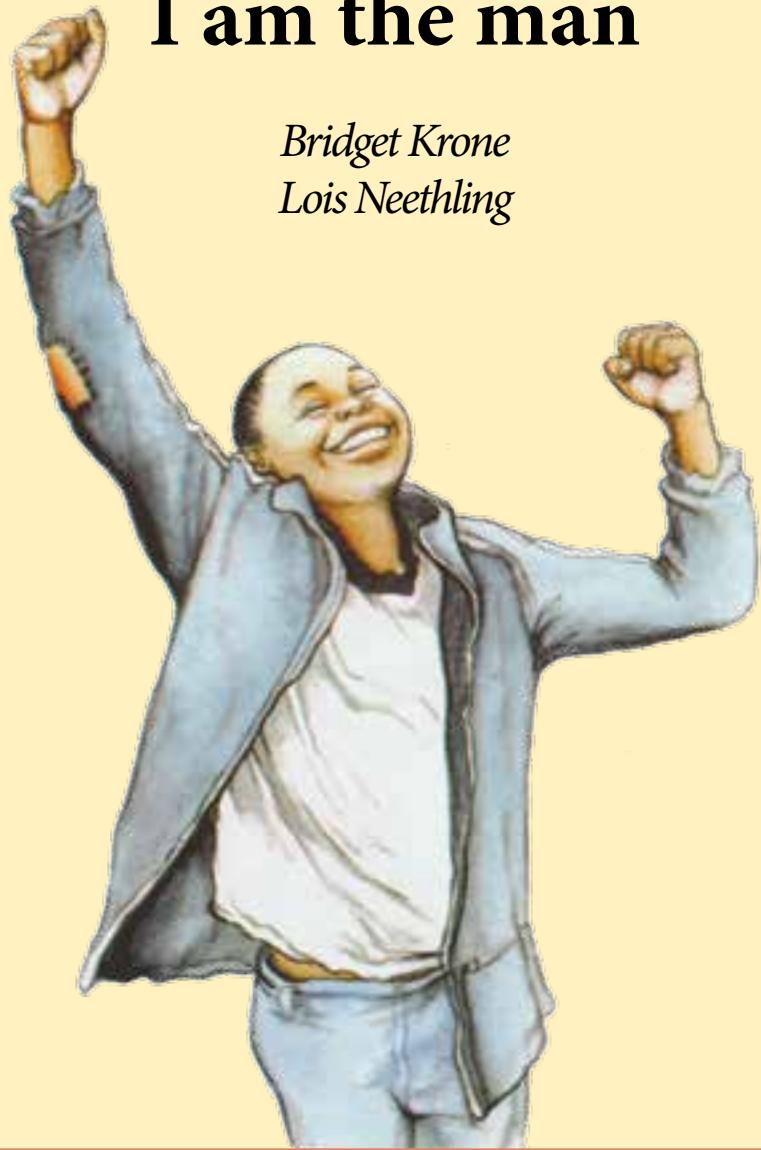


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Drive your
imagination

Ke nna monna I am the man

Bridget Krone
Lois Neethling



I saw the woman by the entrance to the
wholesalers. She had a small girl with her, clinging
money knotted into a dirty piece of cloth. She
counted the notes and coins secretly, keeping
them close to her body. She frowned and tucked
the money into a hidden pocket in her skirt. She
swung the child onto her hip and entered the shop
across the taxi rank.

that secret pocket in your bag ... I can hear it from
my cigarette, that you will never remember the
watch so fast while you are bending down to light
that you will not feel even a tiny tug. I can unclip a
wallet from your back pocket so quickly, so quickly,
faster fingers. These fingers of mine can lift a
No one sees my hands work, because I have

Ge o nagana gore ke tlie go go botša gore o
phele bophelo bja gago bjang, o fošitše. Ema
go fihla o ntseba bokaonenyana gomme o tlo
bona gore ga ke motho wa mohuta woo. Ga wa
swanelo go tsea dithuto dife goba dife tsa bophelo
go nna. Ke tlo go botša fela gore go diragetše eng
gomme o swanetše go šoma dilo ka bowena.

If you think I'm going to tell you how to live your life, you are wrong. Just wait until you know me a bit better and you'll see that I'm not that kind of guy. You mustn't take any life lessons from me. All I'm going to do is tell you what happened and then you must work things out for yourself.

Ke be ke tseba gore go do direga eng gabotsé.

Le ge a eya thilng
mokoda wa didoo tsa go oma. Ke mo lebekete
a tsea sesepé se senyane se setalamorogo le
lebedela ge a emisetsa lesaka la bupi troling le ge
dutšc; ka latela mosadi ka lebencikeling, ka mo
— ka nyamelela. Efela gabjale ga se ka doga. Ke
masaba ke etšwa, pelo ya ka e betha ka madaa
sebabakanaya, ka kitima. Ke tsene ka garce ga
mahlo gomme ka morago, mola ke sepetše
go sepetše ka go nanya gore ke se goke
ka mehla ga ke lemongwe. Ke thomile ka
gore ke dire se?

lahlegelwe ke mogopolo? Ke yona e dilięgo
Ke myemelo ya gagwe ye e dilięgo gore ke
tħħla seħħleġo sa gagwe leġgedenq la mmagħwe.
Mosestanyana o ilie a myemela gomme a
le be le nkgar ammetسا gomme ka senya nako.
Ke retolologħe gore ke nyamelela. Efela lesaba

Ke ile ka nyamelela ka lešabeng.

Ke sepetše ka go nanya gore ke se goke mahlo
gomme ka morago ka kitima. Monna, ke
kitimile! Ke be ke ekwa o kare maoto a ka a na
le maphego. Pelo ya ka e be e kiba ka maikutlo
a maswa. Ga senke ka kwa lethabu ka tsela ye.
Ke bediše moyu ka letswele la ka.

