



Keep them reading!

Getting young children into the habit of reading is sometimes easier than keeping them reading as they get older! So, what can you do to make sure that your children keep reading throughout their childhood and into their teenage years? Here are some ideas.

WHAT?

- ★ If you have been sharing books with your children since they were babies, then often by the age of 9, they like certain types of books. Some children like stories about characters in real-life situations; others like fantasy. Some children like adventure stories; others like science fiction. It is completely natural to decide that you prefer reading a particular type of book. In fact, it's part of becoming a more mature reader. So, don't worry if your children only want to read one or two types of books!
- ★ Remember to share different types of reading material with your children, such as magazine articles, poems, newspaper articles as well as interesting material on the internet.

INTONI?

- ★ Ukuba ubusoloko usabelana nabantwana bakho ngeencwadi ukususela ngoko babeziintsana, kumaxesha amaninzi bathi befika kwiminyaka eli-9 ubudala, babe sebethanda iintlobo ezithile zeencwadi. Abanye abantwana bathanda amabali anabalinganiswa abafana nabaphila kwiimeko zobomi; kanti abanye bathanda amangalisayo. Abanye abantwana bathanda amabali obudela-ngozi; kanti kukho abathanda awenzulwazi abuntsomirha. Kuyazenzekela ukuba uthathe isigqibo sokuba uthanda uhlobo oluthile lwencwadi. Enyanisweni, oko yinxalenye yokuba ngumfundi ovuthwe ngakumbi. Ngoko ke, ungakathazeki ukuba abantwana bakho bafuna ukufunda uhlobo olunye okanye iintlobo ezimbini zeencwadi!
- ★ Khumbula ukubonisa abantwana bakho iintlobo ezahluka-hlukileyo zezinto zokufunda, ezifana namanqaku akwiimagazini, imibongo, amanqaku akumaphephandaba ngokunjalo nezinto zokufunda ezinomdla kwi-intanethi.

HOW?

- ★ Spend some time each day reading to your children – even if they are good readers themselves. Choose books that are slightly more difficult than the ones that they are able to read on their own.
- ★ Choose a book to read together and take turns reading two or three chapters to each other every day until it is finished.

NJANI?

- ★ Chitha ixesha elithile kusuku ngalunye ufundela abantwana bakho – nokuba sebekwazi ukuzifundela kakuhle. Khetha iincwadi ezithande ukuba nzima kancinane kunezo bakwaziyo ukuzifundela ngokwabo.
- ★ Khetha incwadi eniza kuyifunda kunye nize ninikane amathuba okufunda izahluko ezibini okanye ezithathu yonke imihla ide iphele.

Bagcine ngokufunda!

Ngamanye amaxesha ukuqhelanisa abantwana abancinci nomkhwa wokufunda kulula kunokubaqhelanisa nokufunda xa sebekhulile! Ngoko ke, ungenza ntoni ukuze uqinisekise ukuba abantwana bakho basoloko befunda ngalo lonke ixesha labo lobuntwana ukuya kwiminyaka yokufikisa kwabo? Nazi ezinye iibono.



We will be taking a break until the week of 19 July 2019. Join us then for more Nal'ibali reading magic!

Siza kukhe sithathe ikhefu kude kube yiveki yowe-19 kweyeKhala kowama-2019. Uze usijoyine ngoko ukuze ufumane omnye omninzi ummangaliso wokufunda kaNal'ibali!

How to encourage readers

- ☞ If your children are aged 9 or older, and they are not yet able to read independently, try choosing picture books to read to them to start with. Books with traditional stories often have illustrations in them which make them suitable for late-starters or children who find reading difficult. Once you are used to reading together regularly, introduce short chapter books. These often have simple plots.
- ☞ Some teenagers can't get enough of books and always seem to have their nose in a book, while others often go through phases of hardly reading at all. Encourage less-regular readers by buying magazines for them, leaving a newspaper lying around, suggesting they visit websites with interesting content, and visiting the library or popping into a bookshop when they just happen to be with you!
- ☞ If you have friends with children of the same age as your children, then find out what their children are reading and suggest these books to your children.

Indlela yokukhuthaza abafundi

- ☞ Ukuba abantwana bakho baneminyaka eli-9 okanye ngaphezulu, kodwa abakakwazi ukuzifundela ngokwabo, zama ukukhetha iincwadi zemifanekiso onokuqalisa ngazo ukubafundela. Iincwadi ezinamabali amandulo zikhulisa ukuba nemizobo eyenza ukuba zithandekwe kwabo baqalise emva kwexesha nasebantwaneni abakubona kunzima ukufunda. Nakuba seniqhelile ukufunda kunye futhi nifunda rhoqo, baqhelanise neencwadi ezinezahluko ezifutshane. Zona zikhulisa ukuba nezakhivo zamabali ezilula.
- ☞ Abanye abantwana abafikisayo banengxaki yokufumana iincwadi ezaneleyo nangona besoloko befuna ukufaka iimpumlo zabo ezincwadini, kanti abanye badlula kwizigaba zokukhula kwabo mhlawumbi bengafundi kwanto. Khuthaza abo bangafundi ngokwaneleyo ngokubathengela iimagazini, ushiye iphephandaba lihleli phaya, ubacebise ukuba baye kwiwebhusayithi eziqulethe amanqaku anika umdla ucebise nangokuya elayibrari okanye ngokuya evenkileni yeencwadi xa kwenzekile waba nabo!
- ☞ Ukuba unabahlobo abanabantwana abalingana nabakho ngobudala, cela abantwana bakho ukuba bafumanise ukuba bafunda ntoni abantwana babo uze ucebise abantwana bakho ngezo ncwadi.



Drive your
imagination



IT STARTS WITH
A STORY.
KONKE KUQALA
NGBALI.

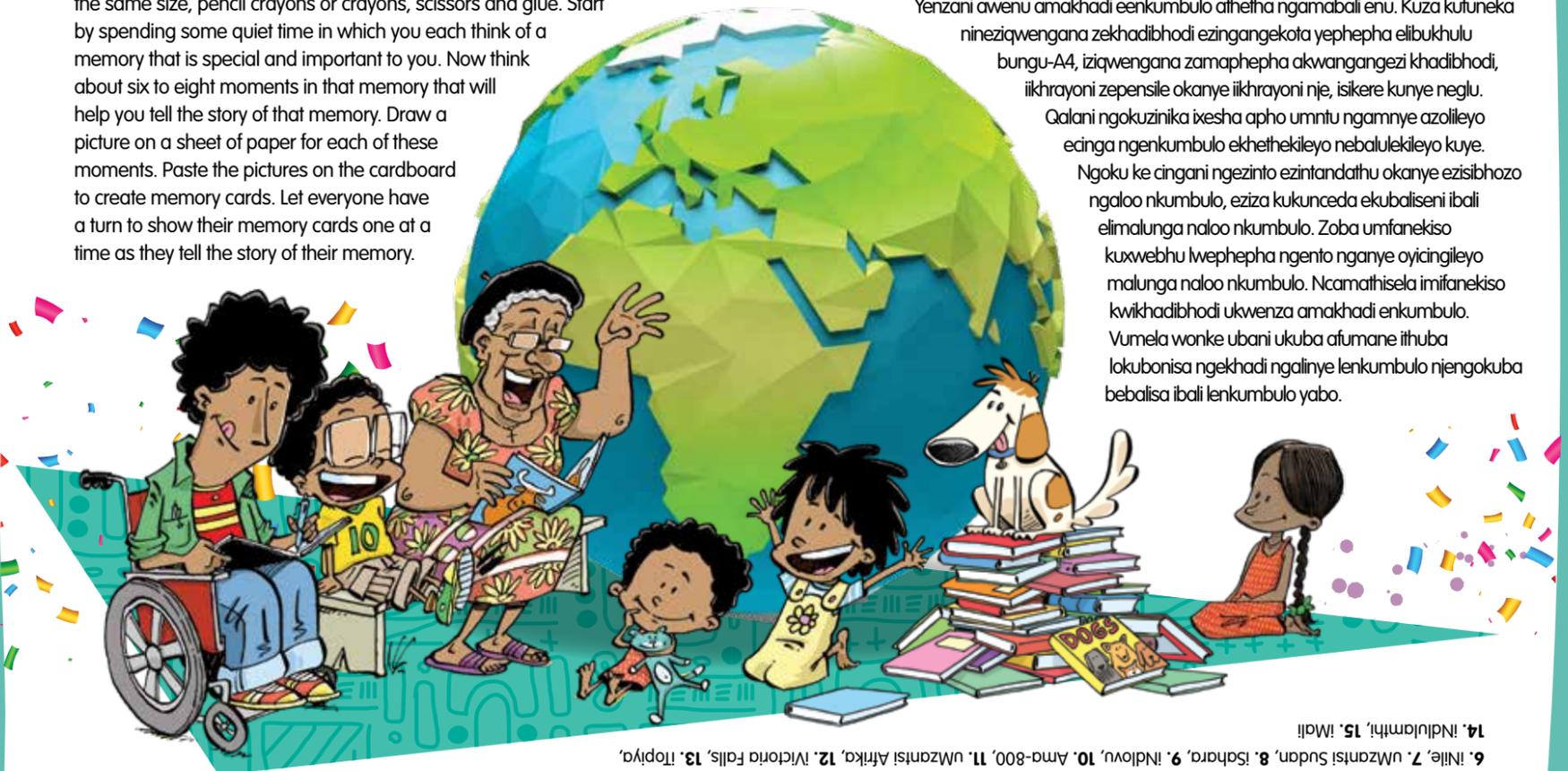
Celebrate Africa Day!