Ke nna MONNA!

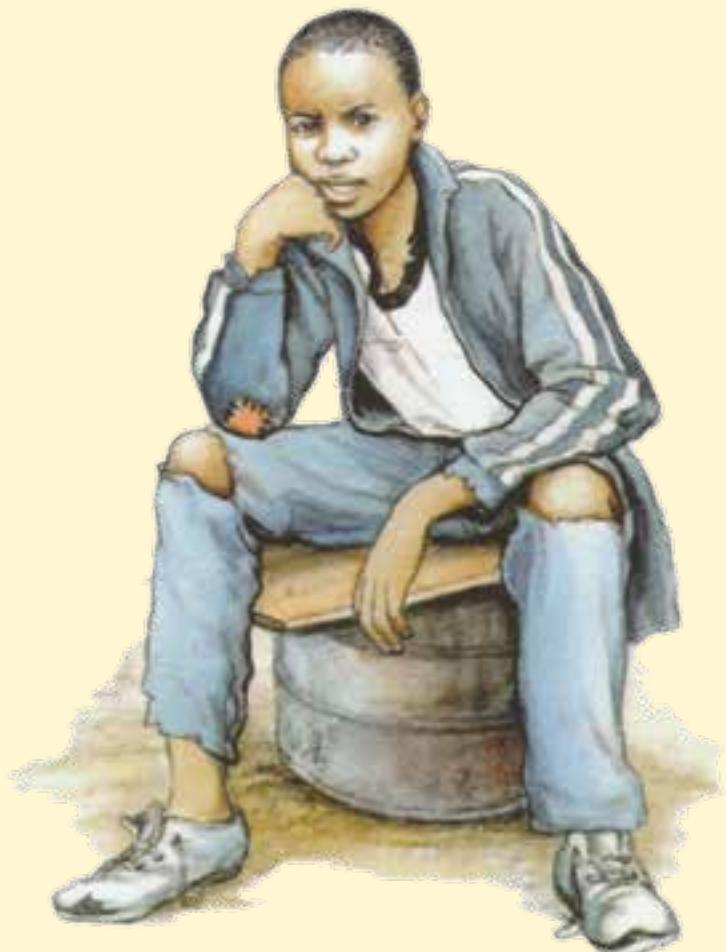
I ducked and disappeared into the crowd.

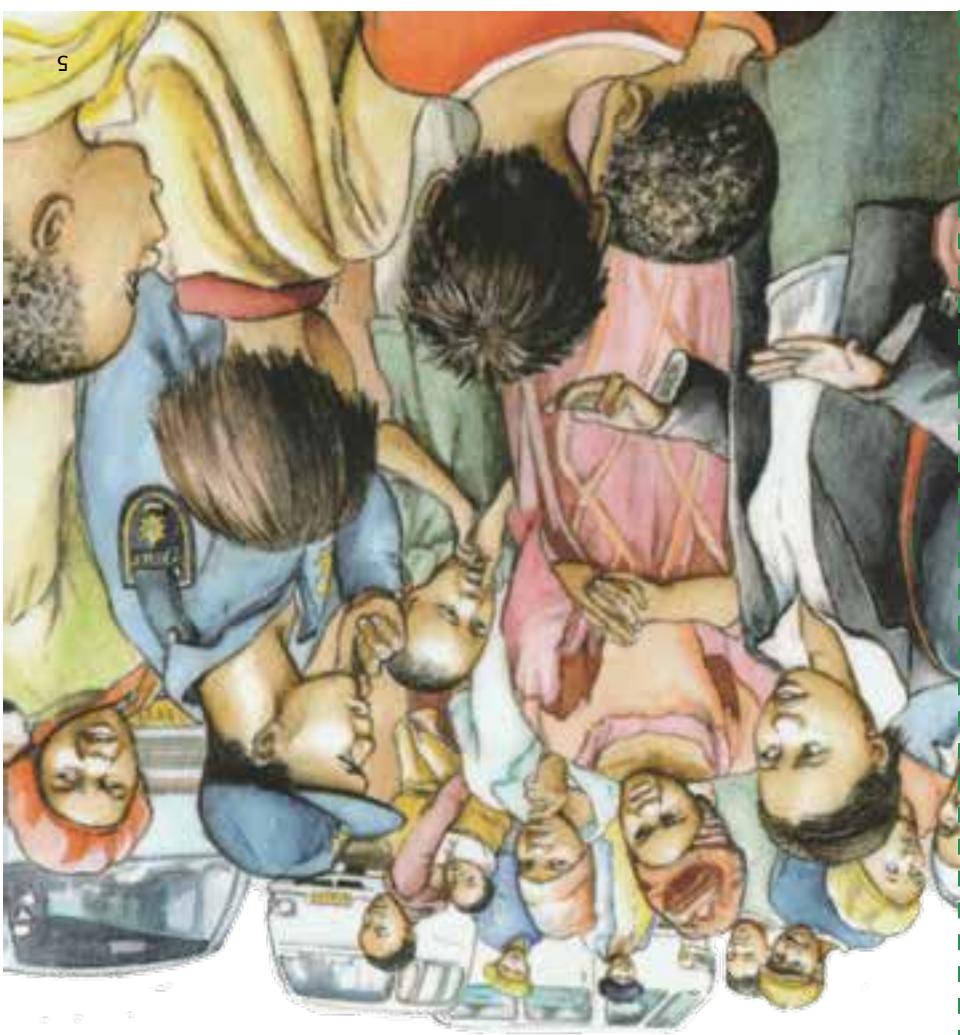
I walked slowly so I didn't attract attention and
then I ran. Man, I ran! I felt as if my feet had
wings. My heart was pounding with a new feeling.
I have never felt such happiness. I punched the air
with my fist.

I am THE MAN!

I knew exactly what was going to happen.
I went up to the till
soap and a bag of dried beans. I watched as she
shelved. I saw her pick up a small bar of green
watching as she put the cooking oil back on the
shelf. I lifted the bag of mealie meal into her trolley,
the woman in the shop watching her as she
disappeared. But this time I didn't stay, running
and out of the crowds, my heart pounding—I
have gained enough distance, I run. I weave in
as not to attract attention and then, when I
get away every time. I walk slowly at first so
head? Was that why I took such a chance?
shoulder. Was it her smile that made me lose my
and turned her face shyly in her mother's
around me, so I hesitated. The little girl smiled
I turned to slip away. But the crowd was pressing

lechekeng la gagwe gomme a tse na ka lebenkeleng
kutura ka sekheteng sa gagwe. O foseditse nqwanza
siuyala gomme a tse ny ischedete podeseng ya go
sephiteng, kgauwi le melle wa gagwe. O lie a
la ditshila. O baleditse ts'a dipamphi le dikholi
mokgobo wa tschedete o bofletswa ka leselaneng
kgomarete sekheteng Ke mnone a ntsha
O be a na le mosetanyana, yo a bego a mo
Ke bone mosadi moyakong wa lebenkeloko.
boemathekisi.
ka mokodeng wa gaggo ... ke se kwa go seleganya
sa gaggo kae. Se mpitsa se le ka podeng ya sephit
Gomme ke tseba qabotsa gorre o belle sellathekeng
fa o ka se qopolego go kgonqwa ke seada sa ka
weena o khuname o thumasa secrete sa ka, ke ka
konopolla sesupanako sa letsgo ka bialko ee
fa o ka se kwege le go gogwa gananyane. Nka
ya ka morago nde le go dira leesta, ka bialko, ka
ye ya ka e ka ntsha sekhwama ka podeng ya gaggo
gobane ke na le menwana ya mafafa. Menwana
Ga go yo a bonago mesomo ya diida ts'a ka ka

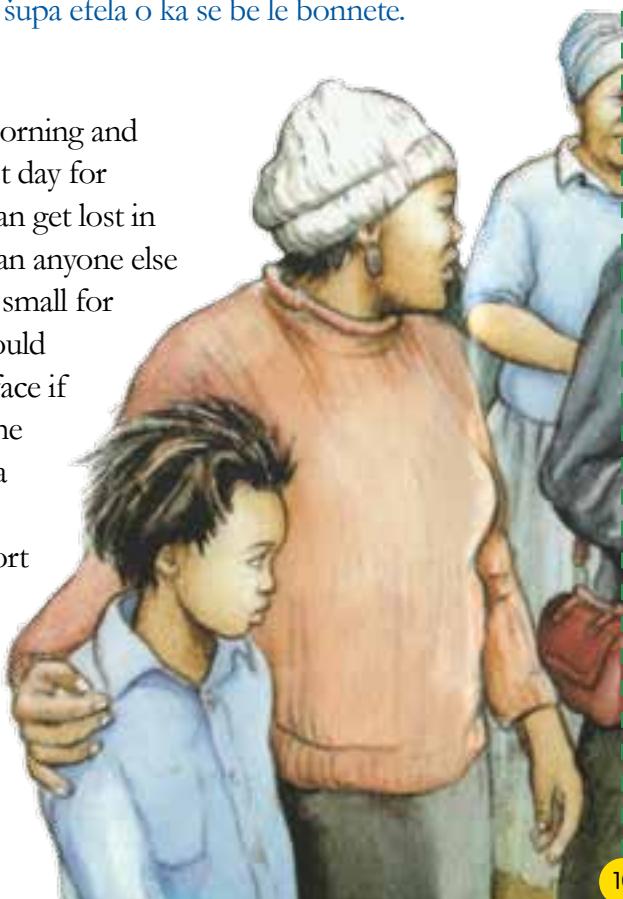




I can't remember what he was wearing ... no
distinguishing marks or features. I think he went ...
that way." And you would point, but you wouldn't
be certain.

E be e le mesong ya Mokibelo, gape e le mafelelong a kgwedi:
letšatši le lekaonekaone la go hula meraba ya batho. Ke kgona
go timelela setšhabeng go feta batho bohole mo mebileng.
Ke lebelelega ke le o monnyane kudu go mengwaga ye
lesometharo gomme o ka se sa gopola sefahlego sa ka ge o ka
mpegapaphodiseng. "Mošemane o monnyane hle, Moofisiri,"
o tlo realo. "Ka moriri o monnyane, ke nagana gore mahlo ke a
matsotho ... mm ... ga ke sa gopola gore o apere eng ... ga
go na maswao goba ditho tsa go mo hlatha. Ke nagana gore
o ile ... kua." O tlo šupa efela o ka se be le bonnete.

It was a Saturday morning and month-end: the best day for picking pockets. I can get lost in the crowd better than anyone else on the streets. I am small for thirteen and you would not remember my face if you had to report me to the police. "Just a small boy, Officer," you would say. "Short hair, brown eyes I think ... um ...



call the manager, a bored look on his face.
cashier didn't care. He pushed a button under his till to
hands hunted through her pockets again and again. The
She cried out in shock and I could see her panic as her



O ile a lla ka letšhogo ka ba ka morna a tlalešwe
ge diada tsa gagwe ditso ma ka dipoleng tsa gagwe
gape le gape. Molosomi wa thiling o be a se na taba.
O tobeditsé konopi ya ka dasa ga thili go bitsa moload,
a bonla a tengile.