Africa Day is celebrated on 25 May each year. It is the day on which we celebrate the start of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) in 1963, as well as the freedom fought for by African countries. The OAU was replaced by the African Union (AU) in 2001. The African Union works to bring unity and peace to Africa.

Africa Day is a public holiday in only five African countries: Ghana, Mali, Namibia, Zambia and Zimbabwe. But, it is celebrated all over Africa, as well as by Africans living in other parts of the world!

Here are some ideas of how you can celebrate Africa Day.

- ★ Enjoy our special Africa Day focus in the story, *Auntie Boi's gift* (pages 7 to 10), and in "Nalibali fun" on page 16.
- ★ Sing songs and say rhymes in as many African languages as you know.
- ★ Tell or read a traditional African story.
- ★ Encourage your children to make a "Children of Africa" poster with their friends. They will need a large sheet of paper or cardboard, smaller pieces of paper or photographs, glue, scissors, kokis and/or pencil crayons. Let them start by finding photographs of themselves or drawing pictures of themselves on small pieces of paper. Next, they should arrange the photographs or pictures on a large sheet of paper so that there is space to write under or next to each photograph/picture. After they have pasted down the pictures or photographs, let them take turns writing a few interesting facts about each other.
- ★ We are all Africans and together our memories create the story of Africa! Make your own memory cards to capture your stories. You will need pieces of cardboard that are about the size of a quarter of an A4 page, sheets of paper the same size, pencil crayons or crayons, scissors and glue. Start by spending some quiet time in which you each think of a memory that is special and important to you. Now think about six to eight moments in that memory that will help you tell the story of that memory. Draw a picture on a sheet of paper for each of these moments. Paste the pictures on the cardboard to create memory cards. Let everyone have a turn to show their memory cards one at a time as they tell the story of their memory.



Answers to bingo activity (page 16): 1. 55, 2. Algeria, 3. Nigeria, 4. About 2 000, 5. Kilimanjaro, 6. Nile, 7. South Sudan, 8. Sahara, 9. Elephant, 10. 800, 11. South Africa, 12. Victoria Falls, 13. Ethiopia, 14. Giraffe, 15. Mali

Impindlo zomsetyenzana webingo (iphapha le-16): 1. Ama-55, 2. Aljeriya, 3. Nijeriya, 4. Malunga nama-2 000, 5. Khillimanjaro, 6. Nile, 7. uMzantsi Sudan, 8. iSahara, 9. iNdlovu, 10. Ama-800, 11. uMzantsi Afrika, 12. iVictoria Falls, 13. iTopiya, 14. iNdulimthi, 15. iMali

Bhiyozela uSuku lweAfrika!

USuku lweAfrika lubhiyozelwa ngomhla wama-25 kuCanzibe minyaka le. Lusuku lokubhiyozela ukusungulwa kweQumrhu leManyano yeAfrika (iOrganisation of African Unity – iOAU) ngowe-1963, kwakunye nenkululeko eyalwelwa ngamazwe aseAfrika. Indawo yeOAU yathatyathwa yiMbumba yeAfrika (iAfrican Union – iAU) ngowama-2001. Ezinye zeenjongo zeMbumba yeAfrika kukudala ubumbano noxolo eAfrika.

USuku lweAfrika lusuku lweholide kawonke-wonke kumazwe amahlanu kuphela aseAfrika angala: iGhana, iMali, iNamibia, iZambia neZimbabwe. Nangona kunjalo, lubhiyozelwa kwiAfrika iphela nakwezinye iindawo ehlabathini apho kuhlala khona amaAfrika!

Nazi ezinye iingcebiso ngendlela onokubhiyozela ngayo uSuku lweAfrika.

- ★ Yonwabela ugqaliselo lwethu loSuku lweAfrika kwibali elithi, *Isipho sikaMakazi uBoi* (iphepha lesi-7 ukuya kwele-10), nakwicandelo "Okokuzonwabisa kwakwaNalibali" kwiphepha le-16.
- ★ Cula iingoma ucengceleze iingoma zabantwana ngeelwimi ezininzi zesiNtu kangangoko uzazi.
- ★ Balisa okanye funda ibali eliqhelekileyo laseAfrika.
- ★ Khuthaza abantwana bakho ukwenza ipowusta nabahlobo babo ethi "Abantwana beAfrika". Kuza kufuneka babe noxwebhu lwephepha okanye ikhadibhodi, amaphetshana amancinane okanye iifoto, iglu, isikere, iikhoki kunye/okanye neekhrayoni zepensile. Mabaqale ngokuba neefoto zabo okanye bazobe imifanekiso yabo kumaphetshana amancinane. Emva koko, kufuneka bazilungelane iifoto okanye imifanekiso kolo xwebhu lwephepha ukuze kubekho indawo yokubhala ngezantsi okanye ecaleni kwefoto/komfanekiso ngamnye. Emva kokuba beyincamathisele imifanekiso okanye iifoto, mabanikane amathuba okubhala amanqaku anomdla, omnye ngomnye.
- ★ Sonke singama-Afrika kwaye xa sisonke iinkumbulo zethu zenza ibali laseAfrika! Yenzani awenu amakhadi eenkumbulo athetha ngamabali enu. Kuza kufuneka ninezizwengana zekhadibhodi ezingangekoto yephepha elibukhulu bungu-A4, izizwengana zamaphepha akwangangezi khadibhodi, iikhrayoni zepensile okanye iikhrayoni nje, isikere kunye neglu. Galani ngokuzinika ixesha apho umntu ngamnye azolileyo ecinga ngenkumbulo ekhethekileyo nebalulekileyo kuye. Ngoku ke cingani ngezinto ezintandathu okanye ezisibhozo ngaloo nkumbulo, eziza kukunceda ekubaliseni ibali elimalunga nalo nkumbulo. Zoba umfanekiso kuxwebhu lwephepha ngento nganye oyingileyo malunga nalo nkumbulo. Ncamathisele imifanekiso kwikhadibhodi ukwenza amakhadi enkumbulo. Vumela wonke ubani ukuba afumane ithuba lokubonisa ngekhadhi ngalinye lenkumbulo njengokuba bebalisa ibali lenkumbulo yabo.

WIN!
WINA!



For a chance to win some Book Dash books, write a review of the story, *Auntie Boi's gift* (pages 7 to 10), and email it to team@bookdash.org, or take a photo and tweet us at [@bookdash](https://twitter.com/bookdash). Remember to include your full name, age and contact details.

Ukuze ufumane ithuba lokuwina iincwadi zakwaBook Dash, bhala uphengululo lwebali, elithi, *Isipho sikaMakazi uBoi* (kwiphepha lesi-7 ukuya kwele-10), uze ulithumele ngeimeyile ku-team@bookdash.org, okanye thatha ifoto uze uyithumele nge-tweet kuthi ku-[@bookdash](https://twitter.com/bookdash). Khumbula ukufaka igama lakho elipheleleyo, ubudala kunye neenkukacha zohagamshekwano.

Dear Na'ibali ... Na'ibali othandekayo ...

Dear Na'ibali

I have two sons aged four and seven years. Both of them spend a lot of time "writing". The eldest one makes lots of spelling mistakes when he writes. The youngest one just scribbles and then says, "Look what I wrote." I am not sure whether I should be correcting them and showing them how to spell and write properly.

Luleka Mduna, Motherwell

Dear Luleka

It's so wonderful to hear that your children choose to spend time writing! Motivation is a key part of learning to do something well, so keep encouraging them. You can do this by talking to them, reading to them and by showing an interest in what they have written. Talking to children and reading aloud to them provides them with language they can use in their writing. When you read your children's writing and ask them about it, you show them that you think it is important. If you are not quite sure what they have written, you can say, "Tell me about your writing." Or say, "Tell me about what you have written here."

When children start to write, all of them start by scribbling and saying it is writing. When children are a bit older, they often use the letters of the alphabet to make up the sounds in words they know, but are not able to spell correctly yet. Learning to write – just like learning to read – happens over time. It's a journey – and your children sound like they are well on their way already. Enjoy the journey together!