Molaodi o ile a bolela le yena a eme ka maoto, diatla di le lethekeng Sefahlego sa gagwe e be e re ke leboto la go se ngwalwe selo. Batho ba bantsi ba be ba kgobokanelo mosadi ola go mo lebelela. Ke sepetše bjalo ka noga gomme ka swamela pele ga gagwe. Ke dirile mesepelo e mebedi ka bjako. Ke tsentše mokgobo wa tšelete ka letsweleng la mosetsanayana ka seatla se tee gomme ka soba leoto la gagwe ka se sengwe. Kudu. O ile a lla gomme mmagwe a retologela go yena.

The manager stood talking to her, his hands on his hips. His face was like a blank wall.

Lots of people were crowding round to look at the woman. I moved like a snake and slipped in beside her. I made two quick movements. With one hand I slipped the bundle of money into the little girl's fist and with the other I pinched her leg Hard. She cried out and her mother turned to her.



She runs back outside and tells Special that soon she will have biscuits to share with her.



O ile a kitemela ka ntle a bota Kgethego goro
e se kgade go do ba le dipisikiti tše a dogo di
abelana le yena.

After eating, Thuli and Grandmother sit under the tree and Grandmother tells Thuli stories.



Morago ga goja, Thuli le Koko ba dula ka dasé ga
mohare gomme Koko a ungeela Thuli dikanegele.

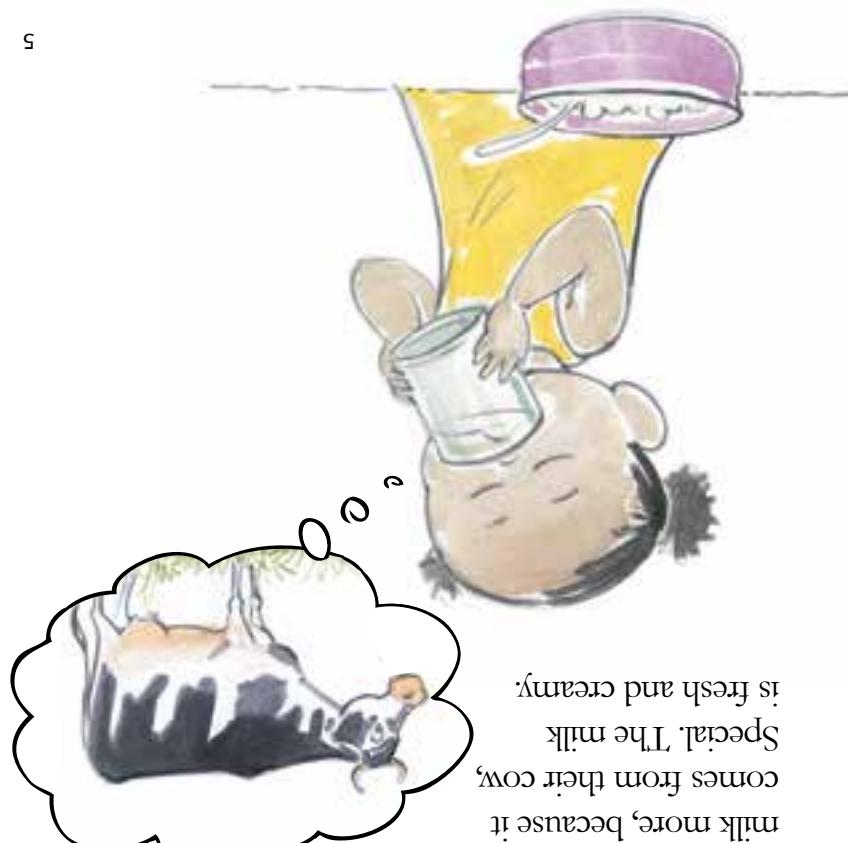
O ile a bula onto gomme a tšeа dipisikiti
tše dingwe a ya go di fa Kgethego.

She opens the oven and takes out some biscuits for Special.



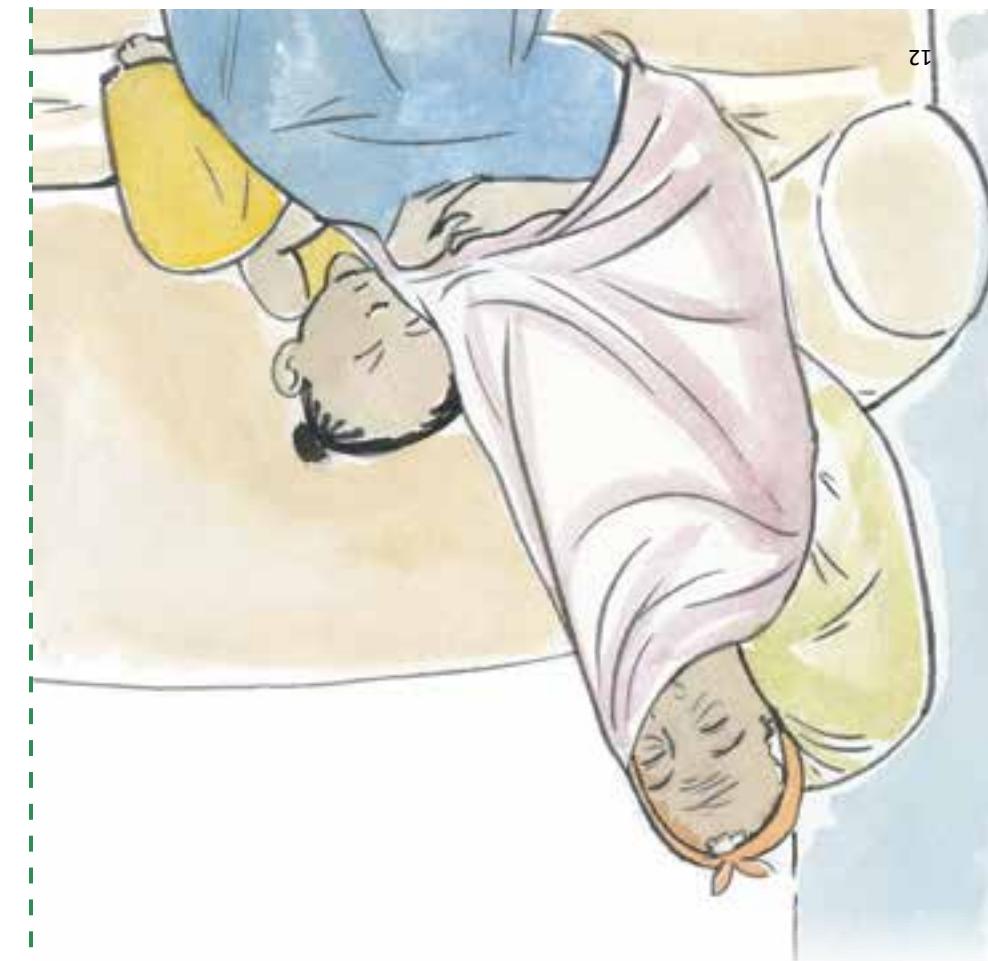
Thuli lives with her grandmother and their cow, Special, in the village. Her parents work in the city.





When Thuli is nice and clean, Grandmother gives Thuli some porridge. But she loves the porridge more, because it is fresh and creamy. Special. The milk comes from their cow,

ya bona, Kgechego. Maswi ke a maswa gape a maswi go feta motepa, ka goro a tswa kgomong Thuli motepa. Thuli o rata motepa. Efela o rata Ge Thuli a le gabotsa a hlwekile, Koko o fa na le lebebe.



Later in the afternoon, Grandmother and Thuli have a nap. Then they wake up to watch the sunset.

Ge letšatši ge le dikela.

Ka morago moseggaré, Koko le Thuli ba ile ba sekama. Ka morago ba ile ba tsoga ba bogela

Mesong ye mengwe le ye mengwe koko wa Thuli o mo tsoša mesong gore a ye go bona letšatši ge le hlabá.

Ge letšatši le le godimo, Koko o hlapiša Thuli. O hlwekiša meno a Thuli, o mo hlapiša sefahlego a ba a mo kama meriri.



Every morning Thuli's grandmother wakes her up early to go and watch the sunrise.

When the sun is up in the sky, Grandmother bathes Thuli. She brushes Thuli's teeth, washes her face and brushes her hair.

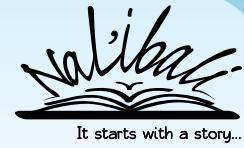
Ge letšatši le dikela, Thuli a khukhuna a ya ka moraleng.

When the sun has set, Thuli sneaks off into the kitchen.



Crocodile's funeral

Retold by Kai Tuomi  Illustrations by Samantha van Riet



All the animals knew that Crocodile had a big pile of gold in her house, but none of them had ever seen it because Crocodile was nasty and mean. She would chase them away and bite them with her sharp teeth.

One hot day in summer, Monkey was out walking by the river when he saw Crocodile lying in the sunshine. Monkey, who was very naughty, picked up a stick and poked Crocodile on the side of her body. Crocodile didn't move, so Monkey poked her again.



"She must be dead," said Monkey. He ran off to tell the other animals.

All the animals arrived to have a funeral for Crocodile. They stood around her body and talked. They wanted to know who would get Crocodile's big pile of gold. They all wanted the gold, of course, but the law of the bushveld said that the gold belonged to Crocodile's relatives.

And that was the problem – nobody knew who Crocodile's living relatives were. So wise Tortoise called a big meeting on the river bank to find out.

First the birds, with their colourful feathers and beautiful voices, stood up to speak. "We must be the living relatives of our dear mother Crocodile," they sang together. "Even though Crocodile was not as beautiful as we are, she laid big eggs in the sand. We deserve her big pile of gold."

The other animals shouted, "NOOO!" and the birds sat down.

"That is very true," said Tortoise. "Crocodile did lay big eggs in the sand. Does anyone else have something to say about it?"

The lizard clan stood up, and hissed at the birds. "That's rubbish," said the leader of the lizards. "I know plenty of lizards who also lay eggs, and we aren't birds at all. Crocodile was a member of our clan because of her scaly skin. We deserve the big pile of gold."

The other animals shouted, "NOOO!" and the lizards sat down.

"That is also very true," said Tortoise. "Crocodile does have scaly skin. Does anyone else have something to say about it?"

There was a splash from the river, and four blue heads popped out of the water. "We don't care if she laid eggs, or had scaly skin," said the fish. "We have scales too, and we used to watch Crocodile swim underwater every day. She was a fish, just like us. We deserve the big pile of gold."

"Oh no, that's not true," said the leader of the lizards. "Just look at her lying there. She has four legs. Show me a fish with four legs."

"But she swam," said the fish.

"Wait!" said Springbok. "Crocodile has four legs. Everyone in the buck clan has four legs too, so she must have been a buck. We deserve the big pile of gold."

"But you don't lay eggs," sang the birds.

The fish popped out of the river and sprayed water on the birds. The birds took off into the sky and flapped around.

"Why did you do that?" asked one of the birds.

"If you really are Crocodile's relatives, then you would love water," said the fish. "Besides, did you ever see Crocodile fly?"

And soon all the animals of the bushveld were fighting amongst themselves and shouting.