The Na'ibali Team



Na'ibali othandekayo

Ndinoonyana ababini, omnye uneminyaka emine aze omnye abe nesixhenxe. Bobabini bachitha ixesha elininzi "bebhala". Lo omdala wenza iimpazamo ezininzi zopelo xa ebhala. Kanti omncinci uyarhoqoloza nje aze athi, "Jonga endikubhalileyo." Andiqinisekanga ukuba ndifanele ukubalungisa na ndibabonise indlela yokupela neyokubhala kakuhle na.

Luleka Mduna, Motherwell

Luleka othandekayo

Kuluvuyo ukuva ukuba abantwana bakho bakhetha ukuchitha ixesha labo ngokubhala! Inkuthazo ngundoqo ekufundeni ukwenza into kakuhle, ngoko ke bakhuthaze. Oku unokukwenza ngokuthetha nabo, ukubafundela nangokubonisa umdla kwinto abayibhalileyo. Ukuthetha nabantwana nokubafundela ngokuvakalayo kubaxhobisa ngolwimi abanokulusebenzisa xa bebhala. Xa ufunda okubhalwe ngabantwana bakho futhi ubabuze ngoko, ubabonisa ukuba ucinga ukuba kubalulekile oko. Ukuba akuqinisekanga ngento abayibhalileyo, unakho ukuthi, "Ndixeleleni ngenikubhalayo." Okanye yithi, "Ndixeleleni ngenikubhalileyo."

Xa abantwana beqala ukubhala, bonke baqala ngokurhoqoloza baze bathi babhalile. Xa sebebadahlana, bakholisa ukusebenzisa oonobumba bealfabhethi ukuze babumbe izandi emagameni abawaziyo, kodwa abakakwazi ukupela ngokuchanekileyo. Ukuziqhelanisa nokubhala – kanye njengokuziqhelanisa nokufunda – kuthatha ixesha. Luhambo – kwaye abantwana bakho babonakala sebeluqalile uhambo lwabo. Yonwabelani olo hambo kunye!

Liqela lakwaNa'ibali



WRITE TO US! SIBHALELE!

The Na'ibali Supplement
The Na'ibali Trust
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Wycroft Road
Mowbray
7700

info@nalibali.org



Dear Na'ibali

What can I do now to make sure that my two-year-old daughter will learn to read?

Seshni Reddy, Durban

Dear Seshni

The easiest way to invest in your daughter's reading future is to read to her regularly. Reading aloud to young children shows them that you think reading is important. It also lets them enjoy stories and books, and this motivates them to learn to read for themselves later on. When we read aloud to children, we show them how we read and how books work. At the same time, we also develop their vocabulary and language. So, all you have to do is read to your daughter every day – it's that simple!

The Na'ibali Team



Na'ibali othandekayo

Ndingenza ntoni ngoku ukuqinisekisa ukuba intombazana yam eneminyaka emibini iya kuziqhelanisa nokufunda?

Seshni Reddy, Durban

Seshni othandekayo

Eyona ndlela ilula yokuba negalelo kwikamva lokufunda lentombazana yakho kukuyifundela rhoqo. Ukubafundela ngokuvakalayo abantwana abancinane kubabonisa ukuba wena ucinga ukuba ukufunda kubalulekile. Kuphinda kubenze bawonwabele amabali neencwadi, kanti oku kubakhuthaza ekubeni baziqhelanise nokuzifundela ngokwabo emva kwexesha. Xa sifundela abantwana ngokuvakalayo, sibabonisa indlela esifunda ngayo nendlela ezisebenza ngayo iincwadi. Ngaxeshanye, siphinda siphuhlise isigama sabo kunye nolwimi. Ngoko ke, ekufuneka ukwenzile kukuyifundela yonke imihla intombazana yakho – kulula kangako!

Liqela lakwaNa'ibali



Your story

We love getting stories that you have written!

Here is the story of Janga, which was written by Die Sterlopers Reading Club in Sutherland.

Helanne Malan, who is the leader of this reading club, had read the story, *Smerige dassie*, (*Dirty dassie*) from Edition 146 of the Nal'ibali Supplement to the children at her club. After this she did some of the story activities from the "Get story active!" page and then she gave the children a chance to create a story of their own. Helanne let them choose between a funny story or a horror story, and the children (all from Grade R and Grade 1) chose a horror story. They told the story in Afrikaans while Helanne wrote it down for them.

Here is their story in Afrikaans as well as a translation of it into English.

Die spook van Sutherland

Deur Die Sterlopers-leesgroep

Daar was 'n spook genaamd Janga wat in die bosse om Sutherland gebly het. Hy het snags kinders bang gemaak en bedags het hy in die bosse buite die dorp gelê en slaap.

Hy het die mense, veral die kinders, van Sutherland baie bang gemaak. Veral as dit lekker warm buite was, het die kinders 'n bietjie later buite gespeel en dan het Janga toegeslaan.

Hy het die kinders weggesleep na sy bos, gebrui en geëet.

Die kinders het 'n plan beraam om Janga te vang.

Hulle het hom een aand voorgelê en gevang.

Die kinders het sy kop en arms afgekap, sy derms gebrui en saam met eiers geëet.

Send us your writing and pictures!

You can post them to: The Nal'ibali Supplement, The Nal'ibali Trust, Suite 17-201, Building 17, Waverley Business Park, Wycroft Road, Mowbray, 7700. Or email them to us at info@nalibali.org. Don't forget to include your full name, age and contact details so that we can contact you.

Sithumele okubhalileyo kunye nemifanekiso!

Unakho ukuziposela apha: The Nal'ibali Supplement, The Nal'ibali Trust, Suite 17-201, Building 17, Waverley Business Park, Wycroft Road, Mowbray, 7700. Okanye uzithumele kuthi nge-imeyili apha info@nalibali.org. Ungalibali ukubhala igama lakho elipheleleyo, ubudala bakho kunye neenkukacha zoxibelelwano ukuze sikwazi ukuqhagamshelana nawe.

Ibali lakho

Siyakuthanda ukufumana amabali eniwabhalileyo!

Nali ibali likaJanga, elalibhalwe yiKlabhu yokuFunda iDie Sterlopers eSutherland.

UHelanne Malan, oyinkokeli yale klabhu yokufunda, ufundele abantwana beklabhu yakhe ibali elithi, *Smerige dassie* (*UDumi imbila*), kupapasho loHlelo 146 lukaNal'ibali. Emva koku, wenze eminye yemisetzenzana yamabali ayithatha kwiphepha elithi "Yenza ibali linike umdla!" waze wanika abantwana ithuba lokuqamba ibali elilelabo. UHelanne ubavumele ukuba bakhethe phakathi kwebali elingaqhelekanga okanye ibali eloyikisayo, baze abantwana (bonke ukususela kwiBanga R nakwiBanga loku-1) bakhetha ibali eloyikisayo. Babebalisa ibali ngesiAfrikansi aze uHelanne ababhalelona.

Nali ibali labo ngesiAfrikansi kunye noguqulelo lwalo esiNgesi nasesiXhoseni.

The ghost of Sutherland

By Die Sterlopers Reading Club

There was a ghost called Janga who lived in the bushes around Sutherland. At night he scared the children and during the day he slept in the bushes outside the town.

The people of Sutherland, especially the children, were very scared of him. When it was nice and hot outside, the children played outside later than usual and that's when Janga pounced on them.

He dragged them into his bush, where he braided and ate them.

The children thought of a plan to catch Janga.

One evening they waited for him and caught him.

The children chopped off his head and arms, cooked his insides and ate it with some eggs.



Isiporho saseSutherland

Libaliswa yiKlabhu yokuFunda iDie Sterlopers

Kwakukho isiporho esasibizwa ngokuba nguJanga esasihlala ematyholweni aseSutherland. Ebusuku sasisothusa abantwana ukuze emini silale ematyholweni ngaphandle kwedolophu.

Abantu baseSutherland, ngakumbi abantwana, babesoyika kakhulu. Xa kushushu kamnandi phandle, abantwana bebedlala bade badlule kwixesha labo lesiqhelo, xa kulapho uJanga ebebatsibela.

Ebebarhuqela etyholweni lakhe, apho ebebosa emlilweni aze abatye.

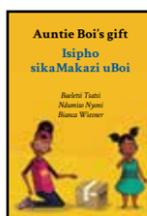
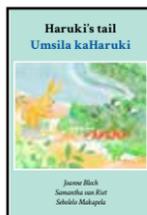
Abantwana bacinga iqhinga lokubamba uJanga.

Ngenye injikalanga bamlinda baze bambamba.

Abantwana bashunqula intloko yakhe neengalo, bapheka iinyama zakhe zangaphakathi bazitya kunye namaqanda.

Create TWO cut-out-and-keep books

1. Take out pages 5 to 12 of this supplement.
2. The sheet with pages 5, 6, 11 and 12 on it makes up one book. The sheet with pages 7, 8, 9 and 10 on it makes up the other book.
3. Use each of the sheets to make a book. Follow the instructions below to make each book.
 - a) Fold the sheet in half along the black dotted line.
 - b) Fold it in half again along the green dotted line.
 - c) Cut along the red dotted lines.