"Stop, everybody! Stop!" said Tortoise, but no one would listen to him.

Suddenly, Tortoise felt a tap on his shoulder and turned around. Something terrible was looking down at him. It had great big eyes and very sharp teeth. It was Crocodile!

"I thought you were dead," said Tortoise, shaking in his shell.

"I was sleeping," said Crocodile in her big voice. "But all this noise woke me up."

Tortoise mumbled an apology and scuttled off into the bushveld. Crocodile turned to the other animals.

"Hey!" she shouted. Everyone stopped fighting and was silent. They looked at Crocodile with wide eyes.



"That's better," said Crocodile. "So you all want my gold, do you? Well, firstly, I would like to have dinner with my *living* relatives. So who wants to stay and eat something delicious?" asked Crocodile licking her lips.

"The birds are your relatives," said the fish, swimming away quickly.

"Oh, no, the buck are," said the birds flying off into the treetops. "They have four legs." But the buck clan had already disappeared into the bushes.

"Well," said the lizards, "that leaves only us. Oh please, don't gobble us up, Crocodile."

"Gobble you up?" said Crocodile smiling. "Why would I eat my own relatives? Come on, lizards. Let's go and have dinner."

So the lizards followed Crocodile to her hut, where they ate marula cake and drank delicious spring water, and told jokes and laughed until it was dark outside. And from that day on, all the animals knew that the lizards were the true living relatives of Crocodile, and that when she did actually die, they would get her big pile of gold.



Poloko ya Kwena

Kanegoleswa ka Kai Tuomi

Diphoofolo ka moka di be di tseba gore Kwena o na le mokgobo o mogolo wa gauta ka ntlong ya gagwe, efela ga go yo nkilego a o bona ka gobane Kwena o be a se na lešoko gape a le yo mobe. O be a ba koba gape a ba loma ka meno a bogale.

Letšatši le lengwe la selemo la go fiša, Kgabo o rile a sepela nokeng a bona Kwena a patlame mo letšatšing. Kgabo wa go ba le mahlale kudu, o ile a topa patla a kgotla Kwena ka thoko ga mmele wa gagwe. Kwena ga se a itšikinya gomme Kgabo a mo kgotla gape.



“O swanetše go ba a hwile,” a realo Kgabo. O ile a kitima a ya go botša diphoofolo tše dingwe.

Diphoofolo ka moka di ile tše tla polokong ya Kwena. Di eme go dikologa mmele wa gagwe gomme tše bolela. Di be di nyaka go tseba gore ke mang yo a tla tšeago mokgobo o mogolo wa gauta ya Kwena. Ka moka ba be ba nyaka gauta, efela, go ya ka molao wa lešoka gauta ke ya meloko ya Kwena.

Gomme seo e be e le bothata – ga go yo a bego a tseba gore meloko ya Kwena e dula kae. Gomme Khudu wa bohlale a bitša kopano leribeng la noka go sedimošwa ka ga seo.

La mathomo gwa emelela dinonyana ka mafofa a mebalabala le mantša a mabotse, tše bolela. “Re swanetše go ba re le maloko a go phela a mmago rena wa go ratega Kwena,” tše opela mmogo. “Le ge Kwena a be a se botse bjalo ka rena, o be a bea mae a magolo mohlabeng. Re swanelwa ke mokgobo o mogolo wa gauta ya gagwe.”

Diphoofolo tše dingwe tše goletša, “AOWAAA!” gomme dinonyana tše dula fase.

“Ke nneta,” a realo Khudu. “Kwena o beile mae a magolo mohlabeng. Go na le yo a nyakago go bolela se sengwe ka se?”

Leloko la megaditswana la emelela gomme la šutšetša dinonyana. “Ke ditšila tše,” a realo moetapele wa megaditswana. “Ke tseba megaditswane ye mentši ya go bea mae gape, gomme ga re dinonyana le gatee. Kwena e be e le leloko la moloko wa rena ka lebaka la letlalo la gagwe la dikgepetla. Re swanelwa ke mokgobo o mogolo wa gauta.”

Diphoofolo tše dingwe tše goletša, “AOWAAA!” gomme megaditswana ya dula fase.

“Ye le yona ke nneta,” a realo Khudu. “Kwena o be a na le letlalo la dikgepetla. Go na le yo a nyakago go bolela se sengwe ka se?”

Gwa kwagala phonkgo go tšwa ka nokeng, gomme gwa rotoga dihlogo tše ditalalerata tše nne ka meetseng. “Ga re na taba le gore o beile mae goba o be a na le letlalo la dikgepetla,” tše realo dihlapi. “Le rena re na le dikgepetla, gomme re be re hlwa re bona Kwena a rutha ka tlase ga meetse letšatši le lengwe le le lengwe. E be e le hlapi, bjalo ka rena. Re swanelwa ke mokgobo o mogolo wa gauta.”

“Aowaowa, ga se nneta seo,” a realo moetapele wa megaditswane. “Mo lebelele mola a patlamego. O na le maoto a mane. Mpontšhe hlapi ya go ba le maoto a mane.”

“Efela o be a rutha,” tše realo dihlapi.



Diswantšho ka Samantha van Riet

“Ema!” a realo Tshepe. “Kwena o na le maoto a mane. Bohle lelokong la dikgana ba na le maoto a mane, o swanetše go ba e be e le kgana. Re swanelwa ke mokgobo o mogolo wa gauta.”

“Efela ga le beye mae,” gwa opela dinonyana.

Hlapi ya rotoga ka nokeng gomme ya šašetša dinonyana ka meetse. Dinonyana tše fofela godimo tše phaphasetša maphego.

“Le direlang seo?” gwa botša nonyana ye nngwe.