Zenzele iincwadana EZIMBINI onokuzisika-ze-uzigcine

1. Khupha iphepha lesi-5 ukuya kwele-12 kolu hlelo.
2. Uxwebhu olunamaphepha aqala kwelesi-5, elesi-6, ele-11 nele-12 lwenza incwadi yokuqala. Uxwebhu olunamaphepha aqala kwelesi-7, elesi-8, ele-9 nele-10 lwenza eyesibini incwadi.
3. Sebenzisa uxwebhu ngalunye kula mabini ukwenza iincwadana. Landela imiyalelo engezantsi ukwenza incwadi nganye.
 - a) Songa uxwebhu phakathi kumgca wamachaphaza amnyama.
 - b) Phinda ulusonge phakathi kwakhona ulandela umgca wamachaphaza aluhlaza.
 - c) Sika ke ngoku ulandela imigca yamachaphaza abomvu.



Drive your imagination



“Uyazi yintoni?” uqhayise watsho kooontanga bakhe. “Namhlanje ndiza kusaba ndiye kweli cala lingesosiqithi!” Akukho namnye kubahlobo bakhe owamkholelwayo, kodwa akazange akunanze oku uHaruki. “Zenikhangele!” utshilo, waze waxhummela kunxweme lomlambo olunesanti.

Ngenye imini, umvundlana okhethekileyo nodlamke kakhulu ogama linguHaruki, waziva umombono okhethekileyo.

“Guess what?” he boasted to his friends. “Today I’m going to escape to the mainland! None of his friends believed him, but Haruki didn’t care. “Watch me!” he said, bouncing over to the sandy bank of the river.

One day, an especially frisky young hare called Haruki suddenly had a brilliant idea.



“Ninety eight! Ninety nine! One hundred!” Now there were no more crocodiles in front of Haruki – only the sandy bank of the mainland.

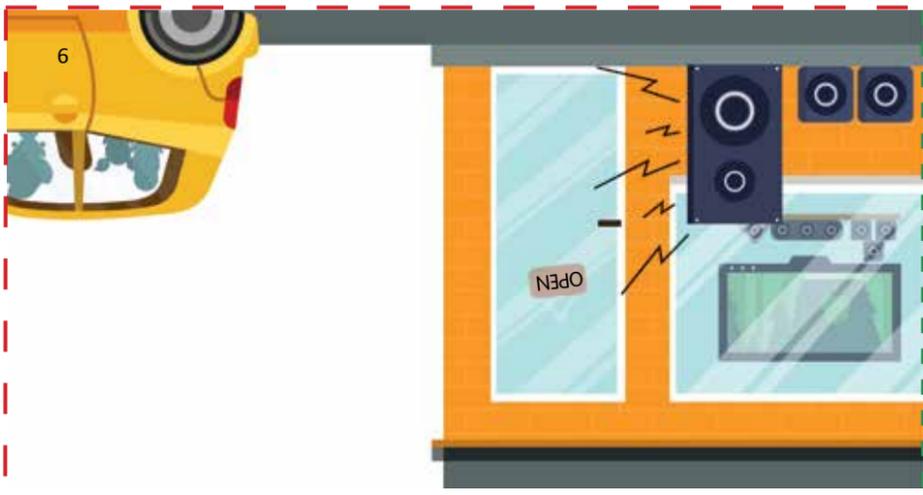
As he leapt off the back of the final crocodile, he let out a whoop of joy. “HA, HA! I TRICKED YOU!” he bragged as he flew through the air and landed on the sand. “You nasty crocodiles have just made a bridge for me to reach the mainland!”

When the last crocodile heard these words, he whipped his huge head around and bit off Haruki’s wagging tail with a loud *SNAP!* Haruki squeaked with fright, but carried on bouncing all the way up the bank. He didn’t really care that he had lost his tail because he had gained his freedom. And to this day, hares have short, stubby tails, just like Haruki!

“Amashumi alithoba anesibhozo! Amashumi alithoba anethoba! Ikhulu!” Ngeli thuba ke kwakungasekho ngwenya iphambi kwakhe uHaruki – into eyayikho lunxweme lwesanti lwalo mhlaba ungesosiqithi.

Uthe xa etsiba esehla kumqolo wengwenya yokugqibela, wakhwaza ezele luvuyo. “HEKE, HEKE! NGCIPH’ NANDIWEZA!” uqhayise watsho ngeli lixa antingela emoyeni esiya kuthi gxada esantini. “Zingwenyandini ezinoburhalarhume nindenzele ibhulorho yokuwela ndize kufika kweli cala lingesosiqithi!”

Ithe ingwenya yokugqibela yakuva la mazwi, yaguqula ngokukhawuleza intloko yayo enkulu yaze yaluma loo msila ujiwuzayo kaHaruki ngo *MINQWAMZO* omkhulu! UHaruki wankwiniza luloyiko, kodwa waqhubeka exhumaxhuma ukuya elunxwemeni. Wayengayinanzanga nakanye into yokuswela kwakhe umsila kuba wayeyifumene inkululeko yakhe. Kunanamhlanje, imivundla inemisila emifutshane, etyebileyo, njengoHaruki!



“Wow, it’s like one big party,” Kopano and Rea say.
 “Maybe your gift sings a loud song,” Mama says smiling.
 “Mhmm, we love loud songs,” the girls say.
 “Wow, ngathi lithako elithile elikhulu,” kutsho uKopano noRea.
 “Mhlawumbi isipho senu sicula ingoma evakala kakhulu,” atsho uMama encumile.
 “Mhmm, siyazithanda iingoma ezivakala kakhulu,” atshilo amantombazana.



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“Look,” Rea says to Kopano, “traditional clothes!”
 “Mhmm, do you think Auntie Boi bought us traditional clothes?” Kopano asks.
 “Khangela,” utsho uRea kuKopano, “izivatho zesithethe!”
 “Mhmm, ingaba ucinga ukuba uMakazi uBoi usithengele izivatho zesithethe?” abuze uKopano.

Auntie Boi’s gift

Isipho sikaMakazi uBoi

*Baeletsi Tsatsi
 Ndumiso Nyoni
 Bianca Wiesner*





“Look,” Kopano says to Rea, “so many fruits and vegetables.”

“Mhmm, do you think our gift tastes yummy?” Rea asks Kopano.

“Khangela,” kutsho uKopano kuRea, “ezingaka zona iziqhamo nemifuno.”

“Mhmm, ingaba utshi isipho sethu sinencasa naso?” uRea ubuza uKopano.



“We are here!” Mama says.

“Silapha!” utsho uMama.

Kopano and Rea are going to town for the first time ever!



UMama uthatha ifoto yamantombazana aze ayithumele kuMakazi uBoi.



“Khangela, kutsho uRea kuKopano, ‘‘izakhiwo eziphakame kangaka.’’
‘‘Mhmm, ucinga ukuba nesipho sethu siphakame kangaka Rea?’’ ubuza atsho uKopano.



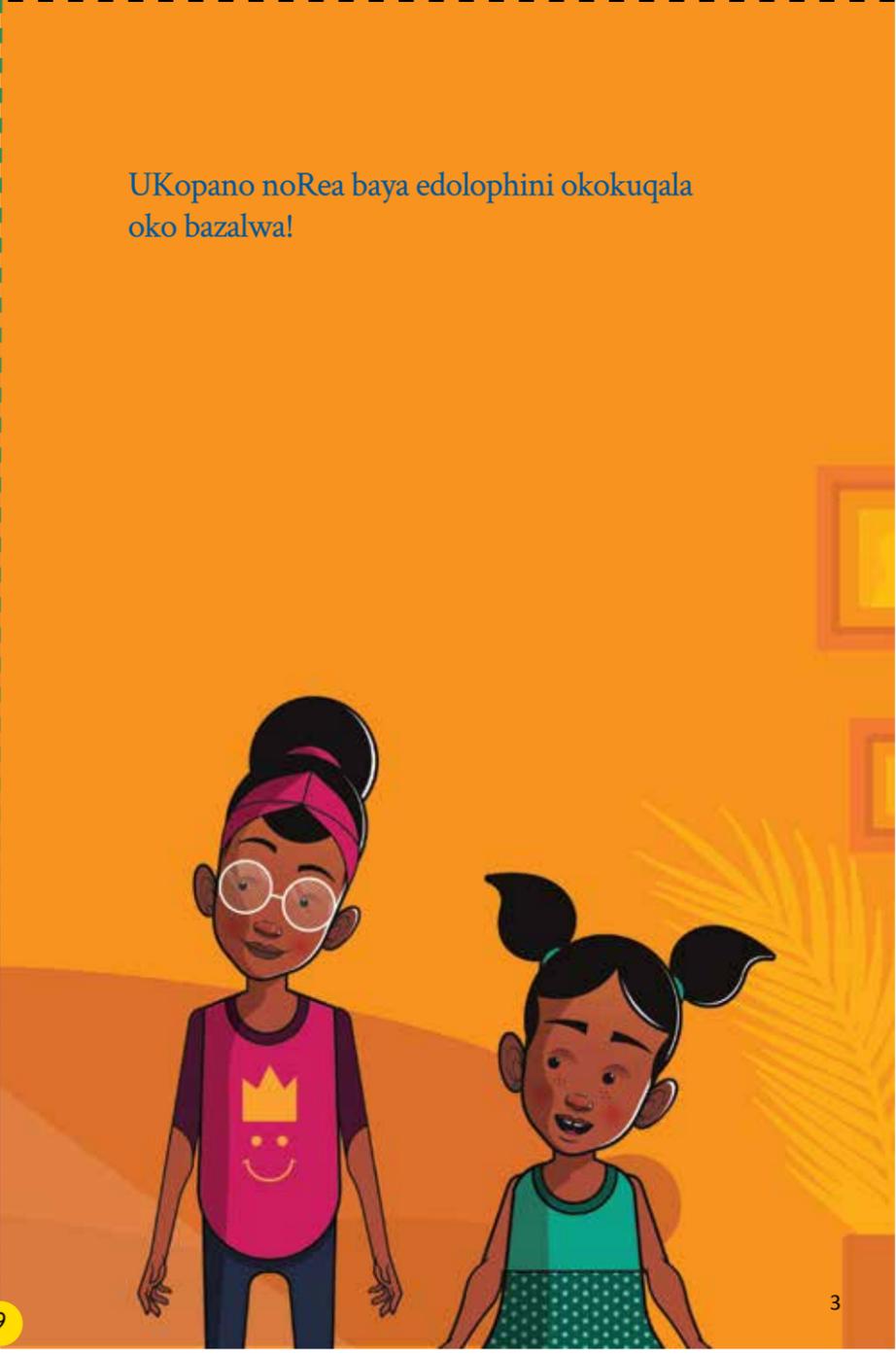
‘‘Look,’’ Rea says to Kopano, ‘‘so many tall buildings.’’
‘‘Mhmm, do you think our gift is tall too, Rea?’’ Kopano asks.

‘‘Do you think it’s tall like the buildings we saw?’’ Rea asks.
‘‘No,’’ Kopano says.
‘‘Do you think it tastes yummy like the fruit and veg we saw?’’ Rea asks.
‘‘No,’’ Kopano says.
‘‘It doesn’t make a loud noise like the speakers we passed.’’
‘‘And I don’t think it’s traditional clothes either,’’ Rea says.
‘‘Ucinga ukuba siphakame njengezakhiwo esizibonileyo?’’ uyabuza uRea.
‘‘Hayi,’’ atsho uKopano.
‘‘Ucinga ukuba sinencasa emnandi njengeziqhamo nemifuno esiyibonileyo?’’ uyabuza uRea.
‘‘Hayi,’’ atsho uKopano.



‘‘Kodwa andiqondi ukuba zizivatho zesithethe ezi,’’ utshilo uRea. 11

UKopano noRea baya edolophini okokuqala oko bazalwa!



Mama takes a picture of the girls and sends it to Auntie Boi.





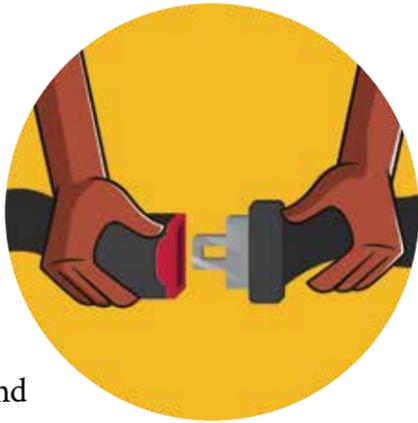
“The Nelson Mandela Bridge leads us into town,”
Mama says.

“Mhmm, Nelson Mandela Bridge,” Kopano says.

“Nelson Mandela Bridge isikhokelela edolophini,”
utsho uMama.

“Mhmm, iNelson Mandela Bridge,” aze
atsho uKopano.

“Remember to fasten your seatbelts,” Mama says.
“Auntie Boi has sent you girls a gift and we’re going to collect it at the big post office in town.”



“We can’t wait to see the gift, Mama,” the girls say, and off they go.



“Khumbulani ukubopha amabhanti enu ezitulo,” kutsho uMama.
“UMakazi uBoi uthumele nina mantombazana isipho ngoku silanda sona eposini enkulu edolophini.”

“Singxamele ukubona isipho, Mama,” atsho amantombazana, abe selehamba.



Kopano and Rea sit down right there on the floor of the post office and open the box.

UKopano noRea bahlala phantsi emgangathweni weofisi yeposi baze bavule ibhokisi!

“Those are Maasai dolls,” Mama says to the girls.
“Maasai dolls from Kenya,” Kopano says.
“We love these dolls!” Rea says.



“Ngonopopi beMaasai aba,” atsho uMama emantombazaneni.
“Oonopopi beMaasai baseKenya,” utshilo uKopano.
“Siyabathanda aba nopopi!” utshilo uRea.

“Well,” said Haruki boldly, not looking at all frightened, “I think it’s time for us kings to compare our kingdoms. First I will count all the crocodiles, and then you can count all the hares. Then we will be able to see which of us has the mightiest kingdom.”

The crocodile king could hardly believe his luck. He imagined the delicious feast he would have as soon as it was his turn to do the counting.

“Good idea,” he said softly, running his tongue slowly over his yellow, pointed teeth. Then he turned and waddled back into the river. Soon the water was churning, as a long row of crocodiles began lining up behind him in the river.

“Heke,” watsho ngokuziqhenya uHaruki, ekhangeleka engoyiki kwaphela, “Ndinga ukuba kufike ixesha lokuba thina zinkosi sithelkise ubukhosi bethu. Kugala, ndiza kuzibala zonke iingwenya, emva koko ungayibala yonke imivundla. Oku ke kuza kusenza sibone ukuba ingaba ngubani phakathi kwam nawe onobona bukhosi bukhulu.”

Inkosi yeengwenya yayingalikhohlelwa ithamsanqa elifumeneyo. Yayinomfanekiso ngqondweni wetheko lesidlo eyayiza kubda nalo xa sele ingumjikelelo wayo ekubaleni.

“Luluvo oluhle olo,” tsnilo ngelisebezayo, ihambisa ngokucocathayo ulwimi lwayo kuloo mazinyo ayo atyheli atsollo. Emva koko iphethukile yabhadazelela ngasemlanjeni. Emva koko amanzi azamazama, zaze iingwenya zakroza zenza umgca omde emva kwayo apha emlanjeni.



Long, long ago, hares had beautiful, long, fluffy white tails which they wagged whenever they felt happy or excited. At that time, all the hares lived on an island, separated from the mainland by a wide, foaming river. Though the hares knew how to swim, they could never reach the mainland, because in this river lived dozens and dozens of big, green, hungry crocodiles. These crocodiles loved nothing more than delicious hare for breakfast, lunch and supper. So every day all the mother hares told their little ones, “KEEP AWAY from the sandy banks! KEEP AWAY from the water! KEEP AWAY from those terrifying, hungry crocodiles!”

Kudala-dala, imivundla yayinemisila emide, emihle nemfumamfuma emhlophe neyayijiwuzisa xa ivuya okanye ichulumancile. Ngelo xesha, imivundla yayihlala esiqithini, esasahlulwe emhlabeni ngumlambo obanzi owawulephuza amagwebu. Nangona imivundla yayikwazi ukuqubha, yayingakwazi ukufikelela kwicala elinomhlaba onabantu, kuba kaloku kulo mlambo kwakuhlala inqwaba yeengwenya ezinkulu, eziluhlaza nezilambileyo. Akukho nto zaziyithanda kakhulu ukudlula umvundla njengesidlo sazo sakusasa, esasemini nesangokuhlwa ezi ngwenya. Ngoko ke, mihla le, oomama bemivundla babexelela amantshontsho abo ukuba, “BAHAMBELE KUDE kumanxweme esanti! BAHAMBELE KUDE emanzini! BAHAMBELE KUDE kwezo ngwenya zinoburhalarhume zilambileyo!”

Get story active!

Here are some activities for you to try. They are based on all the stories in this edition of the Na'ibali Supplement: *Haruki's tail* (pages 5, 6, 11 and 12), *Auntie Boi's gift* (pages 7 to 10) and *Vusi and Sinazo* (page 14).



Yenza ibali linike umdla!

Nantsi eminye imisetyenzana onokuyizama. Isekwe kuwo onke amabali olu papasho loHlelo lukaNa'ibali: *Umsila kaHaruki* (iphepha lesi-5, elesi-6, ele-11 nele-12), *Isipho sikaMakazi uBoi* (iphepha lesi-7 ukuya kwele-10) nelithi *UVusi noSinazo* (iphepha le-15).