“Ge nkabe le le meloko ya Kwena ka nneta, le be le tlo rata meetse,” a realo hlapi. “Ntle le seo, nkile la bona Kwena a fofa?”

Gomme ka nakwana diphoofolo tše lešoka ka moka tše lwa magareng ga tšona gomme di hlabile lešata.

“Emišang, ka moka ga lena! Emišang!” Khudu a realo, gomme gwa se be le yo a mo theeletšago.

Gateetee Khudu a kwa a kgwathwa legetleng gomme a retologa. Selo sa go šiiša se be se mo lebeletše. Se be se na le mahlo a magolo le meno a bogale kudu. E be e le Kwena!

“Ke be ke nagana gore o hwile,” a realo Khudu a thuthumela ka kgapetleng ya gagwe.

“Ke be ke robetše,” a realo Kwena ka lentšu la gagwe le legolo. “Efela ke tsošitšwe ke lešata le legolo le.”

Khudu o ile a kgopela tshwarelo gomme a felela ka lešokeng. Kwena ya retologela go diphoofolo tše dingwe.

“Hei!” a goleletša. Bohle ba ile ba emiša go lwa gomme gwa re kgwatha. Ba ile ba tomolela Kwena mahlo.



“Go kaone,” a realo Kwena. “Ka moka ga lena le nyaka gauta ya ka, ga go bjalo? Agaa, sa mathomo, ke tla rata goja dijо tše go lalela le meloko ya ka ya go phela. Ke mang yo a nyakago go šala gomme a ja dijо tše bose?” gwa botša Kwena e itatswa melomo.

“Meloko ya gago ke dinonyana,” tše realo dihlapi, di rutha ka lebelo.

“Aowaowa, ke dikgana,” dinonyana tše realo di fofela godimo ga mehlare. “Di na le maoto a mane.” Efela leloko la dikgana le be le šetše le nyameletše ka lešokeng.

“Agaa,” ya realo megaditswane, “go šetše rena fela. Ka kgopelo hle, o se re kwametše, Kwena.”

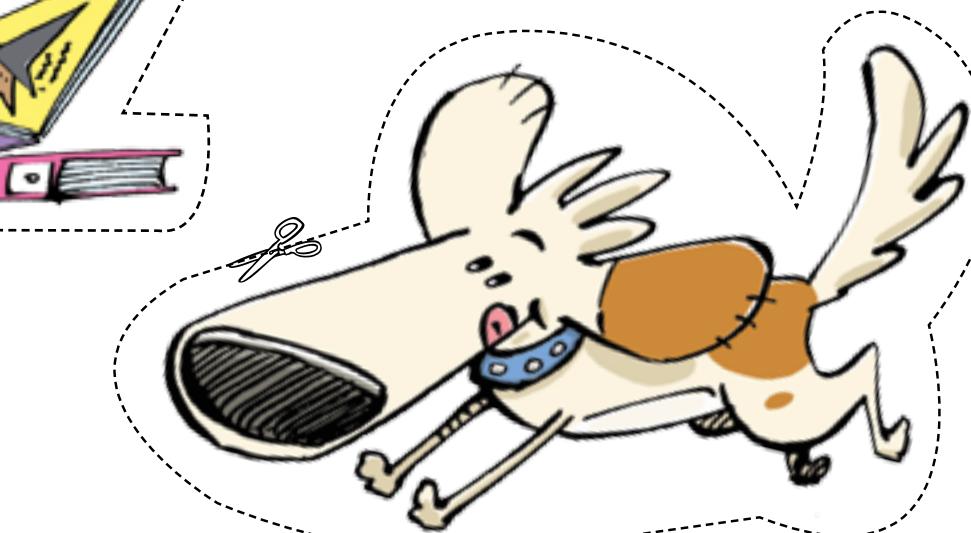
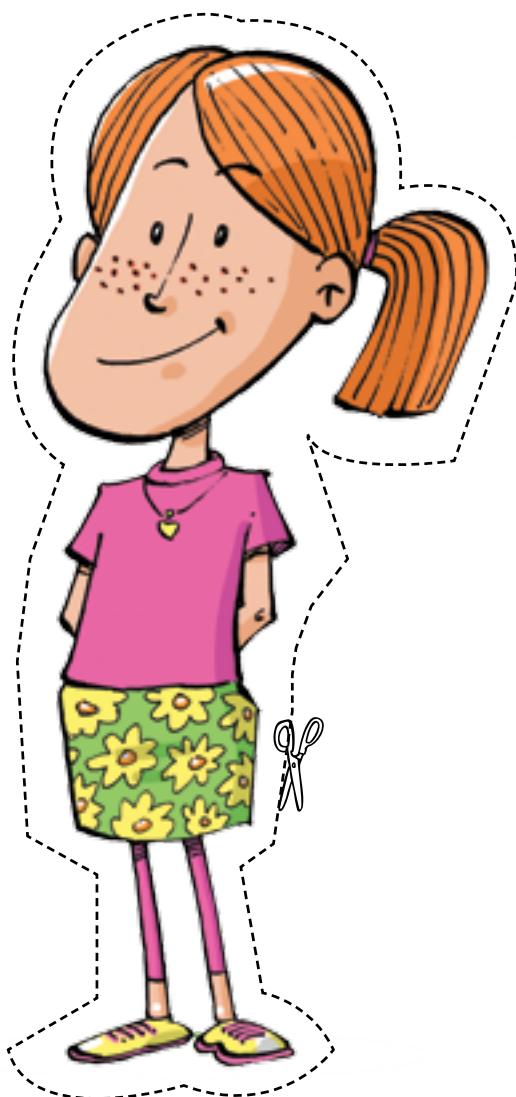
“Ka le kwametše?” a realo Kwena a myemyela. “Goreng nka ja meloko ya ka? Aowa, megaditswane. Areng re ye goja dilalelo.”