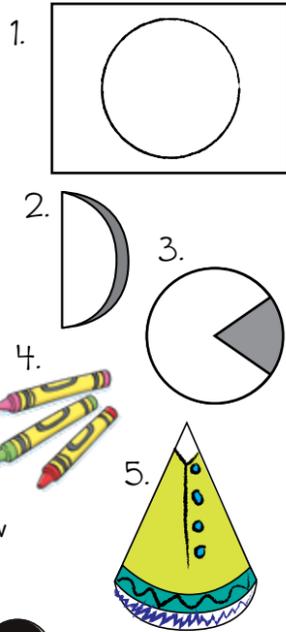
Auntie Boi's gift

★ Follow the instructions to make your own doll.

1. Draw a large circle on a sheet of A4 or A3 paper and then cut it out. (You can draw around a large pot lid to create a circle.)
2. Find the middle of the circle by folding it in half, and then in half again. Open out your circle and draw a dot in the middle of it.
3. Draw a triangular shape and then cut this out. Keep it.
4. Decorate one side of your circle shape to make your doll's clothes.
5. Fold it into a cone shape and glue the ends.
6. Cut a "head" out of the triangular shape you kept and draw a face and hair on it.
7. Glue the head onto your doll's body to complete it.

★ Write the SMS or WhatsApp conversation that Mama might have had with Auntie Boi when she sent her the photograph of the girls with their gifts.

★ Go to the library and/or use the internet to find out more about Kenya.



Isipho sikaMakazi uBoi

★ Landela imiyalelo ukuze wenze owakho unopopi.

1. Zoba isangqa esikhulu ephepheni lobukhulu beA4 okanye be-A3 usisike-ze-usikhuphe. (Ungazoba ujikeleze isiciko sembiza esikhulu ukuyila isangqa.)
2. Fumana isizikithi sesangqa ngokulisonga phakathi, uphinde ulisonge phakathi kwakhona. Vula isangqa sakho uze uzobe ichaphaza esizikithini saso.
3. Zoba imilo kanxantathu usike-ze-uyikhuphe. Yigcine.
4. Hombisa icala elinye lemilo yakho yesangqa ukuze wenze iimpahla zikanopopi wakho.
5. Yisonge ibe yimilo yebhumbulu uze unamathelise iziphelo ngeglu.
6. Sika-ze-ukhuphe "intloko" kwimilo engunxantathu obuyigcinile uze uzobe ubuso neenwele entla kwabo.
7. Namathelisa intloko ngeglu emzimbeni kanopopi wakho ukugqibezela.

★ Bhal incoko yeSMS okanye yeWhatsApp enokuba ibiphakathi kukaMama noMakazi uBoi xa ebethumela ifoto yamantombazana neziphu.

★ Yiya elayibrari futshi/okanye usebenzise i-intanethi ukufumanisa okuthe kratya ngeKenya.



Haruki's tail

With your children, draw pictures of Haruki and the crocodile he speaks to. Colour them in and attach them to long sticks to make puppets. Now retell the story together in your own way using the puppets.



Umsila kaHaruki

Wena nabantwana bakho, zobani imifanekiso kaHaruki nengwenya athetha nayo. Fakani imibala nize niyamathelise kwizinti ezinde ukuze nenze oonodoli abaziiphaphethi. Ngoku phindani nibalise ibali kunye ngendlela yenu ngokusebenzisa oonodoli abaziiphaphethi.

Vusi and Sinazo

★ Do your children have a pet? Or, do they wish they had a pet? Invite them to draw a picture of themselves with their pet and to write something about what makes this pet special below their picture.

★ In small groups, create a TV news show on how Domino and Fluffy saved Granny's vegetables. Let the news presenter read a short report on the evening news and then let a reporter interview some of the characters from the story to find out more about what happened.

UVusi noSinazo

★ Ingaba abantwana bakho banaso isilo-qabane? Okanye, ingaba banawo umnqweno wokuba nesilo-qabane? Bameme ukuba bazobe umfanekiso wabo nesilo-qabane sabo baze babhale okuthile malunga nezinto ezenza ukuba esi silo-qabane sabo sibe sesohlobo olulodwa ngezantsi komfanekiso wabo.

★ Nikumaqela amancinane, yilani umboniso weendaba zikamabonakude obonisa indlela uDomino noFluffy abakhuseka ngayo imifuno kaMakhulu. Umsasazi weendaba ufunda ingxelo emfutshane kwiindaba zokutshona kwelanga aze anike ithuba kwintatheli ukuba ibe nodliwano-ndlebe nabanye babalinganiswa abasebalini ukuze ifumane okuthe kratya ngento eyenzekayo.





Vusi and Sinazo



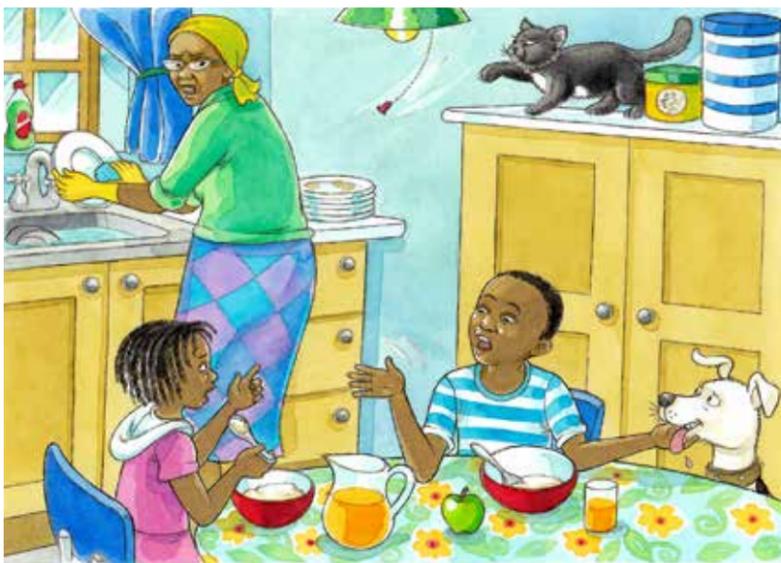
By Helen Brain ■ Illustrations by Jiggs Snaddon-Wood

Vusi loved his dog, Domino. Domino was white with three black spots on his back. Vusi's little sister, Sinazo, loved her cat, Fluffy. Fluffy was black with three white spots on her tummy.

"My dog is better than your cat," said Vusi one Sunday morning as the children were having breakfast. "Domino doesn't scratch me, or drink my milk and he never walks on my schoolbooks with muddy paws."

"Domino is very naughty," said Granny. "When you tell him to sit, he jumps around. When you tell him to jump, he sits down, and when you sit down, he jumps up and licks your face!"

"My cat is better than your dog," said Sinazo. "Fluffy does not lick my face nor steal my ice cream. Fluffy doesn't make a mess in the yard and she never barks."



"No need to fight," Granny told Vusi and Sinazo. "Now finish your breakfast and put Domino and Fluffy in the yard. Then wash your face, brush your teeth, comb your hair and put on your clothes for church."

Vusi took Domino into the yard. "Stay here," he said. Vusi ran back inside, but he forgot to shut the kitchen door. Domino followed him right back inside and quickly hid under Vusi's bed.

Sinazo took Fluffy into the yard. "Stay here," she said. Sinazo ran back inside, but she forgot to shut the bedroom window. Fluffy went right back inside. She jumped on top of the wardrobe and went to sleep.

The children washed their faces, brushed their teeth and combed their hair. Then they went into their bedroom to get dressed.

Sinazo was trying to reach her dress in the wardrobe. "Woof, woof, this is fun," barked Domino. He jumped up and licked Sinazo with his long red tongue.

"Go away, Domino!" she shouted.

Fluffy woke up. She looked over the edge of the wardrobe and saw Domino jumping on Sinazo. "Ssssss!" she hissed. "Get off her, or I will scratch you."

Just then Granny came marching down the passage. She was wearing her best dress, her smart shoes and her favourite hat. "What is going on in here?" she asked sternly, opening the door. "It is almost time to leave."

At that exact moment Fluffy leaped off the wardrobe and landed on Granny's head. And at that exact moment Domino tried to jump onto the wardrobe, but instead landed on Granny, knocking her over.

Granny was very cross. "You children won't be getting any chocolate after church today. Now put the animals in the yard and let's go to church," she said.

The children shut the animals in the yard and off they went to church. Domino went to sleep in the sun, but Fluffy climbed onto the roof of the house so that she could see far and wide. Suddenly she heard a soft, squeaky noise. Someone was trying to open the gate into Granny's vegetable garden! Fluffy looked over the edge of the roof and saw a bad man stealing Granny's medlies!

"Hooooowwwatcha!" Fluffy screeched, jumping right onto the man's head.

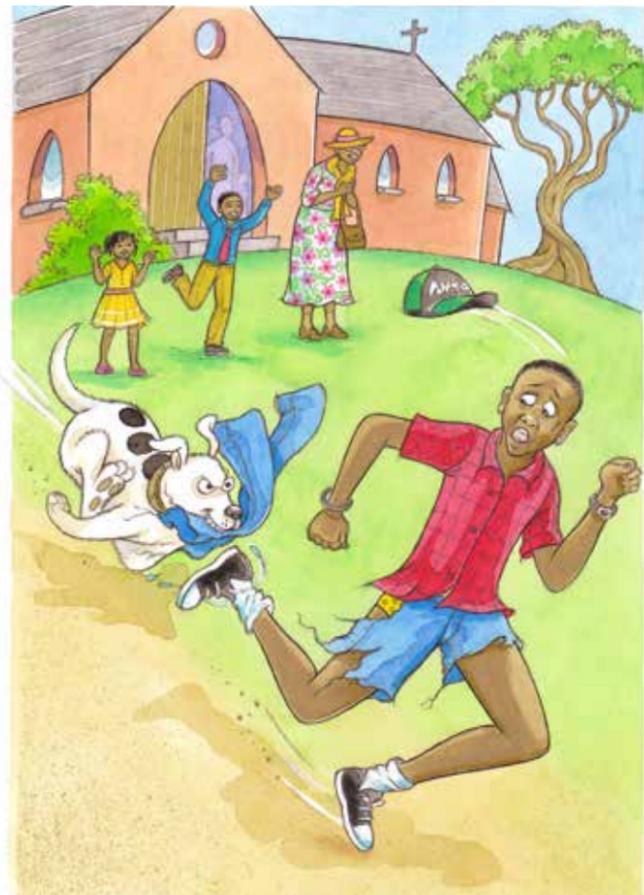
"Get off!" screamed the thief.

The noise woke up Domino. He came bounding around the corner. "Woof! Woof! Get out!" he barked.

"Get away from me!" yelled the thief. He jumped over the fence, but Domino was waiting for him. Domino grabbed the thief's trousers. He pulled and pulled, and growled and growled, and shook and shook. The thief was terrified.

"Let go!" he screamed, but then, *RRRRRRIIIIPPP!* The thief's trousers tore right off. He ran away – up the hill, past the church and all the way home.

Just then Vusi, Sinazo and Granny came out of church. They laughed when they saw a man running by with no trousers on. Then they saw Domino running after him with the man's trousers in his teeth.



"You are both very good animals," said Granny when they got home. "You saved my vegetables from that thief."

"Does that mean we get chocolate after all?" asked Vusi.

"Yes," said Granny. She bought them each a bar of peppermint chocolate. Then she bought a juicy bone for Domino and a tin of tasty fish for Fluffy.

The thief was so shy because everyone had seen him without his trousers on that he ran away to another town, and was never seen again.



UVusi noSinazo

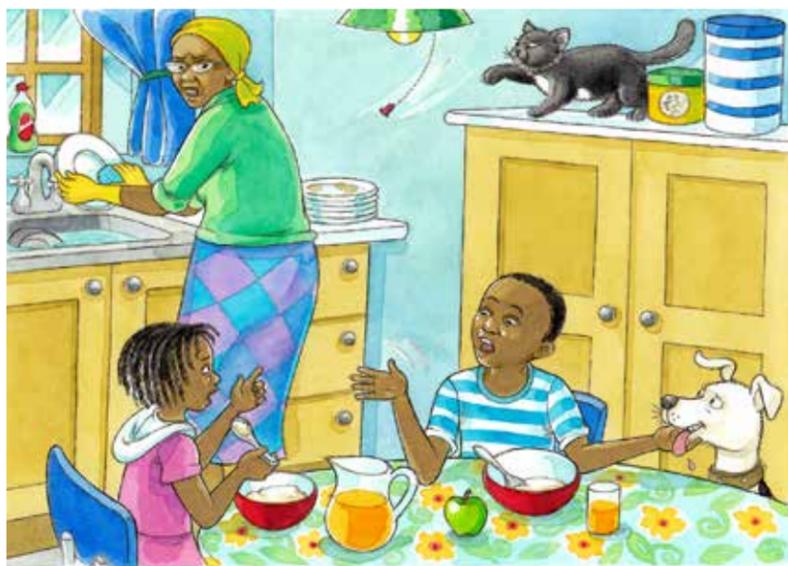
Libali likaHelen Brain ■ Imifanekiso izotywe nguJiggs Snaddon-Wood
 ■ Liguqulelwe esiXhoseni nguNobuntu Stengile

UVusi wayeyithanda kakhulu inja yakhe egama linguDomino. UDomino wayemhlophe enamabala amathathu amnyama emqolo. Udade boVusi omncinane uSinazo, yena wayethanda ikati yakhe, uFluffy. UFluffy wayemnyama enamabala amathathu amhlophe esiswini sakhe.

"Inja yam ingcono kunekati yakho," watsho uVusi ngenye intsasa yangeCawe xa aba bantwana babesidla isidlo sakusasa. "UDomino akandikwempi okanye asele ubisi lwam kwaye akazange anyatthele iincwadi zam zesikolo ngeenyawo ezinodaka."

"UDomino akeva," watsho uMakhulu. "Xa umxelela ukuba ahlale phantsi, usuka atsibatsibe, ejikeleza yonke indawo. Xa usithi makatsibe, usuka ahlale phantsi, uze xa uhlala phantsi, akutsibele akukhothe ebusweni!"

"Ikati yam ingcono kunenja yakho," utshilo uSinazo. "UFluffy akandikhothe ebusweni okanye abe i-ayiskhrim yam. UFluffy akangcolisi ebaleni kwaye akakhonkothi."



"Akukho mfuneko yokulwa," uMakhulu utshilo kuVusi nakuSinazo. "Gqibani isidlo senu sakusasa ngoku nize ningenise uDomino noFluffy eyadini. Emva koko nihlambe ubuso, nixukuxa, nikame iinwele zenu, nize ninxibe iimpahla zenu zecawe."

UVusi wathatha uDomino wamngenisa eyadini. "Hlala apha," utshilo. UVusi wabaleka wangena ngaphakathi endlwini, kodwa walibala ukuvala ucango lwasekhishini. UDomino wamlandela wangena endlwini waza wazimela phantsi kwebhedhi kaVusi.

USinazo wathatha uFluffy wamngenisa eyadini. "Hlala apha," utshilo. USinazo wabaleka wangena ngaphakathi endlwini, kodwa walibala ukuvala ifestile yegumbi lakhe lokulala. UFluffy wabuyela ngaphakathi. Watsiba, wakhwela phezu kwekhabhathi yempahla, waza walala.

Abantwana bahlamba ubuso, baxukuxa, bakama neenwele zabo. Emva koko baya kwigumbi labo lokulala baya kunxiba.

USinazo wayezama ukothula ilokhwe yakhe ekhabhathini yempahla. "Hawu, hawu, akusemnandi," kukhonkothi uDomino. Watsiba, wakhotha uSinazo ngolo lwimi lwakhe lude lubomvu.

"Phuma, Domino!" wamngxolisa.

UFluffy wavuka. Wakroba ekoneni yekhabhathi waza wabona uDomino etsibela uSinazo. "Sssssss!" wafutha. "Suka kuye, okanye ndiza kukukwempa."

Kanye ngaloo mzuzu uMakhulu wangena esihla ngepaseji. Wayenxibe eyona lokhwe yakhe intle, izihlangu ezihle kunye nowona mnqwazi wakhe awuthandayo. "Kuqhubeka ntoni apha?" wabuza ngqongqo, evula umnyango. "Kulixesha lokuba sihambe ngoku."

Kanye ngaloo mzuzu uFluffy wenza owenkawu umtsi watsibela entloko kuMakhulu. Kuthe kwangaxesha nye uDomino wazama ukuxhumela phezulu ekhabhathini yempahla, kodwa suka watsibela kuMakhulu, wamwisa phantsi.

UMakhulu wayenomsindo kakhulu. "Nina bantwanandini anisayi kufumana itshokholethi ukuphuma kwecawe namhlanje. Thathani ezi zilwanyana ngoku nizikhuphe phandle, ze siye ecaweni," utshilo.

Abantwana bavalela izilwanyana ngaphandle baza baya ecaweni. UDomino walala elangeni, kodwa yena uFluffy wagwencela eluphahleni lwendlu ukuze abone iindawo ezikude. Ngephanyazo weva ingxolo evakalela ezantsi, netswinayo. Kwakukho umntu owayezama ukuvula isango lesitya semifuno sikaMakhulu! UFluffy wakroba ekoneni yophahla waza wabona indoda elisela isiba umbona kaMakhulu!

"Thaaathaaaaaphaaa!" watsho ngesikhalo esihlabayo uFluffy, etsibela entloko kule ndoda.