Gomme megaditswane ya latela Kwena go ya mokutwaneng wa gagwe fao di jelego khekhe ya marula tše nwa le meetse a sediba a mabose, gomme ya dira metlae le go sega go fihlela go fifala ka ntle. Gomme go tloga letšatšing leo, diphoofolo ka moka di tsebile gore megaditswane ke meloko ya Kwena ya go phela ya nneta, le gore ge a hwile e tlo hwetša mokgobo o mogolo wa gauta ya gagwe.

Nal'ibali fun

Boipshino bja Nal'ibali

- ◎ Cut out these pictures of Afrika, Bella, Noodle, Hope and Neo. Then stick them to the tops of spoons or sticks to create your own Nal'ibali puppets. Use them to make up a story and put on a puppet show!
- ◎ Ripa diswantšho tše tša Afrika, Bella, Noodle, Hope le Neo. Dikgomaretše godimo ga malepola le dikota go ithamela diphaphete tše Nal'ibali. Didiriše go thoma kanegelo gomme o dire pontšho ya diphaphete!



For a chance to win some Book Dash books, write a review of the story, *Thuli, Special and the secret* (pages 5, 6, 11 and 12), and email it to team@bookdash.org, or take a photo and tweet us at [@bookdash](https://twitter.com/bookdash). Remember to include your full name, age and contact details.

Go hwetša monyetla wa go thopa dipuku tše Book Dash, ngwala tshekatsheko ya kanegelo ya, *Thuli, Kgethego le sephiri* (matlakala a 5, 6, 11 le 12), o e emeilele go team@bookdash.org, goba tše senepe o re romele tweet go [@bookdash](https://twitter.com/bookdash). O gopole go akaretša maina a gago ka botlalo, ngwaga le dintlha tše kgokaganyo.



Drive your
imagination



Nal'ibali fun Boipshino bja Nal'ibali

1.

Crack the code!

What are Neo and his friends going to spend time doing during the holidays? Use the blue code-breaker table to help you find out.

- Neo is going on a (19, 15, 3, 3, 5, 18) tour for the first week of the holidays.
- Mbali is going on an outing to a (6, 1, 18, 13) with the other children at Gogo's educate centre.
- Bella is going to (18, 5, 1, 4) to Noodle and take him to play with the other dogs at the (16, 1, 18, 11)
- Hope is taking part in a (11, 1, 18, 1, 20, 5) competition.
- Afrika and Dintle are going to help their mother to (2, 1, 11, 5) cakes and biscuits for her stall at the winter fair.
- Priya is going with her sister to a story workshop at the (12, 9, 2, 18, 1, 18, 25)
- Josh is helping to run a (8, 15, 12, 9, 4, 1, 25) (16, 18, 15, 7, 18, 1, 13, 13, 5) for the younger children at his school.



Roba khoutu!

Neo le bagwera ba gagwe ba tlo dira eng ka maikhutšo? Diriša lenaneothopho la moroba-khoutu ye talalerata go go thuša go hwetša karabo.

- Neo o ya leeto la (11, 7, 23, 5, 12, 5) (25, 1) (13, 1, 15, 20, 15) mo bekeng ya mathomo ya maikhutšo.
- Mbali o tšwa le bana ba bangwe ba lefelo la Koko la tlhokomelo ya thuto gomme ba ya (16, 15, 12, 1, 19, 5, 14, 7)
- Bella o ya go (2, 1, 12, 1) le Noodle gomme a mo iša go bapala le dimpsa tše dingwe (16, 8, 1, 11, 5, 14, 7)
- Hope o tšea karolo phadišanong ya (11, 1, 18, 1, 20, 9)
- Afrika le Dintle ba ile go thuša mma wa bona go (16, 1, 11, 1) dikhekhe le dipisitiki tša setolo sa gagwe ka kopano ya marega.
- Priya le sesi wa gagwe ba ya wekešopong ya dikaneglo kua (2, 15, 11, 7, 15, 2, 1, 16, 21, 11, 21)
- Josh o thuša go sepetša (12, 5, 14, 1, 14, 5, 15) (12, 1) (13, 1, 9, 11, 8, 21, 20, 27, 15) la go direlwa bana ba bannyane sekolong.



A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Y	Z	Š					
25	26	27					

Write in code!

Use the code-breaker table to write down the code for six things you want to do during the holiday. Give your list and the code-breaker table to a friend or parent. Can they crack the code?

Your list:/Lenaneo la gago:

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Ngwala ka khoutu!

Diriša lenaneothopho la moroba-khoutu go ngwala khoutu ya dilo tše tshela tše o nyakago go di dira ka maikhutšo. Efa mogwera goba motswadi lenaneo la gago le lenaneothopho la moroba-khoutu. Ba kgona go roba khoutu?

Crack the code here:/Roba khoutu fa:

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____



Don't forget that we will be taking a break until the week of 22 July 2018. Enjoy the holidays, and join us after the holiday for more Nal'ibali reading magic! In the meantime, visit www.nalibali.org or www.nalibali.mobi to find stories and reading-for-enjoyment inspiration.



O se lebale gore re tlo ba maikhutšong go fihla ka beke ya di 22 Julae 2018. Ipshine ka maikhutšo, gomme o tle o be le rena gape ka morago ga maikhutšo go hwetša maleatlana a go bala a Nal'ibali a mantšil Gabjale, etela www.nalibali.org goba www.nalibali.mobi go hwetša dikanegelo le tutuetšo ya go-balela-boipshino.

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Daily Dispatch

The Herald

Sunday Times

SW Sunday World



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