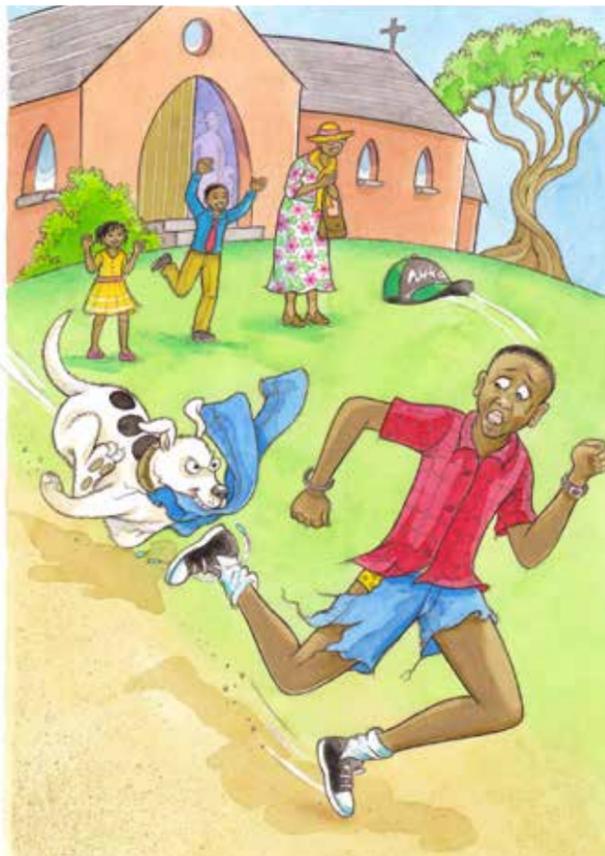
"Suka kum!" lakhala isela.

Loo ngxolo yavusa uDomino. Weza egaba ukujikela ikona. "Hawu! Hawu! Phuma!" wakhonkothi.

"Ndiyekeni!" lakhala isela. Latsiba ucingo, kodwa uDomino wayelilindile. UDomino wathi nqaku ibhulukhwe yesela. Wayitsala, wayitsala, egramama nokugramama njalo waze walidlikidla nokulidlikidla. Isela lalisoyika kakhulu.

"Ndiyeke!" lakhala, kodwa kusenjalo, *KKKKRRREEE!* Ibhulukhwe yesela yakrazuka yonke. Labaleka lemka – lanyuka induli isela, ladlula ecaweni labaleka lagoduka.

Kanye ngaloo mzuzu, uVusi, uSinazo noMakhulu babephuma ecaweni. Bahleka xa bebona indoda ibaleka igqotsile, inganxibanga bhulukhwe. Emva koko, babona uDomino eyisukela erhuqa ibhulukhwe yaloo ndoda ngamazinyo.



"Nizizilwanyana ezilungileyo nobabini," watsho uMakhulu xa befika ekhaya. "Niyikhusele imifuno yam kwelaa sela."

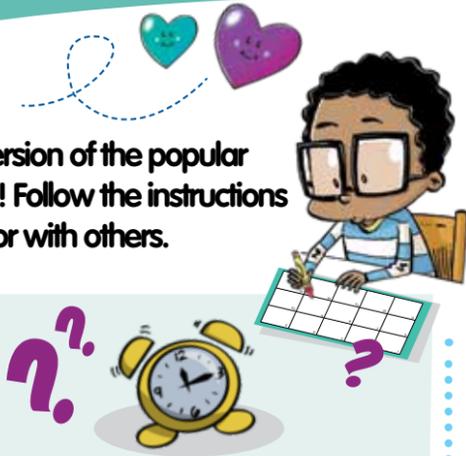
"Ingaba oko kuthetha ukuba siza kuyifumana itshokholethi?" wabuza uVusi.

"Ewe," watsho uMakhulu. Wathengela umntwana ngamnye itshokholethi yeminti. Wathengela uDomino ithambo elinencindi emnandi, waza uFluffy yena wafumana inkonxa yentlanzi enencasa.

Isela lalinentloni kakhulu kuba wonke umtu elibone ngaphandle kwebhulukhwe yalo laza labalekela kwenye idoluphu, alaphinda libonwe kwakhona.

Nal'ibali fun

Here is a special Africa Day version of the popular game, bingo, for you to enjoy! Follow the instructions below to play it on your own or with others.



Okokuzonwabisa kwakwaNal'ibali

Nalu uguqulelo olulodwa lomdlalo woSuku lweAfrika othandwa kakhulu, ibingo, ukuze uwonwabele! Landela imiyalelo engezantsi ukuze uwudlale wedwa okanye unabanye.

You will need:

- 🎯 the bingo questions
- 🎯 a copy of the bingo grid
- 🎯 a pen or pencil

On your own

1. Use a stopwatch as a timer. (Most cellphones have a stopwatch.)
2. Time yourself to see how quickly you can answer all the questions. Choose the answers from the box and write them in the correct blocks on the grid.
3. Once you have finished, check your answers with the ones on page 2 to see how many you got right!

In a group

1. Work with a partner.
2. Together answer all the questions. Choose the answers from the box and write them in the correct blocks on the grid.
3. As each pair finishes, they shout out, "Bingo!"
4. Once everyone has finished, swap with another pair and check the answers with the ones on page 2 to see how many are right! Shout out, "Bingo!" if all the answers you were checking are correct.

Uya kudinga:

- 🎯 imibuzo yebingo
- 🎯 ikopi yegridi yebingo
- 🎯 ipeni okanye ipensile

Uwedwa

1. Sebenzisa iwotshi enqumamisayo njengomgcini-xesha. (Iiselfowuni ezininzi zineewotshi ezinqumamisayo.)
2. Zibekela ixesha ujonge ukuba ungayiphendula msinyane kangakanani yonke imibuzo. Khetha iimpindulo ebhokisini uze uzibhale kwiibloko ezichanekileyo kwigridi.
3. Wakuba ugqibile, thelekisa iimpindulo zakho nezo zikwiphepha lesi-2 ukuze ubone ukuba zingaphi ozichanileyo!

Eqeleni

1. Sebenza nomlingane.
2. Nikunye phendulani yonke imibuzo. Khetha iimpindulo ebhokisini uze uzibhale kwiibloko ezichanekileyo kwigridi.
3. Xa isibini ngasinye sigqiba, bayakhwaza bathi, "Bingo!"
4. Akuba wonke umntu egqibile, tshintshanani nesinye isibini nize nithelekise iimpindulo nezo zikwiphepha lesi-2 ukuze nibone ukuba zingaphi ezichanekileyo! Khwaza uthi, "Bingo!" ukuba zonke iimpindulo obuzithelekisa zichanekile.

Questions

1. How many countries are there in Africa?
2. Which country has the largest land area?
3. Which country has the most people living in it?
4. How many different languages are spoken across Africa?
5. What is the highest mountain in Africa?
6. What is the longest river in Africa?
7. What is Africa's newest country?
8. What is the biggest desert in Africa?
9. What is Africa's largest land animal?
10. How many years ago did people in Africa first write books?
11. In which country was the world's first heart transplant done?
12. What is the name of the biggest waterfall in Africa?
13. Which country still uses the world's oldest and longest alphabet?
14. What is Africa's tallest animal?
15. Which country in Africa has one of the oldest universities in the world?



Imibuzo

1. Mangaphi amazwe aseAfrika?
2. Leliphi ilizwe elinowona mhlaba mkhulu?
3. Leliphi ilizwe elinabona bantu baninzi bahlala kulo?
4. Zingaphi iilwimi ezahluka-hlukileyo ezithethwa kwiAfrika iphelele?
5. Yeyiphi eyona ntaba iphakamileyo eAfrika?
6. Ngowuphi owona mlambo mde eAfrika?
7. Leliphi elona lizwe litsha eAfrika?
8. Yeyiphi eyona ntlango inkulu eAfrika?
9. Sesiphi esona silo sikhulu sasemhlabeni eAfrika?
10. Yiminyaka emingaphi edlulileyo apho abantu baqala ukubhala iincwadi eAfrika?
11. Kukweliphi ilizwe apho kwenziwa ukufakelwa kwentliziyo okokuqala ehlabathini?
12. Yintoni igama leyona ngxangxasi inkulu eAfrika?
13. Leliphi ilizwe elisasebenzisa eyona alfabhethi indala neyona inde?
14. Sesiphi esona silo side eAfrika?
15. Leliphi ilizwe eAfrika elinezona yunivesithi zindala ehlabathini?

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.

Choose from these answers:

About 2 000	Elephant	Mali	South Africa
800	Ethiopia	Nigeria	South Sudan
55	Giraffe	Nile	Victoria Falls
Algeria	Kilimanjaro	Sahara	

Khetha kwezi mpindulo:

Malunga nama-2 000	iKhilimanjaro	iNdlovu	iSahara
Ama-800	iMali	iNdulamathi	iTopiya
Ama-55	uMzantsi Afrika	iNijeriya	iVictoria Falls
iAljeriya	uMzantsi Sudan	iNile	

Nal'ibali is here to motivate and support you. Contact us by calling our call centre on 02 11 80 40 80, or in any of these ways:

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